

TAWAS HERALD.

PATTERSON & SCHERMERHORN, Publishers.

Vol. XIII.

TAWAS CITY, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, AUGUST 21, 1896.

No. 34.

EAST TAWAS.

Banquet lamp shades only 98 cents at Hanson's Bazaar.

If you want white bread use the "White Satin" flour.

W. A. Sempliner returned from Detroit Sunday evening.

Mrs. Wm. Dennis, of Lapeer, is visiting friends in this city.

Miss Gertie Evans went to Bay City, yesterday to visit relatives.

Tom Warren went to Detroit, Wednesday to visit relatives and friends.

The circus last Friday was very liberally patronized, considering the hard times.

Miss Florence Oaks returned Sunday evening on the Michigan, from a visit at Detroit.

Mrs. Meeker and daughter Mable, of Bay City, are the guests of relatives in this city.

The finest line of wall paper ever shown in Tawas, now on hand at King's Furniture store.

George Sedgeman and sister Miss Ella, left Wednesday for a visit with relatives at Port Huron.

Mrs. Fox and Mrs. Jos. Dimmick, were called to Bay City, Monday by the death of Mrs. F.'s father.

The families of Samuel Anker and A. E. Sharpe, are enjoying a few days camping at Ottawa Point.

A. G. Emery returned Monday from a trip to Black River, where he had his photograph tent located.

Men's straw hats at about $\frac{1}{2}$ their value to close.

C. H. PRESCOTT & SONS.

The steamer, State of Michigan, brought in a very sea sick lot of passengers last Sunday. The officers report it the roughest trip of the season.

"Absolam Plotting Rebellion" is subject for the Christian Science meeting at Lowe's hall at 10:30 next Sunday morning. The public is most cordially invited to attend these meetings.

We have just received an elegant line of banquet, vase and sewing lamps. They are exceedingly handsome and cheap.

HANSON'S BAZAAR.

Last Saturday afternoon the Tawas Cycling club enjoyed a run over the path to Ottawa Point. Before starting F. F. French was appointed commissary officer and given the lunch baskets, but owing to some misunderstanding only went as far as the ice houses, and after waiting until dark for the cyclists to arrive he returned home. Some time afterwards a very hungry lot of ladies and gentlemen captured his home and caused him much uneasiness as to where his Sunday dinner was to come from. However he made them welcome and all report a pleasant time notwithstanding the lateness of their supper.

Monday we will place on sale 2000 yards 4-4 unbleached cotton worth 6 cents for $4\frac{1}{2}$ cents.

C. H. PRESCOTT & SONS.

BOAT TIME.

Boats leave C. H. Prescott & Sons' dock, Tawas City as follows:

NORTH.

Arundell—Monday, Wednesday, Friday 5:15 p. m.

Faxton—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, 6:15 p. m.

Pilgrim and Douglass—Wednesday, and Friday, 12:00 midnight.

SOUTH.

Arundell—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, 12:15 p. m.

Faxton—Monday, Wednesday, Friday, 11:15 p. m.

Pilgrim and Douglass—Sunday, Tuesday, 7:00 a. m.

Standard time.

A Silver Letter.

Some hot Shot from James Collins, of Alpena.

James Collins the well known attorney and ex-editor, of Alpena, writes the following to the Detroit Press under the date of August 12:

In discussing the issues of this campaign passion and prejudice should not be substituted for reason. All good citizens are equally interested in the country's welfare. When a question of such vital importance as that of national currency is under consideration, we should at least concede to our opponents the right to differ from us in opinion.

The issue of this campaign can be briefly stated. The Republicans declare substantially, in their St. Louis platform, that the present "gold standard" shall be continued in this country until silver shall be recognized as a "legal tender money of the world" by international agreement.

The Democrats, in their Chicago platform, declare in language equally plain and emphatic, that we have had already too much "gold standard" in this country and that the "free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver" at the present legal ratio shall be restored, without asking Great Britain's permission. Thus the issue between the two great parties is fairly joined.

The Republicans' position is that gold alone shall constitute the sum total of the nation's primary money. (Or until we can obtain Europe's consent to use silver.) "Primary" means "full legal tender."

The Democrats' position is that our primary money shall consist of both gold and silver, as it did for eighty years in this country prior to 1873, and that Great Britain or Europe shall not even be consulted on the matter. Europe's interests are not our interests. If the United States must be guided by the counsel and example of Europe—if we are to adopt the European plan of government in this country—we should abolish our republic, and establish a monarchy in its stead.

As Europe has an absolute monopoly of the world's supply of gold it is to her interests, of course, that the United States shall adopt the "gold standard." But, as America (including Mexico and South and Central America), produces 75 per cent of the world's silver while European nations are the world's greatest consumers it is to this country's interests to open the mints to both metals as they were prior to 1873. By adopting free coinage of both gold and silver the democrats propose to double the volume of our nation's primary money and compel European nations to pay double the present price for American silver bullion, and thereby revive business and promote prosperity in this country, without waiting for Europe's consent.

The United States is England's greatest commercial rival: and any policy that promises to contribute to this country's prosperity will, as a matter of business, be vigorously opposed by England and her American agents. Any national policy suggested by England or Europe for this country ought to be examined with great caution by Americans before adopting it.

"Free and unlimited coinage means that our mints shall be re-opened to the coinage of silver, as they are now open to the coinage of gold." It means that the famous act of 1873 closing the mints against silver, and all subsequent acts restricting the coinage of silver and discriminating in favor of gold, shall be unconditionally repealed.

Democrats cannot find any warrant in the fundamental laws of this country for demonetizing either gold or silver, and they deny that congress has any legal or moral right to discriminate against gold or silver as a primary money metal. Republicans answer this with brass bands, tooting of tin horns and other patriotic noises.

We doubt the sincerity of many of our opponents. As the perpetrators of the acts of '73 did not offer at that

time any defense of the "gold standard," but denied it, as vigorously as Peter cented Christ, it is only through extreme politeness that we can patiently listen to their alleged defense of the gold standard to-day. For many campaigns after '73 they proclaimed in their national platforms that gold and silver shall be the nation's primary money—and then as usual talked tariff during the remainder of each campaign—and never until the issue was forced upon them did they venture to remove their mask.

Why were our mints closed against the free coinage of silver in 1873? Was it to save the United States from being a dumping ground for the "pauper silver of Europe?" Not at all. Europe never had any silver to spare. The amount of silver consumed by Europe, according to mint reports, for coinage purposes, averages \$32,000,000 a year, and about as much more was consumed in the arts and for other purposes. Europe's consumption of silver is more than double the European supply.

The world's supply of silver for 1893 (as shown by the mint report of June 24 1894) was \$208,371,000. Of this amount the United States produced \$77,575,700; Mexico \$57,373,600; Canada \$321,400; South and Central American states \$25,044,700, making America's total production \$160,317,400, and the total production of the remainder of the world but \$48,053,600. And of this, the amount actually produced by all of Europe combined, was but \$19,155,000. England's production of silver is less than two mills on the dollar of the total production. Why then should Americans allow England to dictate the price of silver?

Even since the suspension of silver coinage by the Latin union (France, Belgium, Switzerland, Italy and Greece) the average consumption of silver for the coinage purposes by those countries, for the three years, 1891, 1892 and 1893, was for each year \$143,000,000, and their annual average consumption of silver in the arts for the same years, was \$27,000,000, making a total annual consumption of silver by the Latin union, of \$170,000,000, of which only \$48,053,600, are produced annually in all the countries of the world combined, outside of America. As seems to be shown by these figures, Americans are the producers, but not the consumers of silver. Europe has no silver to sell or to give away.

From the same authority we learn that Europe is compelled by necessity to buy from Americans \$122,000,000 worth of silver for coinage purposes every year, and must pay the price for it that is fixed by our American congress. For forty years prior to 1873, Europe had to pay Americans \$1.29 an ounce, and upwards, for silver. Today our silver bullion is about 60 cents an ounce.

Under free coinage, at 16 to 1, in this country, Europe must again pay Americans one ounce of gold for 16 ounces of silver. It is only since European statesmen prevailed upon our American congress to close our own mints against our own silver, that Europe could buy 30 ounces of American silver for one ounce of gold. He would be a dull schoolboy who could not understand why Europe is in favor of maintaining the gold standard in America, and why gold and silver are now 30 to 1, in favor of Europe.

"International bimetalism" means two things. It means (1) that our supply of primary money shall remain contracted and scarce, and that Americans' debts shall continue increasing, until England graciously consents to afford us relief. It means (2) that our mints shall remain closed against the free coinage of silver.

The constitution says, congress shall have the power to coin money and to regulate its value. The republican party says, congress has no such power, without England's permission. This is where we differ with the republican party in this campaign.

We cannot comprehend the reasoning of Americans who contend that the financial policy of this country shall be dictated by England. We believe in the "Monroe Doctrine," the democratic doctrine of "America for Americans." We believe in American independence and American freedom from the further dictation and thralldom of England, in the administration of this government.

CALUMET
CALUMET BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE

PURITY STRENGTH
BAKING POWDER

PERFECTION IN QUALITY - MODERATION IN PRICE
SOLD ONLY IN CANS - GUARANTEED.

THOS. VOWLES

Invites his old Customers and All Others to Purchase their supply of

MEAT, VEGETABLES, CANED GOODS, ETC.

at his Old Stand on Lake Street. A Complete Stock always on hand.

Cash Paid for all Kinds of Farm Produce!

THOS. VOWLES.

TAWAS CITY, - - MICHIGAN.

C. E. WILCOX,

DEALER IN

Steel Range	Cook Stoves	Heating Stoves	Union Churns
Sash	Doors	Nails	Glass Knobs
Locks	Hinges	Paints	Oils Varnish
Plows	Cultivators	Springtooth	Harrows
Planters	Jump	Plows	Pumps
Seed	Drills	Caldron	Kittles
Gasoline	Rope	Pipe	
Tin and Sheet	Iron Work		

CROWN BICYCLES

TIN SHOP.

TAWAS CITY, - - MICHIGAN

NOTICE!

Farmers are requested not to bring in new wheat until about August 15, and be sure that it is then thoroughly dry, as we do not wish to purchase wheat until its in proper condition to be ground.

F. W. SCHLECHTE & SON

✦ Daisy Roller Mills ✦

Tawas City,

Michigan

You can Save 25 cents on the Dollar by Buying at Friedman's !

TAWAS HERALD.

Published Every Friday, at

Tawas City, Michigan

LEN. J. PATTERSON, } PUBLISHERS.
ED. D. SCHERMERHORN. }

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Democratic State Convention.

TO THE DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN: The democrats of Michigan will meet in state convention in the city of Bay City, on Tuesday, the 25th day of August, 1896, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of nominating party candidates for the following state officers: Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Attorney-General, Commissioner of State Land Office, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Member of State Board of Education.

The convention will also nominate two Presidential Electors-at-large and two Alternate Presidential Electors-at-large, and like candidates for each of the twelve congressional districts of the state; and it will transact such other business as may come before it.

According to the rule adopted by the Democratic State Convention held in Detroit in 1890, and since followed, every county in the state is entitled to one delegate to the state convention for each five hundred votes cast for Governor at the last general election, and one additional delegate for a fraction of not less than two hundred and fifty votes. But each county is entitled to at least two delegates. All delegates must be residents of the counties which they represent.

The delegates from each congressional district will meet in caucus at 10 o'clock a. m. on the morning of August 25, at quarters to be hereafter designated by the State Central Committee, and select candidates for the recommendation to the convention, candidates for presidential elector and alternate elector, and persons for service upon the several committees of the convention. Each district will be entitled to one vice-president of the convention, one assistant secretary and one member each of the committee on credentials, permanent organization and order of business and resolutions.

In compliance with the resolution adopted by the State Central Committee, the secretary of each county convention is urged to forward to the secretary of the State Central Committee at Detroit, by the earliest mail after the delegates to the state convention be chosen, a certified list of such delegates as are entitled to seats in the state convention from their respective counties.

The democratic party invites all friends of the principles enunciated by the party in its national platform, and of the candidates nominated at the Chicago convention, and all men who have participated in the achievement of the great victories of the democratic party or who desire to share in the democratic triumph of this year, to participate in the election of delegates to this convention.

G. WALTER MEADE, FRED A. BAKER,
Secretary. Chairman.

WE would suggest the name of John R. Carr, of Cass county, for the position of attorney general on the democratic ticket. Mr. Carr is one of the ablest and best known attorneys of southwestern Michigan, and would lend much strength to the ticket.

THE Petoskey Independent Democrat puts forward the name of Hon. W. L. Churchill, of Alpena, as a candidate for state treasurer on the democratic ticket. The HERALD supports the nomination with both hands. The democrats of Michigan can find no stronger or better man for this responsible position.

Herr Leuschner, a privy councillor and a member of the Purssion state council, said: "I hope America will accept the free coinage law. It will take from England all her Asiatic trade, all the trade of the silver countries. There are 800,000,000 of people who use silver money only; the first great commercial power which adopts silver will get their trade. As it looks now America will be that country. England, when she sees herself losing that trade, will introduce silver coinage, and Germany will follow suit. All it needs is for one country to start the ball rolling.—*Detroit News, March 2, 1892.*"

Effect of Free Coinage.

William J. Strong, of Chicago, president of the Cook County Silver League, in discussing the free coinage of silver says:

The boggy men the goldbugs are holding up to frighten the people so that they will not vote for free silver are:

First: The panic that will ensue if free coinage wins at the polls.

Answer. No panic ever came when it was expected; being anticipated, it will not come.

Boggy man No. 2: America will be the dumping ground of all the silver of the world.

Answer: We will suppose that a Mexican is willing to pay the freight on \$1,000 worth of silver bullion. He brings it to our mint and we coin it into American dollars free of charge and hand it back to him 1,000 shining dollars. When he gets them into his grip the first thing he thinks is: "What shall I do with these? Shall

I ship them back to Mexico and pay the freight? No! that won't do, for I can't use them in Mexico as legal tender money, for under Mexican law they are not legal tender. I can't sell them in Mexico for two Mexican dollars, as I could when the United States was on a gold basis, for the United States does not now promise to keep its silver dollars at parity with gold, but exercises its option to redeem in either silver or gold. I can't do anything with this money in Mexico, so I must spend it in the United States.

"I must buy American cloth, American boots and shoes, American hats American manufactures of every kind and ship them to Mexico. I can't afford to ship the silver back, for it is not worth as much in Mexico as the Mexican dollar, because there is not quite as much silver in it. I know this is rather mean to make the Americans take silver dollars for their stuff, but they were foolish enough to pass a free coinage law, and they can't blame me for taking advantage of it."

So he buys a lot of American goods. It is too bad, for if other nations which have silver should do the same thing it would force our manufacturers to open their factories again and commence making goods to supply the demand. This would in turn, force the manufacturer to hire men and women. The railroads would be compelled to hire more men to operate their roads in order to transport the goods to the seaboard for shipment to other countries. The manufactories and railroads would use so much more coal that the coal mines would have to hire more men to dig coal. These coal-miners and railroad men, and the men who have been put to work in the manufactories would all buy clothes, and the supplies of every-day life.

They would also have to buy groceries and meat and flour, and somebody would have to make these clothes and raise the cattle to supply this demand for meat. Someone would have to slaughter it, and new butcher-shops would have to be opened. Someone would necessarily have to raise and thresh the wheat and corn, and millers would have to grind it, and all this would put more men to work. New furniture would be wanted. The merchants would require more clerks to wait on their customers, and the coal-miners, the railroads, the manufacturers and the millers would be compelled to hire more book-keepers to keep the accounts of this enormous new business that had been forced on our country, and all on account of our lunacy and foolishness in opening our mints to the free coinage of silver.—*Saginaw News.*

We Have no Fault to Find.

There is always humor in a political campaign, and one of the really amusing arguments in the present contest is deduced by the single standard advocates from the "demonetization" of American silver by Canadians. For years the silver coins of this country have circulated at their face value along the frontier. Lately a number of Canadian banks have declined to accept these coins except at a discount. This has fired the single standard men to a white heat of fervid oratory, and they point to this fact as one of the results that would follow the free and unlimited coinage of silver. As a matter of fact, the refusal of the Canadian banks to accept American silver coins is a sad commentary upon the republican declaration that every dollar in our monetary system is now maintained at a parity with gold in the markets of the world. This is one of the favorite phrases of the Hon. Wm. McKinley. Canadians are refusing to accept American silver because the present silver dollar is not an honest dollar. It purports to be something which it is not. It claims to be worth more than it is. It consists of 53 cents in actual worth and 47 cents fiat. Under the free coinage of silver the dollar would be worth just what it pretends to be, and the Canadian banks along the border would have no excuse for declining to receive it at its face value.

Nevertheless there is no reason why the American people should worry over the Canadian refusal to use our silver. We can use it ourselves, and the Canadians are only reducing their own per capita circulation. The Canadians have always depended to a certain extent on American money to increase their circulation. If they wish to contract that circulation, the American people are not the sufferers and there is no necessity for anybody's worrying himself sick because the Canadian bankers discount the present silver dollar to which the republican party is pointing with so much pride.—*Evening News.*

SHOES! SHOES!

Now is the time to buy your Shoes while they are going cheap.

I am still selling shoes at a lower price than ever before. I am bound to reduce my stock, and to do so am offering Bargains in Everything in my store.

A few more pair of those Ladies' Oxfords worth \$1.25 to \$1.75 at .75 cents. Mens' Plow Shoes \$1.19. Mens' fine Shoes \$1.19.

Call and see my Goods and be convinced that they are cheaper than any other place.

Take notice of the following:

On Thursday, Friday and Saturday, of next week I will offer every pair of Men's, Boys', Women's, and Children's Tan Shoes at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Do not miss this sale.

Geo. W. Mount.

YEARS OF INTENSE PAIN.

Dr. J. H. Watts, druggist and physician, Humboldt, Neb., who suffered with heart disease for four years, trying every remedy and all treatments known to himself and fellow-practitioners; believes that heart disease is curable. He writes:

"I wish to tell what your valuable medicine has done for me. For four years I had heart disease of the very worst kind. Several physicians I consulted, said it was Rheumatism of the Heart.



DR. J. H. WATTS.

It was almost unendurable; with shortness of breath, palpitations severe pains, unable to sleep, especially on the left side. No pen can describe my sufferings, particularly during the last months of those four weary years. I finally tried Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and was surprised at the result. It put new life into and made a new man of me. I have not had a symptom of trouble since and I am satisfied your medicine has cured me for I have now enjoyed, since taking it

Three Years of Splendid Health.

I might add that I am a druggist and have sold and recommended your Heart Cure, for I know what it has done for me and only wish I could state more clearly my suffering then and the good health I now enjoy. Your Nerve and other remedies also give excellent satisfaction." J. H. Watts, Humboldt, Neb., May 9, '94.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at \$1.00 bottles for \$5, or it will be sent prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

LIVERY AND

Sale Stable.

Horses for sale, or exchanged for live stock.

First class rigs all ready on short notice.

RATES REASONABLE.

C. JOHNSON,

Tawas City, Michigan

JAS. LABERGE,

The leading Boot and Shoe house of East Tawas, again calls your attention to the great bargains offered at his store. Every purchase made of us is a stepping stone nearer the goal. Every transaction is a bargain, therefore a money saving investment. Low prices coupled with big values, is the combination that wins your trade in our elegant assortment of spring and summer novelties, consisting of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Slippers, Rubbers, Overshoes, Etc. There is a telling something about our goods that places assurance uppermost in your minds. You know you have the quality; You know you have the style and you know you have the right price. This is what we strive to give you. This is what we do give you.

JAMES LABERGE, East Tawas.

GEO. S. DARLING,

Dealer in Drugs and Medicines.

Toilet Soaps, Perfumery, Shoulder Braces, and All Kinds of Druggists' Sundries.

Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Compounded, and Orders answered with care and dispatch. The public will find our stock of Drugs and Medicines Complete.

P. EVERTZ SHORE BOAT

DEALER IN

Furniture, Sewing Machines, Window Shades, Etc., Etc., Etc.

A complete line constantly in stock and sold at Lowest Living Prices.

UNDERTAKING

In all branches given Prompt and Careful Attention.

P. EVERTZ,

Cor. Lake & Mathew Sts. Tawas City, Mich.

THE FAST IRON

STR. ARUNDELL

—FOR—

AUSABLE, OSCODA, HARRISVILLE and ALPENA.

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 5:15 p. m. For

POINT LOOKOUT, BAY CITY AND SAGINAW.

Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12:15 p. m. Connecting at Bay City with all our going evening trains.

J. M. WALKER, Agent.

WANTED—AN IDEA. Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,800 prize offer.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try "White Satin" flour.

Republican ward caucuses Monday evening.

Subscribe for the HERALD, only \$1 er year.

Cheap prices are still ruling at Prescott's.

Al Hagley, of Omer, was in the city yesterday.

"White Satin" is the most popular flour on the market.

George Wakeman, of Whittemore, was in the city yesterday.

M. E. Friedman left yesterday for New York to purchase fall goods.

Prescott sells the largest piece of plug tobacco in the world for 10 cents.

Senator G. A. Prescott returned Wednesday evening from a business trip.

J. F. LaClear, book keeper at the hoop mill arrived last Saturday from St. Louis.

Oak Leaf, Atlas, Queen Anne and Jaxon soap seven bars for 25 cents at Prescott's.

L. I. Halsey was up from Standish and spent Sunday and Monday with his family.

Hon. R. O. Crump, of West Bay City, was in the city Saturday looking after his fences.

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Vogleie, of Maple Ridge, were in the city the fore part of this week.

The weather crop bulletin issued Tuesday says corn in the state promises an enormous yield.

"The duty and joy of church membership," is the topic for the C. E. meeting next Sunday evening.

All mens, ladies and childrens russet shoes at 1/4 off to close.

C. H. PRESCOTT & SONS.

League devotional Sunday evening at 6.30. Subject "Christ's Reproof to Thomas." You are cordially invited.

James Patterson arrived Tuesday from Cassopolis, and joined his family here, where he will hereafter make his residence.

Charles and Miss Hattie Oliver, of Saginaw, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Thomas, of Tawas township.

Rev. V. V. Nicholas, and Mr. and Mrs. John Kennedy, of Bay City, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Nisbet of this city.

Misses Anna Johnson and Minnie Cogger, took their departure for Detroit Wednesday, after spending several weeks with relatives here.

ALL warm weather goods at prices below zero to close out. Now is a good time to buy.

C. H. PRESCOTT & SONS.

The "White Satin" flour, manufactured by the Daisy Roller mills, of this city is the best on the market. Use it once and you will have no other.

The republican county convention to elect delegate to the congressional, senatorial and representative conventions is called to meet in this city next Tuesday.

The Junior League give a "Cobweb Social" this, Friday, evening at the home of Rev. Schofield. Refreshments served. Come and have a good time, for a dime.

J. M. Waterbury, with A. E. Sharpe, of East Tawas, and C. R. Henry, of AuSable, have been before the state board of equalization at Lansing, this week in the interests of Iosco county.

Dr. G. S. Darling expects to sow 40 acres of fall wheat this season, and proposes to make a thorough test as to the best time of sowing. He commenced by sowing the first 12 acres Aug. 20. The Dr. will soon have one of the finest farms in the county as he is continually making improvements.

C. V. Hicks, Oscoda, Pianos, Organs and Bicycles.

Sheriff Cox went to Bay City on business Wednesday.

The best family pork only 6 cents per pound at Prescott's.

Mrs. Charles Nilims is visiting relatives in Sanilac county.

Orlando Elliott succeeds Miss Anna Kehoe as deputy postmaster.

Teacher's examination is being held at the school house today and tomorrow.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Martin, of Wilber, on Wednesday last a son.

Miss Bertha Stephenson, of Urbana O., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. A. Jahraus.

Mrs. N. G. McPhee went to Bay City, yesterday for a visit with relatives and friends.

Miss Mamie Waterbury returned Saturday from an extended visit with relatives at Ithica.

Ladies collars and cuffs, newest styles at prices to please.

C. H. PRESCOTT & SONS.

Miss Maggie Murphy returned Saturday from Pinconning where she has been attending the summer normal.

Mrs. L. I. Halsey and son Winfield returned last Friday from a several month's visit in the southern part of the state.

A. W. Lowe, of this city announces himself as a candidate for the nomination of register of deeds on the democratic ticket.

Shirt waists at 1/4 off. Summer vests 10, 12 1/2 and 15 cents. Cheaper than ever offered.

C. H. PRESCOTT & SONS.

The Steamer Arundell will make a rate of one fare for the round trip from Tawas City to Bay City, that is \$1.25 for the round trip good going Tuesday, Aug. 25 and return Friday, Aug. 28, on account of the Democratic convention.

M. G. Daniel, a native of Persia, will speak in the Presbyterian church on Sunday night. Mr. Daniel is a student preparing to go back to his native land as missionary. He will wear the Persian costume and give a thrilling account of life in the Orient. Do not fail to hear him.

The Gazette says: "R. O. Crump present congressman and congressman to be, is in the city." Now that the prophet (?) has spoken, we suppose, the democrats may as well save the trouble and expense of calling a convention, and that Mr. Defoe may as well go home and attend to his law business. Rats!

Thomas Hopper, engineer of engine No. 17, while blowing steam into the sleeping compartments of a boarding car, with a hose attached to the dome of his engine met with a very painful accident at this place Sunday morning. The hose became detached and the escaping steam burned Mr. Hopper on the arm and side. He also has a gash over the right eye and a severe cut under the arm, the result of a piece of tubing striking him.—Omer Progress.

McClures Magazine for September will contain a paper on Dr. W. T. G. Morton, the discoverer of anesthesia, by his wife. Dr. Morton's discovery established painless surgery, and Mrs. Morton's paper is the intimate personal history of a heroic battle for a new idea. It has special interest at this time, because in October there is to be a public jubilee in honor of Dr. Morton's priceless service to humanity. The paper will be fully illustrated.

An exchange sent out the following sum: "How much dirt in a hole four feet wide, four feet deep and four feet long?" That's easy. A hole is a cavity, a cavity is a hollow and a hollow is empty, hence there is no dirt in an empty, hollow cavity hole. That reminds us of the Irishman boring post holes, when a gentleman said: "Pat, you are digging post holes, eh?" Pat replied: "No sir, be jabbers, oim digging out the dirt and leaving the holes."

C. V. Hicks, Oscoda, Pianos, Organs and Bicycles.

Prof. F. F. Stephenson is again in the city.

Old newspapers five cents a dozen at this office.

The pay car gladdened the hearts of the R. R. boys Tuesday.

Don't forget, the cheapest place to buy groceries is at Prescott's.

C. H. Prescott & Sons put a fine new delivery wagon on the route this week.

The Congregational Sunday school is holding a picnic at Ottawa Point today.

The teacher's institute for Iosco county opens in this city one week from next Monday.

A stock yard is being built near the car shops for the accomodation of those shipping stock.

Born, to the wife of Nelson Ullman, of Tawas township, on Thursday of this week, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Lowe, rejoice over the arrival of a young daughter at their home Tuesday morning.

Clate Davis and Ern Walker returned Sunday evening on the Michigan from a week's visit in southern Michigan and northern Ohio.

Try our celebrated Eagle cheese. This is a strictly full cream cheese. A mild sweet flavor and a nice thing to go with apple pie.

C. H. PRESCOTT & SONS.

Rev. and Mrs. Schermerhorn, Mrs. W. D. Graham, Misses Grace Gilbert, Nettie Darling, Effie Graham and Chattie Schermerhorn are camping at Ottawa point.

An effort is being made to arrange horse race and some bicycle races to be held September 15, the day of the horse race between the Armstrong, Miner and King horses. Further announcement will be made next week.

J. F. Downing, has leased the Perry blacksmith shop near Vine postoffice and is prepared to do all kinds of work in a first class manner. He will also continue to do building and carpenter work as heretofore. Mr. D. is a fine mechanic and all who employ him can rest assured that their work will be done right.

Estray Notice.

There came into my enclosure on or about Aug. 16, 1896, a small red cow. The owner is requested to call and prove property and pay for advertisement. GEORGE BROWN, Tawas City.

Farmers Institute.

Kenyon L. Butterfield, superintendent of the state farmers institutes will be at the court house in Tawas City, on Friday, Aug. 28, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of making arrangements for next winter's meeting of the Iosco county institute society. All officers of said society are requested to be present.

G. C. ANSCHUTZ, Secy.

The Dessert

for to-day? Don't give it a thought—further than to order it from your grocer. Give your husband and the boys a treat after their own hearts—a mince pie, fruit cake, or a fruit pudding. To have the perfection of mince pie or fruit pudding, order

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

Ready for use in twenty minutes. Always fresh, delicious and wholesome. Cleanliness and the best grade of materials are first considerations in its manufacture. Sold everywhere. Take no substitutes. A 10c. package makes two large pies. Send your address, naming this paper, and we will send you free a book, "Mrs. Poppkin's Thanksgiving," by one of the most popular humorous writers of the day.

BERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N. Y.

C. V. Hicks, Oscoda, Pianos, Organs and Bicycles.



Each day Groceries are FALLING in Price!

Our aim is to keep fresh goods and offer them at the Lowest margin of profit, so as to keep all goods in our line moving.

6 Cans of Good Corn for 25 cents at HAMILTON'S.

He keeps the best

The well known firm of **GEO. KOENIG,**

Has become a household word because the people appreciate his fine

Stock of Groceries,

And the liberality of his prices for the same. If you want the very best and finest, be sure and call on

Geo. Koenig,

He also keeps a complete line of Candies, Bazaar Goods, Toys of all kinds.

Geo. Koenig,

Tawas City, Michigan.

NEIGHBORING NOTES.

ALABASTER.

Herb Gates is on the sick list.
Barge Wolf loaded rock Monday.
Ben Slingerland is reported sick.
The barge Narraganset loaded rock Saturday.

Miss Hattie McLennon returned home Saturday.

Miss Ida Fitzgibbons is the guest of her sister Mrs. H. Gates.

Mrs. Lyman McAuliff is the guest of Mrs. B. F. Llingerland.

Miss Ida L. Amiot is spending a week at Tawas with friends and schoolmates.

Miss Jennie Taggart, of Saginaw, is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Taggart.

Mrs. Steber, of Saginaw, who has been visiting friends here returned home Thursday.

Willie, the little son of Mr. James McCone is very sick, the attending physician pronounces it a case of blood poison.

Elmer and Spencer Mielstrup, of West Bay City are visiting their grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. Anderson of this place.

Miss Madge Thurgood, of Saginaw, who has been visiting here returned home last Thursday, accompanied by Miss Mae White who will visit friends at Bay City.

ANON.

WHITTEMORE.

Fish are scarce.
Every one is hustling.

Mr. Witzel shipped a car load of cattle this week.

We are going to have a grist mill if that will get one.

Dr. Trask is going to take in the excursion to Cincinnati.

The K. O. T. M. society of this place give a harvest dance tonight.

The social given by the C. E. society was a success, so every one said.

Mr. and Mrs. Burch along with others are camping out at the lake north of here.

Prof. F. F. Stephenson has been paying Supt. J. A. Campbell and others a visit. We hope he had a good time.

Last Friday, August 14, saw our town decorated. Stars and stripes were floating about the town and from every place of business, the people gathered to see the noon train come in and the martial band playing, and why? All because Burleigh township had won in the Burleigh and Gordon case. As the train bearing the witnesses and Mr. and Mrs. Gordon paused at the station it lingered to see the excitement. Three cheers went up for the jury, the came for the witnesses and finally it was decided that the people of Burleigh township celebrate the 14th of August every year. While all this was taking place a rag man hung by the neck on the liberty pole. To end the drama the train pulled out and the people went to their several places feasting on happiness.

WHO R. U.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

The Gould saw mill at Saginaw was burned Saturday night: Loss \$15,000.

The tenth district republican congressional convention has been called to meet at Cheboygan, Aug. 27.

The Michigan annual conference of the African M. E. church will convene in Ann Arbor, August 26. Bishop Arnett, of Xenia, O., will preside.

Millions of ants struck Harrison, Monday night, and the ground and sidewalk was black with them Tuesday morning. Where the pests came from was a mystery.

Lind brothers, of Lindwood, were offered \$1,500 by the D. & M. for the right of way through their property, but held out for \$2,500. The jury awarded them \$851.

W. E. Edgerton, highway commissioner of Maple River township, is languishing in the county jail at Harbor Springs, in default of payment of a \$220 judgment recently rendered against him.

The supervisors of Newago county, after a thorough investigation, found \$3,600 of the county's cash unaccounted for. No accounts were kept in the county offices worth mentioning, and the records are in bad shape.

The Bay View summer assembly near Petoskey ended on Wednesday, after a successful session of a month. Though the number of resorters at Bay View was smaller than usual the assembly attendance and receipts did not suffer.

The 17th annual reunion of the soldiers and sailors association of Northern Michigan will meet at Grayling the 26th and 28th inst. Grayling is making arrangements to give the "old boys" a glorious reception and a good time is assured all attending.

Rev. Fr. Matkowski, of the fighting St Stanislaus church, Bay City, has gone away on a vacation. The church will remain closed till he returns, though it is

said a Polish assistant at St. James will minister to the flock.

Acting Postmaster-General Craig has issued an order debaring the German Mead Co., of Bay City, from the use of the mails. This company offered money prizes aggregating \$100 to purchasers of their mead, but upon investigation were found not to be living up to the offer, hence the order above stated.

The logs put in the Augres river the past year have nearly all been rafted out and brought to this city, and when the last raft is taken out this year the AuGres boom company will practically go out of business, and what few logs go down the stream in the future will be handled by the owners.—Bay City Times Press.

The Swedish band from East Tawas, came up Tuesday and gave a dance that evening in the McKay opera house, at which time there was a large attendance. The band is a large one, there being 19 pieces in it. Wednesday morning, after playing several pieces on our streets, the band left for home on the steamer Faxton.—Oscoda Press.

On April 3 the commissioner of insurance, at Lansing, notified the Farmers' Mutual Ins. Co. of this county to cease issuing policies after 60 days. The notice was superfluous, for the company was practically out of business any way. Petition is now on file for the appointment of a receiver at the next term of court. The company has some debts and some uncollected assets of doubtful value.—Alcona Co. Review.

Mrs. Cuckler, of Beaver township, Bay county, is a new woman, and no mistake. About a week ago August Slinck lost \$116 in cash, and his nephew, Carl, disappeared. Saturday morning as Mrs. Cuckler was driving to town, she saw Carl walking in the road. She jumped from her wagon, caught him and forced him to accompany her to Bay City, where she turned him over to the jail officers. Carl had the \$116 in his pockets.

Natural gas has been discovered on E. O. Avery's farm near Atlanta. The boys were cleaning some land when they noticed the water in the swamp boil up and also a smell of gas. A match was touched to the water and the gas flashed up. They then sunk a pipe about 18 feet, made a burner of a cartridge shell, protected it with a tin pail and lighted it. It burned with a steady flame and has now been lighted for three weeks.

Choose Your Flag.

The issue of the campaign is clearly marked at last. On one side stands Wm. McKinley demanding the gold standard. On the other is Wm. J. Bryan demanding that gold and silver shall be treated with equality at the mints and make legal tender for every public and private debt.

On one side Wm. McKinley, standing for the scarcest, dearest money; the avarice of usurers dares devise; for the contraction of the currency; for the payment of gold where coin was promised; for the seizure of two dollars where one was loaned—two dollars with double interest; for fresh bond issues; for the continued robbery of the government; for shrinking prices; for falling wages; for persistent panics; for mortgage foreclosures; for the sale of a million homes by the sheriff; for the ruin of the farmer to build up the land king's estate; for the crushing of the small dealer and the little factory to make room for the great monopolist, for the rule of the bond holders; the rule of the money lenders; the rule of the heartless syndicates; the rule of receivers and assignees; for poorer paupers; for richer millionaires; for the bankruptcy of America and Americans that a few Heidelberg and Ickleheimers may roll deeper in the oily fatness of wealth.

On the other side, Wm. J. Bryan, backed by no syndicates; no corporations; no bankers' leagues; no coteries of admiring ringsters and monopolists. Pleading not for the aristocracy, but for the plain common people; urging not the claims of coupon clippers, but the rights of honest men; insisting that when this government promises coin and has the coin it shall not sell bonds to buy gold; demanding that each dollar of public or private debt shall be paid by one dollar with interest, and by nothing more; that the dollars shall be provided sufficient for the greatest, busiest nation of the earth; and that they shall be honest dollars, which cannot be cornered and locked up in the vaults of any monetary trust. He stands for abundant money; for the destruc-

tion of classes; for the dethronement of the dictators; for the coinage of honest cash with which honest debts may be paid. He stands for the advance of prices, the abolition of panics, the revival of industry, the return of prosperity to the land where the curse of war has not fallen, not the fear of famine nor the blight of pestilence, yet where strong men kneel before the closed gates of idle factories and beg in vain for one little hour of work—the land where white-faced women and sobbing children are hungering and starving in the very midst of the grandest harvests God ever gave mankind.

The lines are drawn. Choose your leader. March as you will with the ragged hosts of silver or the steel fronted phalanx of gold. But choose; and choosing fight like men. On to the conflict—crush under foot the cursed cowards who cringe between the lines. And for those base traitors who claim our cause yet for their selfish purposes would breed dissension in our ranks and divide our forces in the front of the enemy—let theirs be the traitors doom.—Cheboygan Democrat.

BUSINESS CARDS.

TAWAS CITY HOUSE

THOS. VOWLES, PROP.
First-class Accommodation for Farmers and Teams. Located in the Curry Building, on Lake Street, BAR IN CONNECTION.
TAWAS CITY, MICH.

DENTIST
DR. J. H. BOITZ, D. D. S.
Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College. Office next door to Emery's Photo. Gallery EAST TAWAS, MICH.
Gas, Ether Chloroform and a local Anesthetic given for the painless extraction of teeth. Plates made that will fit. Prices moderate.

G. S. Darling, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office at Drug store on Lake St. Calls promptly attended to.
TAWAS CITY, MICH.

BAYSIDE HOUSE.
A. G. VAN WEY Prop.
Centrally located. Best of accommodation. Reasonable rates.
TAWAS CITY, MICH.

JOSEPH BOOMER
Wishes to announce that he is prepared to do all kinds of
MASON WORK
In a Workmanlike Manner and on short notice by the day or job.
TAWAS CITY, MICH.

EDWARD WEZIOSCKI.
Merchant Tailor.
Tawas City, Mich.
All kinds of Repairing done on short notice. Try me. If work don't give satisfaction you don't have to pay a cent.
SHOP NEAR POSTOFFICE BRIDGE



THE SAGINAW WEEKLY NEWS
Is sent to any address for 75 cents a year. This price includes any of its premiums. Complete telegraphic news service. Reliable foreign and local markets. Full accounts of all local happenings. A correspondent in every town in this section.
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TAWAS CITY BANK

—OF—

Whittemore & Pinney.

We do a general banking business, paying special attention to collections. We have a prosperous

Savings Department.

We pay four per cent interest upon savings accounts.

Whittemore & Pinney.

Michigan Mining School.

A high-grade state technical school. Practical work. Elective system. Summer course. Gives degrees of S. B., E. M., and Ph. D. Laboratories shops, mill, etc., well equipped. For catalogue address M. E. WADSWORTH, Ph. D., Director HOUGHTON, MICHIGAN.

Examination Schedule.

Regular August 20, 21 and 22, 1896, at Tawas City for all grades of teachers' certificates. Regular October 15 and 16, 1896, at AuSable, for certificates of the second and third grades only. Candidates for admission to the Agricultural College may take their entrance examination at either of the above examinations.
J. K. OSGERBY, Co. Com. of Schools.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE, GRAYLING, Mich.
July 9, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before County Clerk at Tawas City, Mich., on Sept. 19, 1896, viz. George W. Smith against application No. 9635 for the W. 1/2 of S. E. 1/4 of section 1, T. 22 N. range 3 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Wm. Maxwell, of East Tawas, Mich.
Wm. Dickison, of East Tawas, Mich.
Howard Carnes, of East Tawas, Mich.
Malcom Mathews, of East Tawas, Mich.
JOSEPH PATTERSON, Register.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the circuit court for the county of Iosco in favor of Selig Solomon against the goods and chattels and real estate of Robert Merrick in said county to me directed and delivered, I did on the 26th day of December A. D. 1895 levy upon and take all the right title and interest of the said Robert Merrick in and to the following described real estate, that is to say—
A piece of land in block 18, East Tawas described as follows, to wit—commencing on the northwest corner of said block 18 East Tawas, thence south on the east line of Newman Street, sixty-three and one-half feet, thence easterly one hundred and ten-two feet, thence northerly and parallel with Newman Street to the northeast corner of lot No. 4 block 18, thence westerly along State Street to place of beginning.
Also water lot on south side of Bay Street, East Tawas, being four rods wide along Bay Street and being opposite lots No. 2 and 3 of block 1 of East Tawas, and extending from Bay Street to Tawas Bay.
Also the contract interest of said Robert Merrick in and to the south half of the southeast quarter of section 25 of town number 22, north of range six east, Iosco county.
Also the undivided one-half of lots number 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, block 4 and all of blocks 7 and 12 of Scheffler's addition to Tawas City, all of which I shall expose for sale at Public Auction or vendue to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court House in Tawas City, Iosco county, that being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said county, on the 12 day of September, A. D. 1896, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day, or so much of said property as shall be sufficient to satisfy the amount of said execution and costs to date.
THOMAS P. JOX,
Sheriff of Iosco County.

Dated July 8th, 1896.



MADE ME A MAN
AJAX TABLETS
Positively CURE ALL Nervous Diseases, Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by Self-Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. Quickly and surely restore lost vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement, and effects a CURE WHERE ALL OTHERS FAIL. Insist upon having the genuine AJAX TABLETS. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price.
FOR FREE PAMPHLET ADDRESS
JAX REMEDY CO., 79 CARBORN ST., CHICAGO, ILL.
—FOR SALE BY—
G. S. Darling, Tawas City.



The Detroit and Cleveland STEAM NAV. CO.
The Coast Line.
Greatest Transportation Company on the Great Lakes.
Palace Steamer, City of Alpena. Low Rates. Quick Time.
For Mackinaw, St. Ignace, Cheboygan, Alpena, Sand Beach, Port Huron, Detroit, and all points north and east.
Leave Oscoda going north, Tuesday 3:30 p. m. and Friday 11:15 p. m. Leave Oscoda, going south, Wednesday 8:45 p. m. and Sunday 3:30 a. m. Between Detroit and Cleveland daily (except Sunday) 11:00 p. m.
Special Sunday night trips during June, July, August and September. Through tickets to all points and baggage checked to destination.
Special routes and rates furnished on application. Send for our illustrated pamphlet.
A. R. WEIR, A. A. SCHANTZ, Agents, Gen. Pass. Agent, Oscoda, Mich., Detroit, Mich.

Detroit & Mackinac R'y

TIME TABLE NO. 32.

Taking effect Sunday, June 21, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon.

TRAINS SOUTH.		TRAINS NORTH.	
No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4
Leaves	Leaves	Leaves	Leaves
10:40	10:40	8:05	8:05
11:00	11:00	8:25	8:25
11:20	11:20	8:45	8:45
11:40	11:40	9:05	9:05
12:00	12:00	9:25	9:25
12:20	12:20	9:45	9:45
12:40	12:40	10:05	10:05
1:00	1:00	10:25	10:25
1:20	1:20	10:45	10:45
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2:00	2:00	11:25	11:25
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5:40	5:40	3:05	3:05
6:00	6:00	3:25	3:25
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8:20	8:20	5:45	

TAWAS HERALD.

PATTERSON & SCHERMERHORN, Publishers.

Vol. XIII.

TAWAS CITY, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, AUGUST 21, 1896.

No. 34.

EAST TAWAS.

Banquet lamp shades only 98 cents at Hanson's Bazaar.

If you want white bread use the "White Satin" flour.

W. A. Sempliner returned from Detroit Sunday evening.

Mrs. Wm. Dennis, of Lapeer, is visiting friends in this city.

Miss Gertie Evans went to Bay City, yesterday to visit relatives.

Tom Warren went to Detroit, Wednesday to visit relatives and friends.

The circus last Friday was very liberally patronized, considering the hard times.

Miss Florence Oaks returned Sunday evening on the Michigan, from a visit at Detroit.

Mrs. Meeker and daughter Mable, of Bay City, are the guests of relatives in this city.

The finest line of wall paper over shown in Tawas, now on hand at King's Furniture store.

George Sedgeman and sister Miss Ella, left Wednesday for a visit with relatives at Port Huron.

Mrs. Fox and Mrs. Jos. Dimmick, were called to Bay City, Monday by the death of Mrs. F.'s father.

The families of Samuel Anker and A. E. Sharpe, are enjoying a few days camping at Ottawa Point.

A. G. Emery returned Monday from a trip to Black River, where he had his photograph tent located.

Men's straw hats at about $\frac{1}{3}$ their value to close.

C. H. PRESCOTT & SONS.

The steamer, State of Michigan, brought in a very sea sick lot of passengers last Sunday. The officers report it the roughest trip of the season.

"Absalom Plotting Rebellion" is subject for the Christian Science meeting at Lowe's hall at 10:30 next Sunday morning. The public is most cordially invited to attend these meetings.

We have just received an elegant line of banquet, vase and sewing lamps. They are exceedingly handsome and cheap.

HANSON'S BAZAAR.

Last Saturday afternoon the Tawas Cycling club enjoyed a run over the path to Ottawa Point. Before starting F. F. French was appointed commissary officer and given the lunch baskets, but owing to some misunderstanding only went as far as the ice houses, and after waiting until dark for the cyclists to arrive he returned home. Some time afterwards a very hungry lot of ladies and gentlemen captured his home and caused him much uneasiness as to where his Sunday dinner was to come from. However he made them welcome and all report a pleasant time notwithstanding the lateness of their supper.

Monday we will place on sale 2000 yards 4-4 unbleached cotton worth 6 cents for $4\frac{1}{2}$ cents.

C. H. PRESCOTT & SONS.

BOAT TIME.

Boats leave C. H. Prescott & Sons' dock, Tawas City as follows:

NORTH.

Arundell—Monday, Wednesday, Friday 5:15 p. m.

Faxton—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, 6:15 p. m.

Pilgrim and Douglass—Wednesday, and Friday, 12:00 midnight.

SOUTH.

Arundell—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, 12:15 p. m.

Faxton—Monday, Wednesday, Friday, 11:15 p. m.

Pilgrim and Douglas—Sunday, Tuesday, 7:00 a. m.

Standard time.

A Silver Letter.

Some hot Shot from James Collins, of Alpena.

James Collins the well known attorney and ex-editor, of Alpena, writes the following to the Detroit Press under the date of August 12:

In discussing the issues of this campaign passion and prejudice should not be substituted for reason. All good citizens are equally interested in the country's welfare. When a question of such vital importance as that of national currency is under consideration, we should at least concede to our opponents the right to differ from us in opinion.

The issue of this campaign can be briefly stated. The Republicans declare substantially, in their St. Louis platform, that the present "gold standard" shall be continued in this country until silver shall be recognized as a "legal tender money of the world" by international agreement.

The Democrats, in their Chicago platform, declare in language equally plain and emphatic, that we have had already too much "gold standard" in this country and that the "free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver" at the present legal ratio shall be restored, without asking Great Britain's permission. Thus the issue between the two great parties is fairly joined.

The Republicans' position is that gold alone shall constitute the sum total of the nation's primary money. (Or until we can obtain Europe's consent to use silver.) "Primary" means "full legal tender."

The Democrats' position is that our primary money shall consist of both gold and silver, as it did for eighty years in this country prior to 1873, and that Great Britain or Europe shall not even be consulted on the matter. Europe's interests are not our interests. If the United States must be guided by the counsel and example of Europe—if we are to adopt the European plan of government in this country—we should abolish our republic, and establish a monarchy in its stead.

As Europe has an absolute monopoly of the world's supply of gold it is to her interests, of course, that the United States shall adopt the "gold standard." But, as America (including Mexico and South and Central America), produces 75 per cent of the world's silver while European nations are the world's greatest consumers it is to this country's interests to open the mints to both metals as they were prior to 1873. By adopting free coinage of both gold and silver the democrats propose to double the volume of our nation's primary money and compel European nations to pay double the present price for American silver bullion, and thereby revive business and promote prosperity in this country, without waiting for Europe's consent.

The United States is England's greatest commercial rival; and any policy that promises to contribute to this country's prosperity will, as a matter of business, be vigorously opposed by England and her American agents. Any national policy suggested by England or Europe for this country ought to be examined with great caution by Americans before adopting it.

"Free and unlimited coinage means that our mints shall be re-opened to the coinage of silver, as they are now open to the coinage of gold." It means that the famous act of 1873 closing the mints against silver, and all subsequent acts restricting the coinage of silver and discriminating in favor of gold, shall be unconditionally repealed.

Democrats cannot find any warrant in the fundamental laws of this country for demonetizing either gold or silver, and they deny that congress has any legal or moral right to discriminate against gold or silver as a primary money metal. Republicans answer this with brass bands, tooting of tin horns and other patriotic noises.

We doubt the sincerity of many of our opponents. As the perpetrators of the acts of '73 did not offer at that

time any defense of the "gold standard," but denied it, as vigorously as Peter denied Christ, it is only through extreme politeness that we can patiently listen to their alleged defense of the gold standard to-day. For many campaigns after '73 they proclaimed in their national platforms that gold and silver shall be the nation's primary money—and then as usual talked tariff during the remainder of each campaign—and never until the issue was forced upon them did they venture to remove their mask.

Why were our mints closed against the free coinage of silver in 1873? Was it to save the United States from being a dumping ground for the "pauper silver of Europe?" Not at all. Europe never had any silver to spare. The amount of silver consumed by Europe, according to mint reports, for coinage purposes, averages \$32,000,000 a year, and about as much more was consumed in the arts and for other purposes. Europe's consumption of silver is more than double the European supply.

The world's supply of silver for 1893 (as shown by the mint report of June 24 1894) was \$208,371,000. Of this amount the United States produced \$77,575,700; Mexico \$57,373,600; Canada \$321,400; South and Central American states \$25,044,700, making America's total production \$160,317,400; and the total production of the remainder of the world but \$48,053,600. And of this, the amount actually produced by all of Europe combined, was but \$19,155,000. England's production of silver is less than two mills on the dollar of the total production. Why then should Americans allow England to dictate the price of silver?

Even since the suspension of silver coinage by the Latin union (France, Belgium, Switzerland, Italy and Greece) the average consumption of silver for the coinage purposes by those countries, for the three years, 1891, 1892 and 1893, was for each year \$143,000,000, and their annual average consumption of silver in the arts for the same years, was \$27,000,000, making a total annual consumption of silver by the Latin union, of \$170,000,000, of which only \$48,053,600, are produced annually in all the countries of the world combined, outside of America. As seems to be shown by these figures, Americans are the producers, but not the consumers of silver. Europe has no silver to sell or to give away.

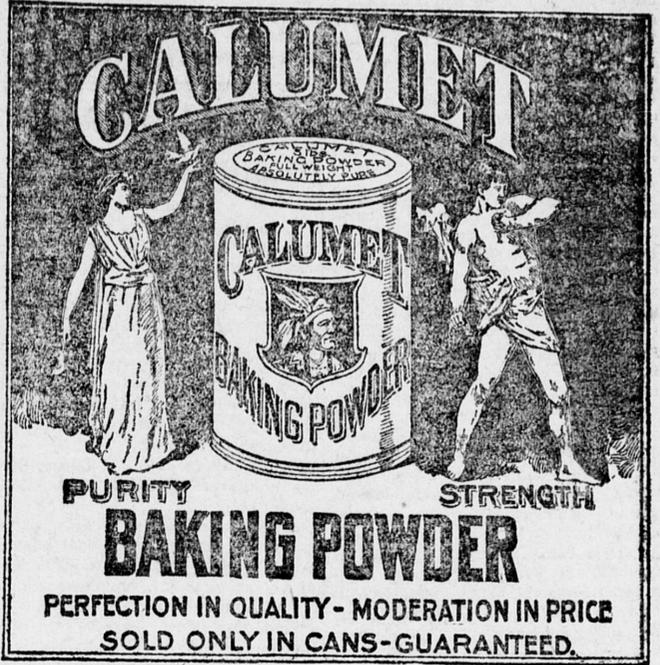
From the same authority we learn that Europe is compelled by necessity to buy from Americans \$122,000,000 worth of silver for coinage purposes every year, and must pay the price for it that is fixed by our American congress. For forty years prior to 1873, Europe had to pay Americans \$1.29 an ounce, and upwards, for silver. Today our silver bullion is about 60 cents an ounce.

Under free coinage, at 16 to 1, in this country, Europe must again pay Americans one ounce of gold for 16 ounces of silver. It is only since European statesmen prevailed upon our American congress to close our own mints against our own silver, that Europe could buy 30 ounces of American silver for one ounce of gold. He would be a dull schoolboy who could not understand why Europe is in favor of maintaining the gold standard in America, and why gold and silver are now 30 to 1, in favor of Europe.

"International bimetalism" means two things. It means (1) that our supply of primary money shall remain contracted and scarce, and that Americans' debts shall continue increasing, until England graciously consents to afford us relief. It means (2) that our mints shall remain closed against the free coinage of silver.

The constitution says, congress shall have the power to coin money and to regulate its value. The republican party says, congress has no such power, without England's permission. This is where we differ with the republican party in this campaign.

We cannot comprehend the reasoning of Americans who contend that the financial policy of this country shall be dictated by England. We believe in the "Monroe Doctrine," the democratic doctrine of "America for Americans." We believe in American independence and American freedom from the further dictation and thralldom of England, in the administration of this government.



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NOTICE!

Farmers are requested not to bring in new wheat until about August 15, and be sure that it is then thoroughly dry, as we do not wish to purchase wheat until its in proper condition to be ground.

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