

THE TAWAS HERALD.

Leading Newspaper of Iosco County

Volume XXXVI

TAWAS CITY, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, AUGUST 17, 1917

Number 34

HAPPENINGS OF THE WEEK

Local, Personal and General News Furnished in Condensed Paragraphs for the Convenience of the Busy Reader

Auto livery. Phone 52-W. adv
August Luedtke was at Bay City Saturday.

Robert Elliott of Oscoda visited friends here Sunday evening.

Temple Harris of Lansing visited his father a few days this week.

August Gaul of Detroit arrived here Saturday for a visit at his home.

Miss Grace Birney visited friends at Harrisville a few days last week.

Mrs. Chas. Harris left Saturday morning for Detroit for an indefinite stay.

E. F. Whittaker of Midland was the guest of friends in the city a few days last week.

Miss Veronica Kovige went to Detroit Thursday for a two weeks visit with her sisters.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dixon of Bay City autoed here Saturday and visited relatives for a few days.

Mrs. Raymond Tuttle of Holland is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Ferguson, for a few weeks.

Mrs. Simon Goupil and son, Earl, are visiting relatives and friends at Emery Junction and Whitmore this week.

Master Jas. Walker returned to Detroit last week after visiting his grandmother, Mrs. M. E. Walker, for several weeks.

Russel Birney of Jackson arrived here Saturday evening for a two weeks visit at the home of his mother, Mrs. Anna Birney.

The Campfire Girls took their first hike to the fair grounds last Tuesday afternoon. They spent the afternoon in playing games.

Just a little reminder. "Civilization," the big million \$ production, at the Family Theatre, East Tawas, Wednesday, Aug. 22. See it. adv

Fred Murphy, who is employed at Flint, spent a few days at his home here this week, being called to attend the funeral of his cousin, Howard Murphy.

Miss Effie Elliott returned to her home at Philadelphia on Tuesday morning, after visiting several weeks at the home of her aunt, Mrs. G. A. Prescott, sr.

Mrs. M. E. Walker and daughter, Miss Edyth, left Friday for a two weeks visit with friends at Cheboygan and with her son, Richard, at Nahma, U. P.

Agents wanted in every locality to introduce the wonderful magic washing and labor saver, Kalomite. It takes the work out of washing. Mrs. J. H. Benson, Alabaster. adv

Rev. John Koyle will leave this (Friday) morning for Saginaw where he will enter St. Mary's hospital for a serious operation for kidney and bladder trouble. There will therefore be no preaching service at the M. E. church next Sunday or until further notice. Other services as usual.

Word was received here this week from Mrs. J. D. Bowen stating that she and her family arrived safely at Gypsum, Ohio, where they joined Mr. B. and will reside for an indefinite time. She stated that they were much pleased with their new home, but that they missed their Tawas friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Brabant returned to their homes at Buffalo on Wednesday, after spending the past four weeks with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Brabant. They were accompanied by his brothers, Leo and George, who will spend a month at Buffalo. They made the trip by boat from Oscoda.

The Iosco county board of supervisors met in special session on Wednesday of this week and appropriated \$10,000 from the general fund of the county for the use of the county road commissioners. This sum, together with that raised by the regular county road tax will give the commissioners enough money to build a considerable stretch of road, and if rightly expended will be of immense benefit to the county at large.

Through the courtesy of Congressman Gilbert A. Currie the Herald is in receipt of a copy of the Red, White and Blue Book, a government document issued by the committee on public information. This document entitled "How the War Came to America," gives a resume and explanation of the causes that led this country to declare war against the imperial German government, and also contains several addresses made by President Wilson to Congress in connection with the war.

Alex Ross, monuments, East Tawas. M. E. Friedman was at Bay City Thursday.

Miss Hilda Burr of Flint visited at her home here last week.

J. M. Waterbury was a business visitor at Standish and Bay City on Monday.

L. L. Johnson made a business trip to Detroit this week.

Ray Smith's auto livery at your service. Call Phone 52-W. adv

Miss Myra Goodrow of Saginaw is the guest of Miss Celia Pfeiffer.

Miss Grace McCue of Grand Rapids is visiting friends here this week.

Little Catherine Kelly of Wellston, is visiting at the home of Mrs. M. Murray.

Mrs. C. E. Boomer and sons, of Saginaw, are visiting relatives here this week.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Orville McDonald, on Saturday, August 11, a 10½ pound baby girl.

Mrs. Chas. McClennan of Bay City was a guest a few days last week at the home of Cecil Cox.

Miss Augusta Samuel of Saginaw arrived Thursday for a visit with her brother, Carl.

George Heinlein returned to Saginaw Saturday after a few weeks visit at the home of Chas. Cholcher.

Misses Lucy and May Foote of Detroit arrived here Monday for a two weeks visit with their aunt, Mrs. Eliza Wood.

Twenty-one births and seven deaths were reported to the secretary of state from Iosco county during the month of June.

Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Sottres returned to their home at Bay City Saturday, after visiting a few days at the home of Mrs. L. Brown.

The following sisters will have charge of St. Joseph's school the coming year: Srs. Alberta, Martin, Nolasco and Huberta.

Mesdames Chancy Gillam and C. Hupert of Detroit are visiting at the homes of Chas. and Henry Kane, John Kelly and C. Johnson.

Miss Kathryn Sands left Wednesday evening for a few days pleasure trip to Detroit, Monroe and Niagara Falls, making the trip by boat from Oscoda.

Dr. W. N. Yeager will make his next visits to his Tawas City office on Monday, September 3, and Friday, September 7. See him if in need of dental work. adv

Misses Victoria and Sophia Greene returned home Saturday evening from Detroit, where Miss Victoria had been a patient in the Harper hospital for two weeks.

R. G. Harting, Tawas City, garage, auto supplies, all repairs. New and used cars, bodies, tops and radiators for sale. Also parts and supplies for Dodge Bros. cars. Call or write. adv

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Ballard and children, accompanied by Mrs. Ballard's sister, Miss Ruth Peterson, left Thursday for the latter's home near Leroy for a few days visit. They made the trip by auto.

Only three applicants presented themselves for the county teachers' examination held at the court house last week, County Examiner R. D. Brown states that this is the smallest number he has ever seen at an examination.

A party of Masons from the local lodge, composed of John Preston, Thos. Bradley, Geo. Mount, John Bradley and Jas. E. Ballard autoed to Bay City Monday to attend the funeral of Dr. A. B. Carson, who was a member of Tawas City lodge.

Mrs. Jane Jarvis is a guest at the home of her brother, John Preston. Mrs. Jarvis' home is in England near where some of the German airship raids have been made. She has been visiting relatives in Canada, and will remain here at the home of her brother for a few weeks before returning to England.

Last Friday evening the barn on the property of Mrs. Sims in the west side of town was discovered to be on fire and an alarm was turned in. The fire had such a start, however, that the fire department could be of no use and the building was totally destroyed, with all its contents. The barn was used by James Bannen, and his horse which was stabled there was burned to death and a democrat buggy was also burned.

DEATH OF HOWARD MURPHY.

Howard Murphy, son of Mrs. Mary A. Murphy, died at his home in this city on Saturday, August 11, at one o'clock a. m., after a lingering illness with tuberculosis. He was first taken seriously ill about a year and a half ago while attending the state normal school at Ypsilanti, and since that time his health has been variable, he at times feeling first rate and at other times being confined to his bed. Everything that medical skill could do had been done for him, but all efforts were in vain.

Howard Murphy was born in Tawas City, Oct. 9, 1895, and has lived his entire life here. He graduated from the Tawas City high school with the class of 1914, and in September of that year started to attend the county normal, where he attended until February and then went to the Ypsilanti state normal to complete his studies. It was while pursuing his studies there that he was taken with the illness from which he never fully recovered and which caused his death.

Howard was one of the most popular younger boys of the city and prior to his illness was always among the foremost in school sports and athletics, being a member of the school basketball and baseball teams, and also playing baseball with the regular Tawas City baseball team. He apparently had a bright future ahead of him and in his death Tawas City has lost one of its most promising young men.

Besides his mother, he leaves to mourn his early demise six sisters and one brother: Mrs. E. D. Schermerhorn of Pontiac, Mrs. W. R. Pratt of Ypsilanti, Mrs. James Robinson of Onaway, Mrs. J. S. Smith of Walnut Grove, Iowa, Misses Lulu and Muriel of this city and Fred L. Murphy of Flint.

The funeral services were held at the home on Monday, Rev. Koyle of the M. E. church officiating, and the remains were laid to rest in the Tawas City cemetery. The numerous beautiful floral tributes testified to the high esteem in which Howard was held by his many friends, and their sincere sympathy for the bereaved family.

DEATH OF DR. A. B. CARSON.

The many friends of Dr. A. B. Carson in the Tawas and vicinity were surprised and grieved to learn of his death which occurred at the state hospital in Pontiac last Friday afternoon. Dr. Carson left Tawas City only a short time ago to accept a position in a large dental office in Detroit, but after leaving here was only able to work for a few days when he suffered a nervous breakdown and was forced to quit work and take medical treatment. He also suffered from a weak heart and this was the direct cause of his death, which occurred as above stated at Pontiac where he had gone for treatment for his nervous condition.

Dr. Carson was a young man of much promise. He graduated from the dentistry department of the University of Michigan about six years ago and started the practice of his profession at Buckley, Mich., later going to Kingsley, and from thence to Tawas City where he maintained an office for the past three and one-half years. He was united in marriage about three years ago to Miss Marjorie Edwards and this union was blessed with one son, Donald Edwards. Besides the bereaved widow and son there are left to mourn his death his mother and father, one brother and one sister, together with a host of friends.

The funeral services were held in the chapel of the Elm Lawn cemetery in Bay City Monday afternoon, Bay City being the home of his parents. Only the immediate relatives and a delegation of Masons from the Tawas City lodge were present at the services. The many friends of Dr. and Mrs. Carson in this vicinity join in extending sincere sympathy to the bereaved wife and family in their irremediable loss.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to extend our sincere and heartfelt thanks to our many friends for their sympathy and assistance during the illness and death of our loved son and brother. Also for the many beautiful flowers, and to those who furnished automobiles for the funeral.

Mrs. Mary A. Murphy and Family.

BE KIND TO YOUR HORSE AND ALL DUMB CREATURES. IT SHOWS THE GENTLEMAN.

TAWAS TAKES ANOTHER FROM ALABASTER

First Inning.
Alabaster—Musolf out, Moeller to Woizeschke. Trainor singled to center and went to second on Johnson's wild throw. Miller dropped Sheldon's third strike, but threw him out at first, Trainor advancing. Robinson flied to Nelem. No run, one hit, one error.

Tawas—Martin dropped Swartz's third strike but threw him out at first. Johnson struck out. Crandall out, O. Benson to P. Baker.

Second Inning.
Alabaster—Martin struck out. F. Baker singled to right. Benson flied to Moeller. P. Baker flied to right. No run, one hit, no error.

Tawas—Miller singled over short and stole second. Moeller singled to left scoring Miller and went to second on the throw to the plate. Moeller went to third on a passed ball. Musolf walked and stole second. Martin dropped Nelem's third strike and he went to first, Martin holding the ball. Woizeschke singled to right scoring Moeller and Musolf. Trainor dropped Mark's fly. Nelem struck out and Woizeschke going to third, Mark to second. Swartz walked, filling the bases. Johnson singled behind pitcher scoring Woizeschke, and each player advancing. Sheldon threw wild to White. Mark scoring. White threw wild to Sheldon. Swartz scoring. Johnson going to third. Crandall struck out. Miller followed suit. Moeller flied to P. Baker. Seven runs, four hits, three errors.

Third Inning.
Alabaster—Swartz dropped White's fly. Moeller dropped Musolf's fly but forced out White, Moeller to Swartz. Trainor out, Crandall to Woizeschke. Sheldon struck out. No run, no hit, one error.

Tawas—Robinson now pitching for Alabaster. Benson dropped Musolf's fly and then threw wild to first, Musolf going to second. Musolf was caught off second, Robinson to Sheldon. White to Sheldon. Nelem out, Benson to P. Baker. Woizeschke fouled to White. No run, no hit, two errors.

Fourth Inning.
Alabaster—Robinson singled to center and then stole second and third. Martin and Baker fanned. Woizeschke let Benson's grounder go through him, Robinson scoring and Benson going to second. Benson was caught trying to steal third, Mark to Crandall. One run, one hit, one error.

Tawas—Mark flied to Trainor. Swartz walked but was forced at second by Johnson, White to Sheldon. Crandall fanned. No run, no hit, no error.

Fifth Inning.
Alabaster—P. Baker fouled to Crandall. Moeller let White's grounder go through him. White scored from first on a wild pitch. Musolf out, Crandall to Woizeschke. Trainor out, Moeller to Woizeschke. One run, no hit, one error.

Tawas—Miller flied to Trainor. Moeller out, Benson to P. Baker. Musolf doubled to center. Nelem fanned. No run, one hit, no error.

Sixth Inning.
Alabaster—Swartz let Sheldon's grounder go through him. Robinson grounded to Moeller, but he threw wild to first, Sheldon going to third and Robinson to second. Miller dropped Martin's third strike, Martin going to first, while Miller tried to catch Sheldon off third. P. Baker singled to left scoring Sheldon and Robinson. Mark threw out Benson. Martin scoring. F. Johnson dropped P. Baker's fly. Musolf out, Woizeschke unassisted. Four runs, one hit, three errors.

Tawas—Woizeschke flied to Trainor. Mark flied to Benson. Swartz out, P. Baker unassisted. No run, no hit, no error.

Seventh Inning.
Alabaster—Trainor struck out. Swartz threw wild on Sheldon's grounder. Woizeschke threw wild to catch him on second. Robinson out, Mark to Woizeschke. Martin fanned. No run, no hit, two errors.

Tawas—Johnson and Crandall flied to Benson. Miller out, White to P. Baker. No run, no hit, no error.

Eighth Inning.
Alabaster—P. Baker safe on Swartz's fumble. Benson safe on Moeller's fumble. P. Baker fanned. White flied to Moeller and Benson was doubled off first, Moeller to Woizeschke. No run, no hit, no error.

Tawas—Moeller out Sheldon to P. Baker. Musolf fouled to Martin. Martin let Nelem's third strike get away from him. Nelem going to first, Woizeschke forced Nelem, Benson to Sheldon. No run, no hit, no error.

Ninth Inning.
Alabaster—Musolf and Trainor fanned. Mark threw wild on Sheldon's grounder, Sheldon going to second. Moeller dropped Robinson's fly. Martin out, Crandall to Woizeschke. No run, no hit, no error.

The box score:
Tawas A B R H O A E
Swartz, ss 2 1 0 1 0 3
Johnson, cf 4 0 1 0 2 1
Crandall, 3b 4 0 0 2 3 1
Miller, c 4 1 1 1 0 1
Moeller, 2b 4 1 1 3 3 3
M. Musolf, lf 3 1 1 0 0 0
Nelem, rf 4 1 0 2 0 0
Woizeschke, 1b 4 1 1 9 2 1
Mark, p 3 1 0 0 3 1
Totals 32 7 5 27 11 12

Alabaster A B R H O A E
W. Musolf, rf, cf 5 0 0 0 0 0
Trainor, lf 5 0 1 3 0 1
Sheldon, 2b 5 1 0 2 1 1

(Continued on last page).

NEW DOG LAW.

The last legislature enacted a most beneficial measure for the protection of the sheep industry in this state. The law took effect August 10, 1917.

Owners of dogs must now pay \$3.00 for male and \$5.00 for female. The act enlarges the powers of officers and makes it possible for them to kill off any unlicensed dogs roaming at large in districts to which the law applies.

It is said that the dog menace has in the past been the largest single factor holding back the development of the sheep industry in Michigan.

An over supply of dogs has made an under supply of sheep. Within the last two weeks one dog killed or wounded 30 sheep belonging to one farmer in Iosco county.

The sheep killing dog is a large reason why more sheep are not raised in this section of the state. Iosco county is finely adapted to this industry. The dog holds it back.

It is estimated that last year between \$150,000 and \$200,000 worth of sheep were killed by dogs in Michigan.

There are many tramp dogs and these dogs get hungry and attack sheep, chickens and so on because they are starved. All such dogs should be killed.

In these times of high cost of living no person should keep a dog unless it is for some particular use. It is the purpose of the state to strictly enforce the law.

F. F. FRENCH,
Prosecuting Attorney.

FOOD CONTROL.

Speculation, particularly in food-stuffs, must cease. Retailers become speculators when they charge extortionate prices, or hold for a higher market. Every citizen must subordinate his private interest to the common good, the primary law of national preservation. There are few men in England today who would dare, even if they desired it, to make an unfair profit out of the misfortunes of their fellows. Patriotism demands the subordination of profit seeking to war needs. We must protect our civil population against want and extortion. If we fail to take steps to curtail and control the activities of speculators, we do gross injustice to producer and consumer alike. It is not easy for the average man to see why a 35 ounce bread loaf retails in France for 8 cents, while a 14 ounce loaf sells in the United States, which raises the wheat, for 10 cents. Explanations will fail to convince him, yet he pays the price.

What is the answer? Food control. Yet there is one alternative. We can seek the underlying causes and attack them. minimize middlemen and control by all who are in any legitimate sense producers, dealers, or traders; eliminate the speculative element and all artificialities of the food situation which are not incident to the war, and let the normal law of supply and demand get back to work. Individual consumers should buy direct from the producer whenever possible; and as a temporary measure Home Defense Leagues can purchase staple food supplies in bulk, for sale to the community at nominal prices.

The prime obstacle to the solution of the food problem is not an actual shortage of food, but the lack of scientific production and the extraordinary percentage of waste and profits between production and consumption. Farmers produce what is most profitable rather than what is easiest grown or most needed; middlemen ignore everything but their immediate and maximum profit; and consumers buy and expend food-stuffs to slight advantage. Public knowledge of foodstuffs and some government regulation of distribution is essential. The government and the people should know where the food is, how much is held, and why. Our marketing and distribution system has broken down, the public can neither investigate nor curb the speculators, and recent European experiments have shown that the government must be empowered, trusted, and held responsible.

AW, GIT OUT!
The Creator doesn't like a poor loser—but he made a lot of them. "Heaven helps those who help themselves," remarked the philosopher.

"They are the ones who don't need help," replied the grouch.

Old newspapers for sale at this office.

EAST TAWAS DEPARTMENT

Devoted to the General and Personal News of the Week From Our Neighboring City on the East

Mrs. Alexander McKay of Detroit is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Haight.

Miss Lillie Mattson of Detroit has been visiting with friends in East Tawas the past week.

Eugene LaBerge left for Detroit Monday morning. He has been visiting at his home here for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Granville Haight of Detroit are visiting with the parents of the former, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Haight.

Captain R. M. Small was taken to Bay City, Mercy hospital, last Saturday evening, to be treated for typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. George LaBerge returned to Detroit last Monday morning after visiting for two weeks with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Jack Lindstrom and little daughter, Ruth, return to Detroit Saturday morning after having spent three weeks or more in East Tawas.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Schramm and little daughter, Miss Ethel, left Thursday for a ten days trip to Flint and Detroit, making the trip by auto.

Arthur Applin came home last Wednesday night for a short visit before leaving for California, where he has enlisted in the regimental band.

Mrs. Will Holloway returned to Flint last Monday morning. She had been visiting for nearly a week at the home of her brother, Lester Wright.

Presbyterian church services Sunday: Sunday school, 11:30; evening service, 7:00; mid-week service Thursday at 7:30 p. m. William Roberts, minister.

Mrs. Jessie Ingamalls and daughter, Bessie, came from Saginaw last Saturday to visit at the home of Mrs. George Frasier and with other friends for a season.

Ben Cobbett, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Cobbett and Frank Cobbett autoed from Detroit Saturday in their Maxwell car and visited with friends here the fore part of the week.

M. E. church services next Sunday: Morning service, 10:00; Sunday school, 11:30; Epworth League, 6:00; evening service, 7:00; prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Rev. Samuel Howarth, pastor.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Johnson arrived from Duluth, Minn., last Saturday and have been visiting with relatives and friends this week. Mrs. Johnson was formerly Miss Edith Schreiber of this city.

Mrs. Raymond Sanderson was taken to Mercy hospital, Bay City, last Monday evening, to be operated upon for appendicitis. She was accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Charles Haight and by Dr. Albert Stealy.

Alfred K. Chittenden, Professor of Forestry at the Michigan Agricultural college and Carl Mandenberg, Farm Forestry Extension Agent, were in East Tawas on Friday and Saturday of last week and visited the local nursery and forest plantations at Silver creek.

A special meeting of Irene Rebekah Lodge will be held next Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow Temple. Miss Addie Smith, Grand Secretary of the Rebekah Assembly will be present and the Rebekah degree work will be exemplified by the Rebekah Lodge of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Arvid Carlson left for Oscoda last Monday night enroute for Detroit, Lansing and other points, where they will visit with friends and relatives before returning to their home in Saginaw. They have been visiting for a week with Mr. and Mrs. H. Carlson in Baldwin, parents of Mr. Carlson, and with his sister, Mrs. A. B. Christeson, in this city.

TAWAS CITY BAPTIST CHURCH
Sunday, August 19, 1917.
10:00 a. m.—Subject, "Law, Light and Liberty of the Gospel."
11:15—Sunday school.
7:00 p. m.—Subject, "A Great Question."

At the Hemlock road church in the afternoon, Mr. Reeves will by special request speak and read along war lines, as well as preach the Gospel. Everyone welcome.

WATCH THEM ALL
Many a man has been fleeced by his friends while he had both eyes centered on his enemies.

The Tawas Herald, \$1.50 per year.

LAWLESSNESS.

There is much food for thought in the acts of lawlessness in different parts of the country. Are we as a people losing respect for the law? Are we losing sight of the fine ideals we have cherished for a century and a half? Or is it the unrest so prevalent in other parts of the world communicating itself to us?

The most disquieting feature of these outbreaks of lawlessness is not that they should have occurred, but that they should occur just at this time, when the country needs to be united in heart and soul as never before.

In times of peace and calm the good sense and orderliness of the people would not have tolerated the causes which led up to the disturbances. With the minds of the people on other matters these causes have been permitted to grow and flourish.

While we are proposing to make great sacrifices for freedom, let us not permit a growth within our body politic that is calculating to nullify and make impotent that freedom.

Let us set our own house in order. —Crawford Avalanche.

FROM A FORMER RESIDENT
Akron, Mich., August 14, 1917.

Mr. Jas. E. Ballard
Tawas City, Mich.

Dear Sir:—Enclosed find \$3.00 for my subscription. Your paper is a good clean cut paper, full of news from all points about your city.

We would certainly miss the Tawas Herald at our place, if it did not arrive.

I always think of Tawas as one of the places where many friendly people live. If you or any of the old friends at Tawas ever come near Akron, make it a point to give us a visit. Crops are very good with few exceptions. Corn is poor. Oats, hay, potatoes and beans are fine. I have 13 acres corn, 11 acres oats, 27 acres beans.

We expect to get a milk condensary at Akron in the near future. The milk from about 2,000 cows will be required to keep it going.

This condensary movement was brought about through the Akron Grange, it was organized last February and we have about 175 members now, meetings every two weeks. I expect to be in Lansing August 21, to attend the State Milk Producers Association meeting. We have a local or subordinate association in Akron, organized in May this year.

I forgot to tell you about my wife's berry patch of red raspberries. We have picked about 40 bushel, or being exact 39½ bushel, sold at \$5.00 right at home from 1¼ acres set in 1915 and 1916. ¼ acre in 1915 and one acre in 1916.

I have told you about as much as our paper would tell. So will close for this time.

Yours truly,
Chas. D. Fillmore.

BIBLE OF THE SUPREME COURT
In the United States Supreme Court, instead of many Bibles, we find but one small volume, now celebrated as the Justices' Bible, used continuously during all the years since 1800 for the installation oaths of all the justices and the pledging of allegiance of all the attorneys who have practiced before that court. No wonder that on an average for about every decade of this period a new or extra outside cover of black leather has been required to keep the red morocco binding of the little book in such freshness as it still possesses. This Bible is five and a half inches wide, and the tradition says that it formed one of 20,000 which congress imported in the early days of the republic to relieve the scriptural dearth of the country. The title page shows that it was printed at Oxford in 1799. This Bible has always been in the care of the clerk of the supreme court.—Christian Herald.

There is only man who enjoys a deeper satisfaction than the fellow who rides on a free railroad pass. This is the man who attends a church entertainment, gets one of the best seats, and revels in the discovery that he has left his pocketbook at home.

TAWAS HERALD

JAS. E. BALLARD, Editor and Proprietor

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"PEACE WITHOUT VICTORY"

Former articles of this series dwelt upon the dangers to the United States that would follow a German victory if we had staid neutral. But there might not have been a German victory nor an allied victory. There was a third possibility—a draw—and this outcome had a peculiar fascination for many persons who feared a German victory but who yet could not quite clear from the old delusion that America was really a stranger to the war, and therefore that we ought to be neutral and a "friend to all."

As a matter of fact a European peace reached through compromise, without settling the issue of the war definitely and decisively, would be exceedingly dangerous to the United States. It would not be an immediate calamity to us, as a German victory would be; but it would contain similar elements of danger.

The explanation of this fact lies in the word "compensation"—a favorite word with the Old World manipulators who have been juggling with the map for the last hundred years. It means robbing Peter to pay Paul—or perhaps paying both Peter and Paul at the expense of Thomas, John or some other innocent outsider.

In all the old "adjustments" in Europe, this idea has been uppermost. When one nation stole territory from a weak neighbor, it was arranged that the rival power might "compensate" itself by stealing territory from some other weak nation. Thus by mutual consent slices of China went to this power and that power, Persia was divided up, northern Africa parceled out, and various minor states put under the wing (or the heel) of one or another great nation.

This method was an especial favorite in settling up a great war.

Now imagine what might happen if this principle of compensation were invoked in a European settlement today. Italy must get back the strip of Italian territory under Austrian rule, Austria being consoled by getting a slice of Serbia. Poland might be restored after a fashion, at the expense chiefly of Russia, and Russia would be compensated by getting rights at Constantinople at the expense of Turkey and Germany. The possible danger to England through Russia's new rights in the Bosphorus would be offset by giving England the southern half of the Turkish empire and sundry naval stations. France would get the French-speaking parts of Alsace-Lorraine. Of course Belgium would be restored and Germany would certainly have to pay for at least a part of the damage she had done in Belgium and France.

Thus far the arrangement would be very much to Germany's disadvantage. Everybody would be getting something except Germany. How could the treaty be sweetened up sufficiently to make it palatable at Berlin? There would be only one way—compensation. Where could Germany be compensated?

There is only one continent that could be parcelled out freely—South America. And there would be only one great power that would stand in the way of such a parcelling out—the United States.

South America would offer an opportunity for Germany to build up an immense commercial and political empire across the sea. This is not a

bit of imagination. It has been explicitly set forth by German writers, and it is unofficially reported that Germany was willing to make peace upon precisely that basis.

Of course England would not be pleased with such an arrangement. But we are not talking about what England might be compelled to do—what England might feel obliged to do in order to make peace.

And so England would reluctantly sign off her rights and ambitions in South America. Who would say nay? The United States alone. Japan also might want a foothold in South or Central America, and again who would say nay? The United States alone. England and France would wish it otherwise, but they would be helpless to prevent it. We should protest, of course, but what would our protest amount to? England and France would say to us: "You are too late; you might have averted the common danger by doing your duty in the great war, but you preferred to play both ends against the middle and to wax fat on the sufferings of all nations; now you have to take your medicine." Germany would merely laugh at us.

Then what would, or could, the United States do? We should show our choice of two policies:

1. We might acquiesce. That would mean losing our place as one of the great powers. The canal would be lost at once in a military sense, and our naval power in the two oceans would be a myth. Our position of leadership among American republics would be gone. Democratic government, of which this country is the greatest example, would be discredited, having failed in the supreme test of self-preservation.

2. The other alternative would be a struggle—a struggle to the death, involving sacrifice and suffering beyond imagination. We could keep our place only by fighting for it, and nobody can doubt for a moment that this is the course that the American people would choose. A wave of angry resentment would sweep the nation. The prospect of thwarted ambition, loss and humiliation, mingled with bitter regret over past mistakes would drive us into militarism. The nation would become an armed camp; American genius would devote itself to the arts of war; great leaders would quickly arise and the people would follow them; any contrary counsel would be denounced as treason.

Whenever it might come, and however it might turn out, the clash itself is almost a mathematical certainty from the moment that Germany sets her imperial foot upon the soil of the western hemisphere at any point.

The first essential of genuine world-peace is the downfall of Prussian ambition through the destruction of Prussian military power. Anything less than that spells mortal danger to the United States.

"SOME DON'TS."

Don't talk too much. There is an art of listening as well as of talking and a great deal more valuable it is, too.

Don't do anything for appearance sake. Appearance is transparent to the dullest student of human nature.

Don't think you can rule others until you have first learned to rule yourself.

Don't consider what is right. Right always pays.

Don't be satisfied with what you know—find out what you don't know; then you will begin to acquire wisdom.

Don't forget that the expression of your face is an index to your thoughts.

Don't think your geese are swans.

The Tawas Herald, \$1.50 per year.

YOU NEED LIVE STOCK ON YOUR FARM.

By A. R. Gould, Associate Editor of American Sheep Breeder.

There is no such thing as good farming without live stock. Conversely live stock production is impossible without good farming. These statements are illustrated by a Kentuckian who started with 80 acres and now controls 8,000 acres of choice bluegrass and a vast stock of cattle. He was asked one day whether he made the most money from farming or cattle feeding. He replied, "Well, I always say we never make a dollar feeding cattle, and father always said, 'We never made a dollar until we fed cattle.'" Live stock leads to good agriculture because it is good for the land and good for the farmer. On the other hand, good farming is necessary before animal husbandry can reach its highest development.

The soil experts have found many ways in which live stock is good for the soil, but there are two outstanding advantages of combined farming. The consumption on the farm of its vegetable products and the marketing of only the refined products of greater value removes from the soil comparative little fertility. In other words the production of highly valuable products as meat, wool and milk has been accomplished by feeding, leaving behind in the manure the greater part of the fertility in the feed. The milk, wool and meat produced bring more than would the feed which went to their production had it been sold. Moreover, the farms on which live stock production forms the greater source of revenue are yearly producing larger incomes.

The second outstanding advantage to the farm in feeding live stock is the consumption of otherwise waste products and the use of surplus time. Particularly sheep and goats have a liking for noxious grasses, weeds and shrubs, against which the farmer is constantly fighting. This does not mean that you must raise weeds in order to keep sheep profitably, but that animals will prove allies in the war against unwelcome crops. They are to the live stock farmer what the hoe and scythe are to the grain farmer.

Not only is there profitable consumption, of the products of the farm, but also of the products of little or no market value, such as corn stalks, straw and stubble. A great deal of the feed consumed can be used for no other purpose and will either be burnt or returned to the land and plowed under with considerable trouble. Straw is left in the stack to rot and later be spread on the land, or as was more common in the days of the past, burnt to save trouble. Corn stalks are either disked and plowed under or raked into rows and fired. Of what value are these products to the farmer who wastes them? The feeding of these wastes results in a product of a texture that can quickly be returned to the soil for its improvement. The keeping of live stock makes it almost impossible to be a poor farmer.

Live stock not only makes possible the conversion of crops containing a large amount of valuable fertility into more condensed products, the ridding of the farm of noxious weeds, and the use of products that would otherwise be practically waste, but the time consumed in caring for the animals is time that does not have full value, as it would otherwise have been wasted. During the busiest seasons of the year the stock is usually on pasture and demands little attention. A study of conditions makes it possible to rotate the crops and arrange the breeding, feeding and birth seasons so as not to conflict with each other. Thus competition for time is reduced and a steadier, more constant demand for labor will be established. In the South corn and cotton compete for the farmer's attention. In the corn belt states alfalfa has made its appearance slowly because it must be harvested in the midst of corn cultivating. It is possible with live stock to rotate the rotation that not only distributes the demands on help but also furnishes by-products or wastes that can be utilized for profitable feeding. In live stock and diversified farming lies the solution of part of the hired man problem.

Live stock is not only a benefit for the farm but also for the farmer. The introduction of animals to the farm is a change that arouses the attention. In solving the new problems that arise old difficulties will disappear. The fact that there is something to do the year around prevents from becoming dormant the habits of thrift and economy established by the summer's work. The farmer who disposes of his grain, hay or cotton and turns his horses out has no continuous business interest and nothing to occupy his time or thought between harvest and planting. Such a man often falls into habits of shiftlessness and wastefulness.

Better farming is necessary to the highest development of live stock, as well as a result of having animals on the farm. It was not until after the introduction of root crops and clover into England that the improvement in cattle, sheep and hogs was started and the various breeds developed. It will not be until the introduction of modern crop system that your farm can produce the best animals.

In America, until recently, it was unnecessary to have a good supply of winter feed, for the Western range supplied all the sheep and cattle necessary. On the frontier lands it was possible to produce these animals cheaply from the feed of the open range. Against this source of supply the American farmer has had to compete, but now rapid inroads are being made into the range, and it will be necessary for every farmer to produce some live stock if this is to continue a meat eating and wool wearing nation. The 640 acre homestead act has been the hardest blow the range has ever experienced. Now that the open lands are being cultivated and cut into by farmers it is imperative that we produce these animals on the cultivated lands. It is necessary to improve our systems of culture and particularly the management of pastures. The introduction of clover, alfalfa, soy beans and cow

peas is proving profitable from a better farming viewpoint and will result in an extension of live stock because of the efficiency of these as feed.

One of the essentials of better farming is the growing of more than one crop on the farm. The old idea of growing nothing but corn has rapidly faded away. Corn and oats with a little hay and clover is the most common group of crops of the corn belt farm. There is a distribution of labor so that more acres can be cultivated with the same number of men, as there is a larger working season than when corn alone is grown. Moreover, the oats rest the land and the clover promises a big corn crop for the next year.

This is better farming. At the same time you are producing the choicest of conditions to profitably handle live stock. Wheat, barley, rye, alfalfa, soy beans and cow peas can all be worked in to the advantage of the farm and with the prospect of producing live stock products with the least expense. Such a rotation as corn, oats and clover fits in ideally with the keeping of live stock. It is possible to keep a flock of sheep on the farm without any permanent pasture, but just a few acres of rye and rape as special feed and the use of oat stubble, cornstalks and a little clover pasture. The lamb and wool crops are largely profit on the investment for the cost of feed, if the flock is not too large for the farm, is very small.

It is evident that the introduction of live stock onto more farms will result in larger financial returns. The question arises as to what to have—hogs, cattle or sheep. Here is our viewpoint:

Sheep, more than any other class of stock, are able to seize the advantages suggested. Sheep have proven themselves the best improvers of the soil, for they distribute finely the richest manure. They are light in weight and do not pack the ground.

No other class of animals, unless it is goats, will eat more varieties of feed than sheep. In a recent experiment in Kansas sheep ate 576 weeds out of 600 offered. Because they are such good handlers of this useless product of every farm and because they are small, it is possible to pasture them along fence rows, roadsides and in the corn fields after the stalks are too large to be pulled over. Many a boy would gladly drive a flock of sheep as they converted the wastes along the fence into marketable products rather than to swing the scythe that would cut down the same weeds.

In consuming the coarse roughages or common waste feeds sheep are exceptionally good, for they are ruminants the same as cattle, and, moreover, because their lips are thin, they can graze closer than cattle. I have seen constalks that have been pastured by sheep stripped so clean of every thread of food that the stalk was polished to a brilliant luster. Stubble is usually too short to furnish much feed to cattle, but will do very well for sheep. There is no farm producing hay that does not have some that it would be just as well not to feed to the horses. Such hay, corn fodder, straw and silage is sufficient to carry a flock of breeding ewes until a few weeks before lambing, when they should receive a little grain.

The attention required by sheep is such as can easily be given without competing with crops or other animals kept on the farm. The lambs are dropped in the early spring before the crops are put in, or if they come later it is on pasture and little attention need be given. The breeding season is the first cool weather and need not interfere with any of the farm work, as the ram can be turned in with the ewes and taken out in the morning.

When it comes to marketing the product, the wool is very light for its value (about 50 cents a pound at present), and can be easily hauled to the station. Sixty pounds of corn is not worth \$2, but sixty pounds of wool is worth \$30. Sheep are active on their feet and can be driven to the station without serious shrinkage. The sheep also fit in very well with the need for better farming, for the greatest success in handling a small farm flock will depend on being able to keep the sheep on crop wastes of little value on the market. A rotation containing an abundance of legume crops is ideal for sheep. It is such a cropping system that will make it possible to revive the worn out farms. If you stand for better farming, sheep will help out the balance sheet.

The initial investment in stocking the farm with a small flock of ewes is much less than the expenditure for a few head of cattle. For \$1200 two neighbor farmers can buy a single deck of 110 to 120 sheep that will furnish nice sized flocks for two 160-acre farms. The same amount of money will only buy fifteen cows on the Chicago market at present prices. It is possible to buy a satisfactory farm flock for a lower initial investment than any other kind of live stock.

The cost of maintaining the flock on a farm is very low, for, as pointed out, it is mostly waste pasture and stubble, and waste straw and poor hay on which the sheep feed. When on other feed is used, 500 pounds of hay is a liberal allowance for carrying a ewe thru the winter in the northern part of the corn belt. Shorter winters, require less feed.

Wool is now bringing fifty to seventy-five cents a pound to the farmer, and with an average clip (eight pounds) this is more than enough to cover all feed expenses, leaving the lamb crop as clear profit. It is not infrequently that the sale of the flock increase and the wool will equal the initial cost of the flock. There is no class of live stock that pays as liberal interest on the investment as will the farm flock of ewes.

There are nine reasons why every farm should have a flock of sheep, other than one sheep for every two acres.

1. Sheep produce the choicest of manure and distribute it thoroughly without damaging even the meaneast clay.

2. "Keeping the farm clean" is a problem that a farm flock will simplify.

3. Live stock profitably consume the unmarketable feeds of the farm.

4. The care required by sheep comes at slack seasons of the year.

5. Wool and lambs are easily transported products that can well replace the hauling of crops.

6. Better farming offers an opportunity to handle sheep successfully.

7. It requires a smaller initial investment to establish a farm flock than to stock the farm with any other kind of animals.

8. It requires little harvested and marketable feed to secure the profits that belong to sheep husbandry.

9. There is no investment on the farm that will pay as well as the money spent in a farm flock.

DID YOU KNOW THAT—

Domestic sales of incandescent lamps in 1916 was \$145,000,000?

The value of automobiles made in 1916 was \$810,000,000?

The whale can descend to a depth of 3,000 feet?

A bullet cannot go through an adobe wall?

More than 45,000 clerks in England have been replaced by women?

WANTS, FOR SALE, ETC

Old newspapers for sale at this office. 5c per bundle.

For Sale—One Concord buggy, one two seat family rig, all in good condition. L. H. Braddock, Tawas City.

For Sale—One 2-horse McVicar gasoline engine complete, in good condition. Will sell cheap for cash. Inquire at Herald office.

For Sale—Two horses, one 4 years old, broke and ready to go in harness; and one yearling colt. Inquire of Mrs. Edw. Ely, Hemlock road. 35

Wanted—Laborers for mill and quarry work at \$2.75 per day and upward. Apply to United States Gypsum Co., Alabaster, Mich. 30-1f

Lost—One 8 months old bull calf, nearly black with brown nose, resembles a Jersey. Finder please notify C. A. Currey, R. D. 2, Tawas City, Mich. 34

Stray Cow—There came to my enclosure one brindled cow four years old, white spotted face, bob tail. Owner can have same by paying charges. A. F. Cholger, Wilber, Mich., Phone 191-F23. 33-1f

For Sale at a Bargain—My 80 acre farm, crops included. 18 ton of hay in barn. 15 acres beans, 7 acres oats, 1 acre potatoes. Good buildings. Will sell on easy terms or will take good house and lot as first payment. Percy Hull, Tawas City. 35-1d

Strayed—From my enclosure four yearling cattle. One red steer with white head, one black steer with some white in face, has been dehorned, two red heifers. Reward. Finder please notify Samuel S. Bamberger, Tawas City, Mich., R. D. 2. 34-1f

Wanted, Girls and Women—Steady work. \$1.25 a day to beginners, with advancement. Room and board, with all modern conveniences, including the use of the laundry at the company boarding house for \$3.00 a week. For particulars write Western Knitting Mills, Rochester, Michigan. 1f

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Probate Court for the County of Iosco. At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the city of Tawas City in said county, on the 27th day of July A. D. 1917.

Present: Hon. David Davison, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of EDWIN W. ELY, deceased. Delia Lalonde Ely having filed in said court a petition praying that a certain instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will of said deceased, now on file in said court be admitted to probate, and the administration of said estate be granted Delia Lalonde Ely, or to some other suitable person;

It is ordered, That the TWENTY-FOURTH day of August, A. D. 1917, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition; and it is further ordered, That public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Tawas Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

DAVID DAIVSON, Judge of Probate. A true copy. 34

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Probate Court for the County of Iosco. At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the city of Tawas City, in said county, on the 13th day of August, A. D. 1917.

Present: Hon. David Davison, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of ALFRED E. WATERS, deceased. Alice E. Waters having filed in said court a petition, praying for license to mortgage the interest of said estate in certain real estate therein described.

It is ordered, That the FOURTEENTH day of SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1917, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition, and that all persons interested in said estate appear before said court, at said time and place, to show cause why a license to mortgage the interest of said estate in said real estate should not be granted;

It is further ordered, That public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Tawas Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

DAVID DAIVSON, Judge of Probate. A true copy. 36

An Early Showing of Ladies' Winter Coats

We have just received an advance shipment of Ladies' and Misses' Coats for fall and winter wear and shall be pleased to show them to you and make a reservation if you so desire. These garments are of the best material and most up-to-date styles and we are sure that you will be pleased with them. It is absolutely the finest line of these goods ever seen here.

Remember, we are here to serve you with anything you may need in the way of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings. The quality of our goods is of the best and we will save you 15 to 25 per cent on every dollars worth of goods bought at our store.

M. E. Friedman

"Leader of Low Prices"

Tawas City

Michigan



Oldest State Bank

IN Northern Michigan

Established 1894

The Biggest Asset for Any Family

is for each member to have his own savings account and take an active interest in saving.

This Alpena County Savings Bank has many families of this community well represented in its savings department.

Does each member of your family save? Have them start at once or give them a start yourself by opening an account for each one with a first deposit of 1.00 or more.

Alpena County Savings Bank

FRED L. RICHARDSON, Vice President

RALPH E. GILCHRIST, Chairman of Board

W. A. PRINCE, Cashier

THE BANK THAT PAYS 4 PER CENT

Family Theatre

EAST TAWAS

"The Brightest Spot in Town"

OFFERS

"CIVILIZATION"



The world's greatest Exposition of Photo Dramatic Art. A million Dollar Production without Equal.

The man, woman or child who unmoved can sit thru this masterpiece needs a sudden Doctor—a slow one will be to late.

We are putting forth every effort to please our patrons and should receive a most loyal patronage.

To be shown one day only

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 22

Matinee, 2:30. Admission, 15c and 25c

Evening, 8:00, one show. Admission 50c

All seats reserved in the evening. Now on sale at Keiser's Drug Store, Tawas City, and at Family Theatre, East Tawas.

A. J. BERUBE, Mgr.

Full Elgin Price

We are now paying the full Elgin price for Cream, the highest price we have ever paid. Why work so hard to make butter when you can sell your cream to us and realize just as much money?

Elgin this week 39½ Cents

We also buy your Eggs and will pay the highest market price at all times

Butter and Eggs at Retail

We will sell Butter and Eggs at retail to local customers and you will always find our prices right.

TAWAS BUTTER Company

FAHSELT & MOELLER Props.

Tawas City

Michigan

DO YOUR WORK WELL.

It is necessary that we work before we can enjoy recreation, for without work there can be no such things as recreation.

We are placed in a world full of work by a wise Creator and it is our means of justifying our existence to Him and to our fellow men.

It is our only reliable source of permanent happiness and contentment, as well as the means of worldly advancement.

All work is service either directly or indirectly, and I think that that feeling of satisfaction and contentment that comes over us at the end of a day's work well done can be traced back to the rule that "It is more blessed to give than to receive."

This applies to the humble laborer as well as to the highest official. The job doesn't matter; it is how it is done that counts.

So the next time we feel that we are tired of our work, or that we have to work too hard, let's reflect that a "soft job will never get us anywhere," for it only through hard work that the best there is in us is developed.

HISTORY AS IT WASN'T.

It was the day of the annual picnic of the Plymouth Sunday school. Captain John Smith, who was a bachelor, had been invited to eat lunch with Mrs. Elizabeth Mullen's class of young ladies, who had spread their homespun table cloth under an elm tree where the flies were numerous.

The Captain was grateful. He boarded at the Plymouth Rock American-plan hotel and lost no time in accepting the invitation. To say that he did "full justice" to the meal is putting it too mildly.

"May I inquire the name of the most excellent cake baker who is responsible for this delicacy?" he asked as he reached for the third slice.

"Some cook," was the captain's comment.

After the men in the party had finished their after-dinner smokes and the ball game between the fats and the leans was under way, the memory of that cake returned to the captain's mind.

"Jack, old top," quoth he. "I am a plain, blunt soldier. Charming speeches flow not freely from my lips. I could lead my company past a reviewing stand where the Kaiser, the Sultan and the Czar were perched, but when it comes to facing an array of femininity like Priscilla, I confess I lost my goat."

"What you ask in the name of our friendship, I cannot refuse, for our friendship is sacred."

He went. Long and earnestly he pleaded. His best words—and he was some verbalist—were put into action.

"Why don't you speak for yourself, John?" she questioned.

"I will," said John. "Leave it until tonight and I'll be over."

He returned to the captain with the sad intelligence that Priscilla's small brother had stolen the only remaining piece of cake from the basket while the picnic party stood on the back seat of the automobiles watching the sack race.

SMARTLY SAID

It is always easier to grab a good thing than to let go.

Be economical but not in a way to paralyze industry.

The unwritten law is a poor excuse for breaking a written one.

Many pigs die from being overheated in cars while in transit.

It is not necessary to look so pleasant when answering the telephone if you do not speak in tones of a circus boss canvas man.

When the dressmaker's bill comes in we learn that a goodly portion of the white man's burden is borne on the back of the wife.

Old newspapers for sale at this office. 6c per bundle.

ALIEN WILL FIGHT FOR U. S.

A lesson in patriotism to some of our young American citizens who are hanging back in the harness now that the country calls for men could be learned from Angelo Atobelli, an Italian, working at Calcite who was one of those examined by the county Board of Control Tuesday.

Atobelli was probably the finest physical specimen of manhood examined by the board Tuesday and passed his examination without trouble.

Contrary to public opinion, friendly aliens who are not citizens will be taken into the army. There are a large number of such men throughout the country who have not taken out citizenship papers and who can not be compelled to join the army.

A MAN'S PRAYER.

Teach me that sixty minutes make an hour, sixteen ounces one pound, and one hundred cents one dollar.

Help me to live so that I can lie down at night with a clear conscience, without a gun under my pillow, and unhaunted by the faces of those to whom I have brought pain.

Grant, I beseech Thee, that I may earn my meal ticket on the square, and in doing so may not stick the gaff where it does not belong.

Deafen me to the jingle of tainted money and the rustle of unholy skirts. Blind me to the faults of the other fellow, but reveal to me my own.

Guide me so that each night when I look across the dinner table at my wife, who has been a blessing to me, I will have nothing to conceal.

Keep me young enough to laugh with my children and to lose myself in their play.

And then when comes the smell of flowers and the tread of soft steps and the crushing of the hearse's wheels in the gravel out in front of my place, make the ceremony short and the epitaph simple:

HERE LIES A MAN.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Regular Meeting June 15, 1917. Regular meeting of the common council held in the council rooms Friday evening, June 15, 1917.

Called to order by Mayor Bing. Present—Ald. Rouillier, Fahselt, J. Musolf and Clerk Myles.

There being no quorum present on motion council then adjourned to June 22, 1917.

EUGENE BING, Mayor. JNO. A. MYLES, City Clerk.

Regular Meeting, July 6, 1917. Regular meeting of the common council held in the council rooms Friday evening, July 6, 1917.

Called to order by Mayor Bing. Present—Ald. Fahselt, H. Musolf, Rouillier, J. Musolf and Clerk Myles. Quorum present.

Ald. Miller and Stark entered and took their seats.

The committee on claims and accounts presented the following report and recommended that the several amounts scheduled herein be allowed and orders drawn on the treasurer for the same:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Items include Clute Coal and Supply Co., D. & M. Ry. Co., Frank Miller, Geo. Gates, Chas. Harris, Byron Harris, Wm. Groff, Fred Rollin, Ernest Miller, Jas. E. Ballard, Eugene Bing, Fred Rollin, Ernest Miller, Fred Whittemore, John Johnson, Ralph Doomer, Geo. Gates, Chas. Harris, J. Musolf.

Motion carried. Yeas—Rouillier, J. Musolf, Miller, Stark, H. Musolf and Fahselt. Nays—None.

On motion council then adjourned. EUGENE BING, Mayor. JNO. A. MYLES, City Clerk.

Catarrahal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrahal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrahal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrahal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

NOTICE.

Notice of Hearing of Objections to Proposed Improvement Under Act 59, Public Acts of 1915, as amended, of Assessment District Road No. 35.

To all persons interested in said proposed improvement in the townships of Burleigh, Iosco county, and Richland, Ogemaw county, Michigan, and to said townships, and to the counties of Ogemaw and Iosco:

Whereas, a petition has been filed with me as the State Highway Commissioner of Michigan, praying for the improvement of the highway traversing said townships, known as the Whittemore-Prescott State Trunk Line Road; and

Whereas, I, as such commissioner, am of the opinion that the proposed improvement is necessary for the benefit of the public and would be for the convenience and benefit of the public welfare; and

Whereas, I have made my first order of determination, stating that the proposed improvement is necessary as aforesaid, and have caused a survey and specifications and estimates of the cost thereof to be made and filed with me as such commissioner; and

Whereas, the specifications made by me are not yet final and will not be made final until after the hearing of objections to the same by all persons interested therein; and

Whereas, I have determined the boundaries of the proposed assessment district for improving said trunk line highway, which said highway extends and is proposed to be improved from the west city limits of Whittemore, Michigan, to the north end of the state re-ward road between sections 26 and 27, Richland township, Ogemaw county; and

Whereas, it is proposed to improve said road or highway by constructing therein a Class B, gravel road, nine or twelve feet in width, together with the proper culverts, bridges, drainage and grading under the provisions of an act, entitled, "An act to provide for the construction, improvement and maintenance of highways; for the levying, spreading and collecting of taxes and of special assessments therefor; to authorize the borrowing of money and the issuance of bonds under certain restrictions, regulations and limitations; to prescribe the powers and duties of certain officers with reference thereto; and to validate certain proceedings heretofore taken," Act 59, Public Acts of 1915, as amended.

Therefore, all persons affected thereby and the township of Burleigh, Iosco county, and the township of Richland, Ogemaw county, and especially the counties of Iosco and Ogemaw and all persons owning or interested in any real estate in said townships or counties are hereby notified that I will be present at the farmhouse of the Prescott farm along the said highway proposed to be improved at 9:00 o'clock a. m. on the 28th day of August, 1917, for the purpose of hearing objections to the proposed improvement, and for the purpose of finally determining the limits of said assessment district.

The proposed assessment district for such highway is described as follows, to-wit: Said proposed district includes all lands within the following boundaries:

Commencing at the center of section 10, T 21 N, R 5 E, Burleigh township, Iosco county; thence south 80 rods to the south 1/4 post on the north and south 1/4 line of section 10; thence west 80 rods to the center of the southwest 1/4 of section 10; thence south 80 rods to the west 1/2 mile to the east 1/2 mile to the center of section 9 and 16; thence south 1 1/4 miles to the center of the northeast 1/4 of section 21; thence west 3 miles on the north east-and-west 1/2 line of sections 21, 20 and 19 of said Burleigh township, and section 24 of T 21 N, R 4 E, Richland township, Ogemaw county, to the center of the northeast 1/4 of section 24; thence south 1 1/2 miles on the east north-and-south 1/2 line of sections 24 and 25 to the center of the southeast 1/4 of section 25; thence west 1 1/2 miles on the south east-and-west 1/2 line of sections 25 and 26 to the center of the southwest 1/4 of section 26; thence north 80 rods to the west 1/2 mile to the east and west 1/2 mile of section 26; thence west 1/2 mile on the east and west 1/2 line of sections 26 and 27 to the east 1/2 mile to the center of section 27; thence north 4 miles on the east north-and-south 1/2 line of sections 27, 22, 15, 10 and 3 to the east 1/2 mile to the east and west 1/2 mile of section 3; thence east 2 1/2 miles on the east and west 1/2 line of sections 3, 2 and 1, to the east 1/2 mile of section 1; thence south 1/2 mile on the county line to the south 1/2 mile to township of Ogemaw county, and section 6, Burleigh township, Iosco county; thence east 3 miles on the south east-and-west 1/2 line of sections 6, 5 and 4, Burleigh township, to the south 1/2 mile to section 3 and 4; thence south 1/2 mile to the north 1/2 mile to section 9 and 10; thence east 1/2 mile to the north 1/2 mile to the north and south 1/2 line of section 10; thence south along the city limits of Whittemore to the center of section 10, being the place of beginning, except the south 1/2 of the southeast 1/4 of the southeast 1/4 of section 22, and the northeast 1/4 of the northeast 1/4 of section 27, all in Richland township.

And all persons interested are hereby notified that it is the intention of the State Highway Commissioner to assess all lands within the limits of said assessment district as finally determined at said hearing, on account of the improvement of said highway according to the plans and specifications on file in the State Highway Department.

Given under my hand at Lansing, Michigan, this 3d day of August, A. D. 1917.

FRANK F. ROGERS, State Highway Commissioner.

LET'S FIND OUT.

We have a lot of civil engineers in this country, but few civil conductors.

NOTICE

Notice of Hearing of Objections to Proposed Improvement Under Act 59, Public Acts of 1915, as amended, of Assessment District Road No. 48.

Whereas, a petition has been filed with me as State Highway Commissioner of Michigan, praying for the improvement of the highway traversing the trunk line route commencing at the south limits of Whittemore, being the 1/2 post common to sections 10 and 11, Burleigh township, Iosco county; thence south on the trunk line route between sections 10-11, 14-15, 22-23, 26-27 and 34-35, to the south corner common to sections 34 and 35; thence west 80 rods on the county line to the north corner common to sections 1, Mason township and section 6, Turner township, Arenac county; thence south between sections 1, 12, 13 and 24, Mason township and sections 6, 18 and 19, Turner township to the 1/2 post common to section 24, Mason township and section 19, Turner township, being the north village limits of Twining, Arenac county; and

Whereas, I, as such commissioner, am of the opinion that the proposed improvement is necessary for the benefit of the public and would be for the convenience and benefit of the public welfare; and

Whereas, I have made my first order of determination stating that the proposed improvement is necessary as aforesaid, and have caused a survey and specifications and estimates of the cost thereof to be made and filed with me as such commissioner; and

Whereas, the specifications made by me are not yet final and will not be made final until after the hearing of objections to the same by all persons interested therein; and

Whereas, I have determined the boundaries of the proposed assessment district for improving said highway, which said highway extends and is proposed to be improved from the south city limits of Whittemore to the north village limits of Twining on said trunk line route, as aforesaid, and

Whereas, it is proposed to improve said road or highway by constructing therein a class B, gravel road, nine or twelve feet in width, together with the proper culverts, bridges, drainage and grading under the provisions of an act, entitled, "An act to provide for the construction, improvement and maintenance of highways; for the levying, spreading and collecting of taxes and of special assessments therefor; to authorize the borrowing of money and the issuance of bonds under certain restrictions, regulations and limitations; to prescribe the powers and duties of certain officers with reference thereto; and to validate certain proceedings heretofore taken," Act 59, Public Acts of 1915, as amended.

Therefore, all persons affected thereby and the townships of Burleigh in Iosco county, and Mason and Turner in Arenac county, and especially the counties of Iosco and Arenac, and all persons owning or interested in any real estate in said townships or counties, are hereby notified that I will be present at the southwest corner of section 26, Burleigh township, at 1:00 o'clock p. m. on the 28th day of August, 1917, for the purpose of hearing objections to the proposed improvement and for the purpose of finally determining the limits of the said assessment district.

The proposed assessment district for such highway is described as follows, to-wit: Said proposed district includes all lands within the following boundaries:

Commencing at the 1/2 post common to sections 10 and 11, Burleigh township, Iosco county; thence east 1 mile to the 1/2 post common to sections 11 and 12; thence south 80 rods to the south 1/2 mile to the center of section 12; thence east 1/2 mile on the east north-and-south 1/2 line of sections 12, 13, 24, 25 and 36, to the center of the northeast 1/4 of section 36; thence west 80 rods to the north 1/2 mile to the north and south 1/2 mile of section 36; thence south 1/2 mile to the center of section 36; thence west 80 rods to the west 1/2 mile to the center of section 36; thence east on the county line to the north 1/2 mile to section 5, Turner township, Arenac county; thence south on the north and south 1/2 line of sections 5 and 8, to the center of section 8; thence west 1 mile on the east and west 1/2 line to the center of section 7; thence south 1 mile on the north and south 1/2 line of sections 7 and 18, to the center of section 18; thence east 1 mile on the east and west 1/2 line of section 17; thence south 1/2 mile on the north and south 1/2 line of sections 17 and 20, to the north 1/2 mile to the north and south 1/2 line of section 20; thence west 1/2 mile on the north east-and-west 1/2 line of sections 19 and 20, to the center of the northeast 1/4 of section 19; thence south 80 rods on the east north-and-south 1/2 line of section 19 to the east 1/2 mile to the east and west 1/2 mile of section 19; thence west 1/2 mile on the east and west 1/2 line of sections 19 and 24 to the west 1/2 mile to the center of section 24; thence north 80 rods to the center of the northwest 1/4 of section 24; thence west 1 mile on the north east-and-west 1/2 line of sections 24 and 23 to the center of the northwest 1/4 of section 23; thence north about 2 1/2 miles on the west north-and-south 1/2 line of sections 23, 14, 11 and fractional section 2, to the west 1/2 mile to the north side of section 2; thence east on the county line to the west 1/2 mile to the south side of section 33, Burleigh township; thence north 2 1/2 miles on

the west north-and-south 1/2 line of sections 33, 28 and 21, to the center of the northwest 1/4 of section 21; thence east 1/2 mile on the north east-and-west 1/2 line of section 21 to the center of the northeast 1/4 of section 21; thence north 1 1/2 miles on the east north-and-south 1/2 line of sections 21 and 16 to the east 1/2 mile to the north side of section 16; thence east between sections 9-16 and 10-15 to the west 1/2 mile between sections 10 and 15; thence north 80 rods to the center of the southwest 1/4 of section 10; thence east 80 rods to the south 1/2 mile to the north and south 1/2 line of section 10; thence north 80 rods to the center of section 10; thence east 1/2 mile on the east and west 1/2 line of section 10, to place of beginning.

And all persons interested are hereby notified that it is the intention of the State Highway Commissioner to assess all lands within the limits of said assessment district as finally determined at said hearing, on account of the improvement of said highway according to the plans and specifications on file in the State Highway Department.

Given under my hand at Lansing, Michigan, this 3d day of August, A. D. 1917.

FRANK F. ROGERS, State Highway Commissioner.

NOTICE OF ROAD JOB.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the Board of County Road Commissioners of Iosco County for the building of the following piece of trunk line road:

Commencing at the corners of section 13 and 24, T 22 N of R 7 E, and section 18 and 19, T 22 N of R 8 E, running south one mile to the corners of sections 24 and 25, T 22 N of R 7 E, and sections 19 and 30, T 22 N of R 8 E.

Same to be for grading, ditching, shouldering and metalling with gravel according to the state's specification of a class B road on file in the county clerk's office at Tawas City.

A certified check for \$200 to accompany each bid and the bidder will be required to furnish a bond for the completion of the road. Bids to be in the hands of Frank E. Dease not later than 9 a. m. Saturday, August 25, 1917.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

35 FRANK E. DEASE, Clerk.

The Tawas Herald, \$1.50 per year.

S. A. NOWLIN REAL ESTATE

Improved and unimproved land and farms for sale. Notary Public. Legal papers properly executed.

Emery Junction Michigan

DR. LAURA GROVE Osteopathic Physician

Graduate of American School of Osteopathy at Kirksville, Md. At residence of H. N. Butler, East Tawas, Mich. 29

HARDWARE

at The RICHARDS HARDWARE East Tawas

DR. LAURA GROVE Osteopathic Physician

Graduate of American School of Osteopathy at Kirksville, Md. At residence of H. N. Butler, East Tawas, Mich. 29

HARDWARE

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HARDWARE

at The RICHARDS HARDWARE East Tawas

WANT A GOOD POSITION? PREPARE FOR ONE IN PROSPEROUS DETROIT BY ATTENDING AN ACCREDITED SCHOOL—THE Business University DETROIT SEND FOR FREE BULLETIN 61-63-65-67-69 WEST GRAND RIVER AVE.

CANNING TIME IS HERE WE CAN SUPPLY YOU Fruit Jars, Can Tops and Rubbers SUGAR SUGAR SUGAR Vinegar, Spices, Etc. Our prices are right. We have the goods. We appreciate your patronage. W. H. PRINGLE Mclvor Michigan

"If it Isn't an Eastman it Isn't a Kodak" We have just received a new stock of Eastman Kodaks that sell from \$1.25 to \$65 Call and let us show you the KODAK RANGE FINDER. Something new and scientific. Keep a Kodak Story of the Baby and the Home. JAMES E. DILLON Prescription Druggist EAST TAWAS MICHIGAN

Subscribe for the Herald, \$1.50 a year

Begin to Save Money Now Some of the Biggest Fortunes in the World Had Less Than \$100 for a Foundation Begin With a Single Dollar and This Bank Will Help You Save the Other Ninety-nine EALY, McKAY & CO., Bankers EAST TAWAS TAWAS CITY HALE

SHERMAN SHOTS.

John Crum was at Tawas City on business Wednesday.
 Anthony Droege was at Tawas on business last Friday.
 Mrs. M. Schneider is visiting at East Tawas this week.
 Albert Menzer of Turner was in town on business Monday.
 Mr. and Mrs. Will Saffel were at Turner on business Sunday.
 Sheriff Hill of Tawas City was in town on business Saturday.
 Geo. Smith left Tuesday for Alabaster, where he expects to work.
 Charles Mark and Joe Parent were at Tawas on business last Saturday.
 Dr. McDowell of Turner was in town on professional business Monday.
 Chas. Mark left Monday for Alabaster, where he has secured employment.
 John and Matt Pavelock were at East Tawas on business last Saturday night.
 Miss Kate Pavelock of Detroit is visiting at her home here for a couple of weeks.
 Mrs. Dell Miller was called to North Liberty, Ind., Monday by the illness of her mother.
 W. G. Arn of Flushing spent a few days with his mother the first part of the week.
 Supervisor Schroeder was at Tawas City to attend the board of supervisors this week.
 Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bronson of Whittemore spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Will Schroeder.
 Mrs. Luke Murray and sons, of Tawas City, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Schneider.
 Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Shearer and family of Pinconning spent Sunday at the home of her sister, Mrs. Roy Weston.
 Mr. and Mrs. Will Ostrander of Detroit are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Crum.
 Mr. and Mrs. Pete Stone of Whittemore spent a couple of days the first of the week at the home of his sister, Mrs. Will Pringle.
 About 20 of the young folks gathered at the home of Miss Edna Schroeder last Monday evening to help celebrate her birthday. The evening was spent in games and music, after which a lunch was served and all departed for home at a late hour, wishing her many more happy birthdays.
 Last Saturday evening about seventy-five friends and neighbors gathered at the home of Frank Schneider and gave him a pleasant surprise, the occasion being his birthday. The evening was spent playing games and music and at a late hour ice cream and cake was served. After which they all departed for their homes wishing him many more such happy birthdays.

Martha Ann Babcock was born in Antonia, Canada, Aug. 25, 1847, and died August 13, 1917. Being 69 years and eleven months old at the time of her death.
 She was married to Wm. Kane December 8, 1868 and to this union eight children were born, four boys and four girls, of which five are living: Mrs. Joe Sillig of Glennie, Mich., Mrs. Henry Crorey of Toledo, Ohio, Mrs. Wm. Farewell of Onaway, Mich., Mrs. Chas. Schuster of Whittemore, Mich. She also leaves one sister, Mrs. Henry Ward of AuSable. All were present at the funeral but the boy. Funeral services were held from the house at 11 o'clock, Wednesday and was largely attended, Rev. Chas. McKenzie of Whittemore officiating and interment was made in the Tawas City cemetery.

ROGER SITE NEWS.

John Mark spent Sunday in Tawas with his family.
 Bert Crandall spent a few days in Tawas with his mother.
 Jennie Abbott of Wilber is visiting at her sister, Mrs. A. Boomer.
 Mr. and Mrs. Frasier and children are visiting relatives in Glennie.
 Mrs. Elias Smith of McIvor called at Will Brown's Sunday afternoon.
 Alfred Patterson spent Saturday and Sunday at his home in Tawas.
 Mr. and Mrs. Jas. LeClair and little son, autoed to Hale Saturday and remained over Sunday.
 Considerable excitement was caused in the village the past week as three cases of diphtheria broke out, which were the causes of two deaths. A little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Doc Stactor passed away last Friday and the family have the deep sympathy of all in their sad hour of distress. All the cases are pronounced out of danger and Dr. Dickinson and Dr. Weed are doing all they can to prevent the disease from spreading.
 Vorrise, the little two-year old son, of Mr. and Mrs. Spoor passed away last Thursday night at 1 o'clock. The child was taken seriously ill Wednesday at dinner and Dr. Weed was called and pronounced the case diphtheria. Everything possible was done for the little fellow, but to no avail. Vorrise was a sweet child and a favorite with his playmates and beloved by all who knew him. The remains were laid to rest in the Oscoda cemetery. The family is extended the sincere sympathy of all in this, their sad hour.

BURLEIGH GOSSIP

Dewey Holloway spent Sunday with his parents.
 Mrs. Cockern is working for Mrs. Angus Dunham.
 Cyrus Partlo spent Sunday with Miss Anna Osborne.
 Mr. and Mrs. John King are the proud parents of a baby girl.
 Miss Alfrietta Koyle of Whittemore visited Miss Anna Osborne Saturday and Sunday.
 Miss Pearl Ostrander and Harry Ostrander spent Sunday with Miss Olive Colvin.
 Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bronson visited Sunday in Logan with Mr. and Mrs. Allen Caverly.
 Charlie Bellville accompanied by Carmon Koyle of Whittemore, were visitors in Maple Ridge Sunday.
 Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Bruce returned to their home in Detroit Monday, after visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex Bruce.

MRS. WM. KANE IS SUMMONED
 Mrs. Wm. Kane was found dead in her bed last Monday morning, the cause of death being heart trouble. She went to bed as usual Sunday evening and died sometime during the night.

RENO RUMBLINGS

The grain harvest is now on.
 Hamie Hutchinson was at Hale on Tuesday.
 Edd. Robinson was at Hale on business Monday.
 Ernest Crego and family autoed to the dams Sunday.
 Edd. Wakefield is here renewing old acquaintances again.
 Archie McDougald was a business visitor at Hale Tuesday.
 Showers are quite plentiful lately and crops are growing fine.
 Miss Beatrice Daugharty visited relatives here the past week.
 E. Barry of Brant visited his brother, Chas., last Wednesday.
 Mr. and Mrs. Morgan were business visitors at Whittemore Wednesday.
 Miss Ethel Marden has been the guest of Mrs. Harsch the past week.
 Mr. and Mrs. Ross entertained relatives and friends from Indiana last week.
 Episcopal services were held at the Taft school house on Wednesday of this week.
 Cecil Westervelt went to Bay City and Flint for a two weeks visit with relatives.
 Cecil Westervelt is spending the week visiting relatives in Flint and Bay City.
 Mrs. Clark and children of Linden are the guests of her brother, Alva Hutchinson.
 Messrs. J. Sibley, Oscar Siverson, McCrory and J. Cameron autoed to Tawas Wednesday.
 Jas. Robinson of Onaway was here Tuesday to attend the wedding of his sister, Miss Burnice.
 Mrs. David Shellenbarger left for Twining Wednesday morning to visit her sister, Mrs. Sloan.
 Jos. Harsch, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Harsch and Miss Ethel Marden autoed to Tawas Monday.
 Mrs. Archie McDougald has been very sick the past week. Dr. Cowie was called in attendance.
 Miss Grace White who came up from Flint to attend the Robinson-White wedding returned Wednesday.
 Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Johnston of Flint came up Saturday for a visit with their daughter, Mrs. Alex Robinson.

P. J. Bonenfant who has been the guest of the Misses Jackson for the past week, returned to his home in Detroit last Monday.
 The new barn on the farm of Mr. Adams is nearly completed. The same carpenters built a large barn for Mr. Wolf earlier in the season.
 Mr. and Mrs. William Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Spencer and daughter, of Brant, called on Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Berry Monday, enroute to South Branch.
 Rev. Marsh conducted baptismal service last Sunday at the river. The day was warm and pleasant, and the pastor's talk on obedience to God's commands was well received.
 There will be a special service for the reception of new members at the Baptist church on Sunday afternoon. Communion service at the close. You're surely welcome at the people's church.

ROBINSON-WHITE.

A very quiet wedding took place at the Presbyterian parsonage Tuesday morning, August 14, when Miss Burnice Robinson, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mark Robinson was united in marriage to Arthur White by Rev. Roberts.
 The bride is one of our popular young ladies, having taught our school here the past few years and the groom is an industrious young man.
 The bride was gowned in white silk crepe de chene, attended by Miss Grace White, sister of the groom, who was dressed in white silk voile. Edward Robinson, brother of the bride, assisted as best man, wore a black suit, while the groom was attired in a suit of blue serge.
 At the home of the brides' parents the nearest relatives were waiting with rice to greet them.
 Guests from out of town were: Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sloan of Twining and James Robinson of Onaway.
 The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and useful presents.
 After a bountiful reception the happy couple left for a cottage on Loon lake where they will spend their honeymoon. Their many friends unite in wishing them a long and happy married life.

TAWAS WINS FROM ALABASTER

(Continued from first page.)
 Robinson, cf, p. 5 2 1 1 0
 Martin, c 5 1 0 6 1 0
 F. Baker, p, rf 4 1 2 1 0 0
 O. Benson, ss 4 1 0 3 4 2
 P. Baker, lb 4 0 0 7 0 0
 White, 3b 4 1 0 1 1 1
 Totals 41 6 4 24 8 5
 Tawas 0 7 0 0 0 0 0 x-7
 Alabaster 0 0 0 1 4 0 0 6-6
 Summary—Two base hit—M. Musolf. Stolen bases—Robinson, 2; W. Musolf, Miller, M. Musolf. First on balls—off Baker, 2; off Robinson, 1. Struck out—by Mark, 12; by Baker, 5; by Robinson, 3. Wild pitch—Mark 1. Passed ball—Martin 2. Left on bases—Tawas, 4. Alabaster, 8.

WILBER WARBLINGS.

J. Bulley was a caller at Foote dam last Monday.
 John Searle made a business trip to Foote dam Tuesday evening.
 Barton Corner has gone to Foote dam, where he has employment.
 Mrs. M. Babcock of Baldwin is spending the week with Millie Hiller.
 Miss Anna Phelps who spent the summer in Detroit came home last week.
 Jennie Abbott came home Sunday after visiting at Foote dam for a few days.
 H. Otis of Baldwin called on relatives and friends here last Monday and Tuesday.
 John Searle attended a meeting of the board of supervisors at Tawas City this week.
 Miss Hilda Hendrickson from Alabaster is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Kronlund.
 J. Samuelson of Harrisville was a caller at the home of John Searle Wednesday morning.
 Mr. and Mrs. George Gregory and family from Pontiac visited friends here one day last week.
 Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Abbott visited at Foote dam last Sunday at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Alfred Boomer.
 No services will be held at the Wilber M. E. church next Sunday on account of the absence of Mr. Koyle at the hospital.
 Mrs. Mary Hoban returned to her home in Detroit this week after spending a few weeks here visiting at the home of her father, Alex Corner.
 C. Talmage of Pontiac came last Saturday for a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Schaff. Mrs. T. has been here visiting for some time.
 Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Dawes and family and Howard Thompsen, Mr. and Mrs. John Searle and family and Ada Sullivan from Baldwin, motored to Van Etnan lake last Sunday, where they had a picnic dinner, and enjoyed a boat ride, from there they went to Greenbush, Mikado and Cedar lake.

LONG LAKE BREEZES.

Edna Short is on the sick list.
 H. H. Bates was a Hale caller Tuesday.
 Claude Vosburg autoed to Hale Wednesday.
 Fred Holbeck left for Grand Rapids Tuesday.
 J. Dan Pilmore returned from Bay City Tuesday.
 Miss Ethel Clough was a Hale caller Tuesday.
 Elbert Self and Chas. Bills were in town Sunday.
 Mr. Esmond of Hale was in town one day last week.
 Rev. C. J. White made a business trip to Tawas Tuesday.
 John Gracey of Bay City spent a few days here fishing last week.
 The Harris family of Hale were the guests of Chas. Bliss Sunday.
 Several people from here attended the ball game at South Branch Sunday.
 Henry Neilson returned to Flint Friday, after spending a few days here.
 Eleanor Bradford returned to Detroit Monday after spending several days here.
 Hazel Hukls returned to her work in Toledo after spending a few days visiting her parents here.
 Mrs. Jay Clough returned from the southern part of the state after spending several weeks there.
 Mrs. Henry Neilson returned to her home in Flint after spending several weeks visiting her parents here.
 Mrs. Pearl Houghton of Fort Wayne, Ind., spent a few days visiting her parents here. Returning home Tuesday.

HEMLOCK SLIVERS.

Rev. Reeves' sermon on Sunday afternoon was enjoyed by a large crowd.
 Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien are visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. Mary Tamberling.
 Don Carpenter and George Allen have returned to their work in Lansing.
 Mr. and Mrs. John Katterman visited relatives in Tawas City Sunday evening.
 Mrs. Lillian Mosher spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Reuben VanSickle.
 Mr. and Mrs. Butron Papple of the Meadow road were visitors of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Papple on Sunday.
 Rev. and Mrs. J. B. Brown have been spending a few days this week at their home, the Elm Forks ranch.
 Topic for C. E. is, "A Definite Purpose and the Success it Wins."
 Mrs. Harry Latham will lead. All are cordially invited to attend these meetings.
 The many friends of Mrs. William Kane were shocked to hear of her death which occurred Monday morning. The sympathy of the entire community is extended the family in their hour of sorrow.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

Commencing September 1st, 1917, we will sell ALL goods on a Strictly Spot Cash Basis.

Goods must be settled for before they leave our yards, excepting in case of town delivery orders, on which, terms will be CASH ON DELIVERY. By this method we will be able to work on closer margins of profit and get away from yearly bad debt losses that have necessarily boosted our retail prices.

We have continually on our books several thousand dollars tied up in accounts, the interest on the amount of money alone would enable us to make quite a cut in prices. Besides this we are forced to charge off every year some accounts that we cannot collect.

Every thing we buy from the farmer is high priced and keeps us going at times to get money to enable us to do business, caused by a limited credit at the banks and so much money tied up in stock.

This action is taken with sincere hope that it will not cause any hard feeling with anyone, as we realize a good many of our customers are always ready to settle their account when settlement is asked for, however, to make this cash business a success--as we are going to--we cannot discriminate in favor of anyone and it will make it more pleasant for us if we are not asked to do the impossible.

As noted above, this action will commence September 1st, 1917, and we are giving notice in advance so there will be no excuse for anyone not being aware of our action.

WILSON GRAIN CO.
 Tawas City Michigan

HERALD ADVERTISING BRINGS RESULTS

Chesterfield CIGARETTES



of IMPORTED and DOMESTIC tobaccos—Blended.

There's more to this cigarette than taste

You bet! Because Chesterfields, besides pleasing the taste, have stepped in with a brand-new kind of enjoyment for smokers—

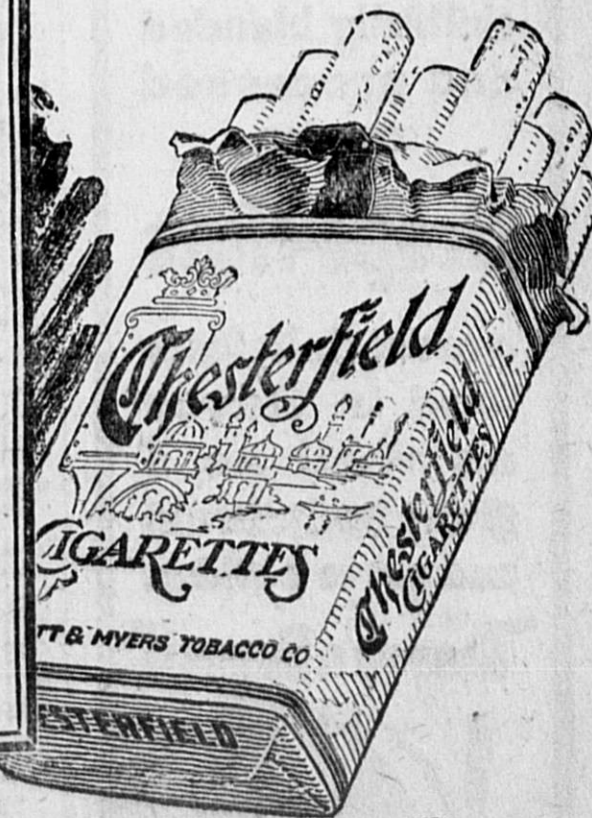
Chesterfields hit the smoke-spot, they let you know you are smoking—they "Satisfy"!

And yet, they're MILD!

The blend is what does it—the new blend of pure, natural imported and Domestic tobaccos. And the blend can't be copied.

Next time, if you want that new "Satisfy" feeling, say Chesterfields.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.



They "Satisfy"!
 and yet they're Mild!

Wrapped in glassine paper—keeps them fresh.

20 for 10¢

Attention Farmers

Harvest time is at hand again and we wish to remind you that we are ready to buy your grain and other products and pay you the highest market price at all times. See us before selling your hay, grain, beans, potatoes, etc.

We have just received two carloads of

SOUND BUTT SHINGLES

and will be pleased to furnish you with any quantity you may need at very reasonable prices.

Also a full stock of Flour, Feed, Cement, Salt, Etc.

Whittemore Elevator Company
 Whittemore Michigan