

THE TAWAS HERALD

Leading Newspaper of Iosco County

Volume XXXVII

TAWAS CITY, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1920

Number 9

HAPPENINGS OF THE WEEK

Local, Personal and General News Furnished in Condensed Paragraphs for the Convenience of the Busy Reader

Sheet music at Brabant Bros. adv
Frank Schneider of Sherman was a business visitor in the city Tuesday. Eyes tested and glasses fitted correctly by W. B. Murray, optician, East Tawas. adv
John A. Mark returned Wednesday afternoon from a week's visit with his children in Detroit.
Percy N. Thornton spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Thornton, at Hale.
Mrs. W. B. Kelly went to Hale Thursday to visit her sister, Mrs. McLean, who is seriously ill.
Chris. Goedecke of Ortonville has been in the city and vicinity a few days this week on business.
Mrs. H. C. McKinnon of Harrisville attended the wedding of her brother, Lee Grigg, Monday evening.
A public office is a public trust, not a vehicle for venting personal spite upon those whom the holder dislikes.
Chas. and Waldo Curry went to Lapeer last Saturday and spent a few days at the home of their brother, Thos. V. Curry.
If you want to buy, sell or exchange real estate write or call and see me. I may have what you want. F. M. G. Sibert, Holland hotel, East Tawas. adv
Mrs. R. G. Harting returned to her home at Pontiac last Saturday, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Mount, who will spend the winter there.
I have customers for improved 40, 80, 120 and 160 acre farms. Tell me what you have for sale, I may have the man who wants a farm like you have. F. M. G. Sibert, Holland hotel, East Tawas. adv
Mr. and Mrs. Harry Schlanger of Omer have been guests at the home of Mrs. Schlanger's parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Friedman, this week. Mr. Schlanger has sold his clothing business at Standish and will move to New York, where he will engage in business.

The official call for the republican state convention was issued during the past week. It will be held at Kalamazoo on May 5. Iosco county will be entitled to five delegates. The republican county conventions will be held on Wednesday, April 21, to elect delegates to the state convention.

At the home of the groom's mother, Mrs. Viola Grigg, on Monday evening at 8 o'clock, occurred the marriage of Lee Grigg of this city to Miss Ruth Senical of Detroit. The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. A. Ehrhardt, the ring service being used, and was attended by about twenty relatives of the family. The bride was attired in a navy blue tailored gown and was attended by Miss Gladys Swales as bridesmaid, who also wore blue. Clare Long acted as best man. After the ceremony a wedding lunch was served. The young couple were the recipients of many pretty and useful gifts. They have many friends here who extend best wishes for a long and happy married life.

The coal situation in this part of the state is very acute just at the present time. The Wilson Grain Co. received a carload of coal during the past week and was obliged to parcel it out in lots of a few hundred pounds each to relieve the immediate needs of those who were entirely out. If the cold wave continues it is a problem as to what can be done, as coal enroute has been seized by the railroads and manufacturing plants. This is manifestly unjust, as the manufacturing plants might better be closed entirely for a few weeks than that the people should suffer for coal to keep their homes warm. There is dereliction of duty somewhere, but it is a hard matter to place the blame.

At St. Clair, Mich., on February 11, 1920, occurred the marriage of Miss Minnie Ristow of Tawas City to Mr. Louis Reaman of Yetter, Iowa. On the following day, February 12, her sister, Miss Frieda Ristow, was united in marriage at the same place to Mr. Frank Liken of Sebawaing, Mich. Both couples came immediately to Tawas City for a short visit with the parents of the brides, Mr. and Mrs. John Ristow. Mr. and Mrs. Liken left Monday for their home at Sebawaing, and Mr. and Mrs. Reaman will leave later for Yetter, Iowa, where they will make their home. The young ladies have many friends in Tawas City and vicinity who will join in extending congratulations and best wishes for a long and happy married life.

Fire insurance. H. E. Hanson adv
John LeClair of Hale was in the city on business last Saturday.
John Jordan of Sherman was a business visitor in the city Thursday.
Mrs. Mary Carr left Thursday for a visit with relatives at Pontiac.
D. F. Cook of Bay City was in the city Thursday to cry the W. M. Wheeler auction sale.
Wanted a number of medium priced Tawas City houses. What have you for sale? Call or write. F. M. G. Sibert, Holland hotel, East Tawas. adv
Continental Instant Paste is the most convenient paste on the market. It is in powder form to be mixed with water, when needed and will not freeze or spoil. 40c per pound package at the Herald office. adv
In the work of the Near East Relief state of Michigan stands second in the total amount of contributions with \$269,856, according to a report issued on February 12. It is exceeded only by New York with a total contribution of \$1,331,000.
There are supercilious upstarts in this world who will turn and rend those who have done them the greatest service. In this they are meaner than the dog, who if rendered assistance will lick the hand that helps him, instead of biting it.

TWENTIETH CENTURY CLUB.
The Twentieth Century club held its annual meeting at the home of Mrs. A. W. Colby on Saturday, Feb. 7. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:
President—Mrs. Jessie Downer
1st Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Nellie Robinson
2nd Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Hattie Conant
Secretary—Mrs. Mae Dease
Treasurer—Miss Edna Worden
Delegate to State Federation—Mrs. Jessie Downer
Light refreshments were served by the hostess.

REV. C. A. EHRHARDT RESIGNS.
Rev. C. A. Ehrhardt has tendered his resignation as pastor of the Baptist church in this city, having accepted a call to the church at Gaylord. He will assume the duties of his new charge March 1.
Following is Mr. Ehrhardt's letter of resignation:
To the Members of the Baptist Church of Tawas City:
Dear Friends:—
Having received a unanimous call to the very promising pastorate at Gaylord, I feel constrained to return to you the trust you committed to me nearly two and a half years ago.
I cannot, however, sever these relations without expressing my hearty appreciation of the loyalty shown me by those who were responsible for the welfare of the church. The more their responsibility, the greater was their loyalty.
In these twenty-eight months there has not been a single note of adverse criticism, which shows a splendid prevailing harmony in our official relations.
In view of accepting the above call, it seems advisable to close the existing pastoral relations with the last Sunday of the present month.
May the Holy Spirit direct in the choice of another pastor.
Lovingly your pastor,
C. A. Ehrhardt.
Tawas City, Mich., February 15, 1920.

L. H. BELKNAP IS CHIEF ENGINEER.
Leslie H. Belknap, who for some time past has been Assessment District Engineer of the state highway department, and also in charge of the Federal Aid Road division, has taken over the division of Chief Engineer, formerly held by William W. Cox, recently appointed road engineer manager of St. Clair county. While this adds some new duties and responsibilities, Mr. Belknap is fully equipped for the work by reason of his long familiarity with all the phases of the operation of the state highway department.—Michigan Roads and Forests.
Leslie H. Belknap is the son of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Belknap of Whittemore and his many Iosco county friends are glad to note his advancement in his chosen line of work.

BE KIND TO YOUR HORSE AND ALL DUMB CREATURES. IT SHOWS THE GENTLEMAN. adv

NILES ARTHUR BRADDOCK.
N. Arthur Braddock, a resident of Tawas City since 1913, died at his home on Lake street Monday evening, Feb. 16, at the age of 78 years and five months.
Mr. Braddock was born in Essex Conn., Sept. 1, 1841, and came to Michigan in 1861, after several years of sea-faring life, and located at Bay City.
Nov. 14, 1864 he was married to Sara E. Handy of Bay City, who with three children survive him, two other children having gone on before. The surviving children are Alfred A. Braddock of Colorado, L. H. Braddock of Tawas City and Rhoda Braddock Rea of Fort Wayne, Ind.
The remains were taken Thursday to Bay City, his former home for interment.
During his residence in Tawas City Mr. Braddock has made many warm friends who sincerely regret his demise and who extend sincere sympathy to the bereaved family.

PRIZE ESSAY CONTEST "FIRST IN PEACE" ENDS FEBRUARY 23.
The patriotic prize contest which has occupied the minds of our school boys and girls during the past two months, and which has been conducted by James E. Dillon, will end February 23. Contestants are invited to bring their essays in person, or they may be given to their teachers to hand in, or sent by mail if more convenient. Each competing essay should be plainly marked with the contestant's name, the name of the school they attend, grade and teacher's name.
The following persons have kindly consented to act as judges: Rev. C. E. Edinger, A. R. Gold, and Mrs. W. A. Evans. The names of the winners, together with copy of their essays, will be given through the local press—not later than the first week in March.

AMERICAN LEGION NOTES
Jesse C. Hodder Post No. 189 Tawas City, Mich.
Regular meeting Monday evening, March 1.
French Memorial Death Certificates are being issued to parents of soldiers who died in France, through the Adjutant General's office, Washington, D. C.
Ex-service men interested in government insurance and the \$50 bond per month bonus for war service, should confer with the officers of the Post at once.
Annual membership fees, \$3.00, which include subscription to the American Legion weekly.

WAR TRUCKS FOR ROAD BUILDERS.
To date the war department has turned over to the United States department of agriculture approximately 24,000 motor vehicles, as provided in congressional legislation empowering the latter department to distribute this war material among the state highway commissioners for use in road building allotments of the vehicles to be based on the amount of Federal aid for roads which the states receive. This is practically all the vehicles which the war department has to release. Of this total 12,000 have been delivered to the states. The remainder will be distributed as fast as railway cars can be secured for their transportation. Representatives of the bureau of public roads in charge of the matter, believe that within two or three months all of the vehicles will have been delivered to the states. This equipment promises to be a great aid in carrying out the large road building program for 1920.
The state highway commissioners are also interested in securing allotments of tractors, steam shovels, locomotive cranes, automotive cranes, industrial railway track, dump cars and industrial locomotives which remain to be disposed of by the war department. A measure known as the Kahn bill, directing the secretary of war to release this material for the state highway commissioners, has passed the senate and has been reported out of committee in the house. Until the secretary of war has been directed by Congress to turn over this equipment it is not likely that it will be available for state distribution.
A boy hopes some day to get all the ice cream he can eat, but he has his doubts about it.
There are so many married men it is a wonder that the peace at any price party isn't larger.

COUNTY AGENT COLUMN

C. P. Milham
Owing to the fact that excellent reports of the conferences at Lansing are published in the farm papers, the county agent does not consider it necessary to republish them in this column.

Days in office.....	20
Days in field.....	8
Calls at office.....	110
Phone calls.....	33
Letters written.....	100
Copies of circular letters.....	3
Total circular letters.....	474
Bulletins distributed.....	84
Attendance at meetings.....	337

There is so much sickness in the county that a number of meetings have had to be canceled. However it is planned to hold as many meetings as possible to take advantage of the services of the extension specialists who are coming. Mr. Grantham, soils specialist, is coming to Iosco county on the afternoon train Monday, February 23, and will leave Wednesday on the evening train. Between these times it is planned to hold the following meetings with Mr. Grantham: Monday evening, Feb. 23, Grange hall, in Whittemore; Tuesday afternoon, Sherman town hall; and Wednesday afternoon at the court house, Tawas City. Everyone interested in the subject of soils and soil fertility should be present at one of these meetings.

WHERE THE PAPER GOES.
One fruitful source of the scarcity and high prices of paper may be found in any printing office in the hundreds of letters, circulars and articles sent out by various agencies which hope to secure free publicity from the newspapers for their business, scheme or hobby. These contributions to the paper waste mostly find their way into the waste basket and do neither the sender nor the receiver any good.
In looking over the accumulation of such matter for only two or three days of the past week, the editor of the Herald found such letters and requests from the following: U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, M. E. Church Centenary Movement, Near East Relief, Democratic National Committee, Republican State Committee, U. S. Marine Corps, Michigan Agricultural College, U. S. Army Recruiting Service, Michigan Community Commission, Michigan Anti-Tuberculosis Assn., Leonard Wood Campaign Committee, National Rivers and Harbors Congress, Interchurch World Movement, Association of Railway Executives, U. S. Treasury Dept., Dodge Bros. Lovden Campaign Committee, Poindexter Campaign Committee.

From each of these at least one letter or circular was received, and from some of them three or four. Should the Herald use one-half such matter sent it each week the paper would need to be enlarged to about twice its present size, and then there would be no room for local or county news nor for advertising. There are hundreds of these institutions and committees who are constantly trying to "sponge" on the country editor for free space. Occasionally a really meritorious article appears among the heterogeneous mass, but it is more than likely that most such escape the editor's notice, as his time for examining such matter is limited.
If these agencies would occasionally send a piece of real live copy to the papers and cease deluging them with a mass of matter they cannot use, they would accomplish more for their particular purpose with a great saving of paper, time and postage.

FOR KITCHEN EFFICIENCY.
Arrange your kitchen equipment so that it will give you the most help and take the least work.
Choose things easy to clean and care for.
Try to locate the stove, sink work table and storage places so there will be no unnecessary steps in moving from one to the other.
Have good light where you work the most.
Adjust sink and work table to the height most comfortable for the person who uses them.
Group your utensils so that you can reach them easily. Put those most frequently used in the most convenient places. Small ones may be hung on little hooks fastened to the wall or the edge of a shelf.
Group them near the places in which they are most used and put those used together near each other.
Get rid of useless things.

DEALING WITH THE UNDEPORTED.

America consists of Americans and of nothing but Americans. Those, who within the past few years have come to think of America as a vast mixture of languages, races and conflicting doctrines, have had the wrong viewpoint. They have been thinking of America as a place and not as an ideal.
Millions of immigrants have crossed the ocean from the Old World. They have reached our shores, but many of them have never reached America. On the other hand, many of our native born are not now and never have been Americans. There is no such thing as an "American Red." There is no such thing as an "American I. W. W."
An American is a man who feels American, thinks American and acts American—no matter where he was born.

America has plenty of room and a warm welcome for those who wish to become Americans but it cannot spare a single square foot of soil to those who intend to continue un-American and anti-American. Fortunately, we can deport some of the most noxious of these intruders, but these are a small percentage of the unfit. What about the remainder?

There is but one answer: They must be Americanized.

This, however, is not a task for the Department of Justice, nor even for Congress and the state legislatures. It is a task for the rank and file of American citizens. It is a task of education plus, and of influence plus; it is really a task of moral coercion. It is a task for swift and energetic action, wherein American citizens in all their vast numbers must seize opportunities when they exist and create opportunities when they do not exist, to Americanize all who come within their own circles, or else to cast them out of their circles.
It is no time to talk of "broad-minded sympathy" or of "conciliation," where a great question of right and wrong is involved: You cannot "concoct" evil any more than you can "concoct" a conflagration.—From the Fire Insurance Americanization Movement.

NEW RECORD FOR FARM SALES.
A new world's record for the sale of farms in a single year became known last week when the E. A. Strout farm agency officially notified their local agent, Royal D. Rood, that the total sales by the agency for the year 1919 numbered 3,668 with an aggregate value of just \$17,996,400.
This is the greatest volume of business by a very large margin ever done in a single year by any farm agency anywhere. The nearest approach ever made to it, probably, was by the Canadian Pacific Ry. Co. when in one year it sold \$12,000,000 worth of land to settlers. But much of the land sold by the Canadian railroad was wild and unsettled, while the whole volume of the Strout Farm Agency business was in improved farms.
A recent issue of "Printers Ink," the leading advertising magazine of the country, in an article describing the peculiar genius as an advertiser of E. A. Strout, the founder and still the head of the agency, referred to the work as an "epoch-making advertising campaign which has built up a nationwide business of more than \$17,000,000 a year."

A DEBT OF GRATITUDE.
If argument should be needed in some places to drive home the need of this greatest charity of all ages, the Near East Relief, remember that ingratitude is one of the most difficult sins to forgive and that we Americans owe to the Armenians a genuine debt of gratitude as a result of the war. For Armenia saved the world untold millions of dollars by blocking the Teutonic attempt to grab the Baku oil fields, whose product was sorely needed by them in their vicious submarine warfare. The Armenians thereby helped materially to shorten the length of the war. For each day the war was so shortened America saved millions. America can well afford today to give thirty million dollars from what she saved to save the Armenian nation from annihilation by starvation.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.
Teachers' examination will be held in Tawas City on April 29, 30, May 1. The examination in reading will be based on Monroe's "Measuring the Results of Teaching" and Bulletin No. 4, "The Teaching of Reading." Six questions in Theory and Art will be based on the Reading Circle books.
INA M. BRADLEY, Commissioner of Schools.

EAST TAWAS DEPARTMENT

Devoted to the General and Personal News of the Week From Our Neighboring City on the East

Little Marjorie Johnson is on the sick list.
Charles Bigelow's children are ill with the measles.
Mrs. John Henry is confined to her home by illness.
Miss Grace Carpenter spent last Saturday at Bay City.
Miss Brusco left this week for Flint to be gone indefinitely.
Mrs. Walter Luce, who has been quite ill, is on the gain.
A class of three was taken into Irene Rebekah Lodge Wednesday evening.
Mrs. Alfred Stonehouse went to Detroit last Friday for a visit with her daughters.
Thomas Duval of Detroit is visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. John Goddard.
Ralph Stickney came up from Saginaw last Saturday night for a visit with his mother.
Mrs. Evans of Cincinnati, Ohio, is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Ash.
Wm. Anderson left Saturday for Detroit, where he will visit Fred Walker for a short time.
Mrs. Duncan Boomer was taken to Mercy hospital, Bay City, last Monday morning for an operation.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sedgman and son, Will, attended the funeral of their son-in-law at Bay City last Friday.
Mrs. Clifford Poirier and infant daughter, of Bay City, are visiting the former's sister, Mrs. Geo. Lake.
Miss Hazel McLeod, the 4th and 5th grade teacher in our public schools, who is quite ill, was taken to her home in Laidlawville last Friday.
Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Swales and family attended the Senical-Grigg wedding at Tawas City Monday evening. Mr. Grigg is a brother of Mrs. Swales.
Mr. and Mrs. George Vaughan and son, George, went to Bay City last Friday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Vaughan's brother-in-law, George Cleaver.

RELIGIOUS DEMOCRACY AT EAST LANSING.
A. R. Gold.
Thousands of farmers, teachers, rural workers and others who have visited East Lansing in the last seven or eight years, or have attended college there, have had their attention drawn to the experiment in religious democracy that has been so thoroughly and successfully worked out there. This experiment, or shall we call it demonstration, has been most fortunately timed, because of the almost universal demand for an organization that would preserve the distinctive beliefs of each while it offered a plan and working basis for all. It seems perfectly natural and fitting that an institution that has preached cooperative farming should itself cooperate and become instrumental in the founding of a cooperative church.

The Demand is Universal.
Some years ago the writer was asked to organize a "People's Church" in a typical rural community. As there was already a church of a well known and strong denomination in the village the offer was not accepted. Another reason for refusing was the fact that, but little was then known of such enterprises, and some definite and concrete expression was needed to supply the somewhat vague demands. The demand is very real in spite of the fact that it is sometimes vaguely or indefinitely expressed. Rural life in Michigan is socially progressive and every small town, village, or cross-roads settlement has at some time expressed the desire "that we could all get together and hire a preacher and PAY him." This statement has not always been received with shouts of approval, on the contrary, there has been some headshaking and other gestures indicating the impossibility of such a thing being done. Every crowd that ever sat around a stove in the grocery store has its pessimists. We have seen one extinguish a red spot on the side of the stove with a saturated solution of nicotine as he rose to remark that "them Baptists would never stand for such a scheme." Then another would slide his cud of Copenhagen to the other side of his mouth while he "allowed that them Methodists would either run it or quit." The next contribution from a man who had just paid his bill was equally doleful. Care-

How Far Will It Go?
Religious democracy at East Lansing works, but how far can it be expected to go? We expect something different in the college town but will it work out at the cross-roads settlement? In the last few years boys and girls from the cross-roads settlement and from other parts of the country have been going down to the college for the short course or perhaps for graduate work. They have taken back some new ideas in rural organization and are waiting for an opportunity to work them out. In the next few years the East Lansing experiment will be repeated in a number of smaller communities and it may be expected to work wherever there is a definitely expressed demand for it. As to the limit and adaptability of the plan, no one can fix it today. We are told that this is a time when everything is plastic and fluid, and we are very much afraid sometimes of slopping over; but as we come to see the possibilities of another renaissance we realize the opportunities in this plasticity for smoothing out the ruts and wrinkles that have impeded our progress.

It may go so far as to attach a little appendix to the discipline or policy of some of our churches, without injuring the working of their internal organs. It may go so far as to allow the children of Baptists, Presbyterians, Congregationalists and Methodists, each to study the doctrines of his denomination in the same church school and to formally unite with a "People's Church" without changing his faith. Surely there could be nothing to prevent a minister of each denomination represented from attending and taking part in such reception service. When everyone is talking political democracy, social democracy or industrial democracy, religious democracy seems inevitable.

CARD OF THANKS.
We wish to express our most sincere thanks to our kind friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted during the long continued illness of our daughter and sister, Nora.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Styles and Family.
Some men when elected to an office having a few thousand dollars a year consider themselves elevated to a level with the Almighty, and think that all men must bow to their will. They do not stop to ponder the fact that their power comes from the people and that they are servants and not masters.

fully examining the red and gold band on the "Fleur de Chou" which he accepted with his receipt, he then lit it, and puffing it critically, and suspiciously, he "opined that it sounded like a trick of them Presbyterians." Still another who disdained "seegers" and wouldn't be caught chawin' at a dog-fight, after carefully loading his pipe from the free supply box which no longer dispenses hospitality from the cash register, ventured to express his opinion that "if the Congregationalsists run it there will be neither religion or politics in it, but you'll be without a preacher half the time." All of which goes to show that these men while not opposed to progress, considered that because of denominational prejudices the ideal was impractical. The very frankness in so discussing these prejudices is an encouraging thing, and it is the first step in movement for a reorganization of religious life.
The Plan Will Work
Some years ago, at East Lansing, the citizens with the college faculty discussed the needs of the rapidly growing town and the desirability of avoiding objectionable features of church organization such as overlapping and competition. Several denominations were represented in the town and a number among college students. Some means for a religious expression was needed for all the people so a "People's Church" was organized. It was incorporated as a Congregational church, but it has been served by ministers of three denominations. About a dozen other denominations worship in the church and each member may support the missionary and educational work of his own denomination. The work has grown to such an extent that the capacity of the building will have to be doubled in the immediate future.

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One year.....\$2.00
Six months..... 1.00
Three months..... .50

Tawas City, Mich., February 20, 1920

Advertising Rates

Space rates on application. Reading notices, Obituary poetry advertisements in locals and want adv columns, 10 cents per line. Cards of thanks, 75 cents. Business cards \$7.50 per year.

"THE NEW AMERICAN THRIFT"

Forty Financiers, Bankers, Business Men and Educators Write on Big Problems of Day.

Forty financiers, bankers, business men and educators have analyzed thrift in a volume just issued by the American Academy of Political and Social Science. It is entitled, "The New American Thrift." Among the subjects treated are the following: "Relation of Thrift to National Building," Thomas Nixon Carver, Harvard University; "Freedom Through Thrift," William Mather Lewis, director savings division, treasury department; "Thrift as An Individual and Family Problem (Some Standard Budgets)," E. R. Andrews, Columbia University; "The Insurance of Thrift," John A. Lapp, managing editor Modern Medicine; "The Nation's Call for Thrift," Frank L. McVey, president of University of Kentucky; "Wealth, Income and Savings," David Friday, University of Michigan; "Thrift and Labor," A. H. Hansen, associate professor of economics, University of Minnesota; "Organized Labor's Attitude Toward the National Thrift Movement," Frank E. Wolfe, American Alliance for Labor and Democracy; "Thrift and Business," George W. Dowrie, dean of the school of business, University of Minnesota; "Thrift and the Financial Situation," A. C. Miller, federal reserve board; "Capital Needs for Education in the United States," David Snedden, Columbia University; "An Analysis of the Need of Capital for Transportation in the United States," Holcombe Parkes, associate editor, Railway Age; "American Farmer's Need for Capital," E. H. Thomson, president Federal Land Bank; "Capital Needs for American Industrial Development," Francis H. Sisson, vice president Guaranty Trust company of New York; "Capital Needs of Foreign Trade," Thomas W. Lamont, J. P. Morgan & Co.; "Memorandum on the Economic Situation," Herbert Hoover, director general of relief, Stanford University; "What Fuel Conservation Means to America," Robert W. Woolley, interstate commerce commission; "Food Thrift," Raymond Pearl, Johns Hopkins University; "The Garbage Pail, a National Thrift Barometer," H. L. Baldensperger, University of Pennsylvania; "The Function of Salvage in the Education of Industrial Workers," George W. Sherman, manager salvage department B. F. Goodrich company; "Efficiency and Thrift," W. R. Conover, General Electric company, Schenectady, N. Y.; "Requisites of a Good Investment," Albert W. Atwood; "Speculation and the Small Investor," Theodore H. Price, editor of Commerce and Finance; "United States Government Bonds as Investments," J. E. Cummings, University of Minnesota.

Financial Creed for All

Every individual in the Seventh district is being urged by the War Savings organization to live up to a financial creed during 1920. Following is the creed suggested by the government:

- I believe in the United States of America.
- My opportunity and hope depend upon her future.
- I believe that her stability and progress rest upon the industry and thrift of her people.
- Therefore, I will work hard and live simply.
- I will spend less than I earn.
- I will use my earnings with care.
- I will save consistently.
- I will invest thoughtfully.
- To increase the financial strength of my country and myself, I will buy government securities.
- I will hold above barter the obligations my country thus incurred.
- I will do these things to insure the greatness of America's future.

Of Course Paul Wants Dad

Paul and Billy live in the country. There are two girls in the family also. Their aunts in town are fond of sending them things. One package contained nothing for Paul or Billy. Paul wrote to his grandmother: "What's the matter with my aunts? They sent a package out here and there wasn't a thing for Billy or me in it, and Billy's pretty mad about it."

Flamingo Nearing Extinction.

The flamingo's happy hunting ground used to be throughout Florida and many lovely members of its family could be met with in the other hot countries. Very few of them are left now, however, because of the destruction and many of them are killed in a few years more they will have been killed off until they will be extinct.

One trouble with the man who thinks he knows it all is his tendency to tell it.

PARTIAL PAYMENT PLAN TO HELP ALL SAVE FOR FUTURE

Seventh District Starts System With Banks to Aid Investment in Savings Certificates.

A partial payment plan which is calculated to give a big impetus to investment in the \$100 and \$1,000 Treasury Savings certificates, which always are worth more than you paid for them, is being put into effect by the Government Savings organization of the Seventh Federal Reserve District. This system enables the saver who wishes to invest in sound securities to do so on the installment plan as was done in the purchase of Liberty Loan bonds. Payments may be made on a weekly, semi-monthly or monthly basis, the minimum payments being \$2, \$4 and \$8 respectively. The investor enters into a contract with a bank, to which he makes his partial payments. Under this agreement the bank deposits as a "nest egg" for the investor one dollar for each \$100 certificate purchased from the bank.

"We have found," said W. B. Bosworth, executive secretary of the Seventh District Savings organization, "that there are vast numbers of people who would like to put their money in these Treasury Savings certificates who cannot afford to part with enough to pay for a \$100 certificate in a single payment, so the organization of this district devised a partial payment plan, which was submitted to the Treasury Department at Washington and has received the official sanction of the Savings Division, headed by William Mather Lewis.

"The investor is thus enabled to purchase these Savings certificates on the installment plan and the certificates are turned over to him when he has completed his payments. The bank with which he does business also deposits to his credit in the bank one dollar as a savings account for each \$100 certificate purchased. We feel that this partial payment system will enable many thousands to invest in these Government securities who otherwise would not be able to do so. It also will mean in many cases the starting of bank savings accounts.

"The safety of these securities is a feature that should not be lost sight of. Being registered, they are insured against loss through theft or fire. If one ever needs the money the certificates are redeemable, beginning with the second calendar month after the month of purchase without the ten days' demand required by the terms of the 1919 Savings certificates."

Following is the text of the agreement entered into between the purchaser and the bank he selects:

I hereby enter my subscription with the bank named above for \$..... (Maturity Value) in Treasury Savings Certificates, to be paid for regularly at the rate of \$..... (Weekly) (Semi-monthly) (Monthly)

Payments will begin on, 1920, and in no event can be completed later than December 31, 1920.

Purchase Price of \$100.00 Certificates.

If final payment is made in July.....	\$83.60
If final payment is made in August.....	83.80
If final payment is made in September.....	84.00
If final payment is made in October.....	84.20
If final payment is made in November.....	84.40
If final payment is made in December.....	84.60

Upon completion of said payments you agree to deliver to me the above described certificate or certificates, and for each \$100 certificate so purchased to deposit \$1.00 in your bank to the credit of a savings account with me (or any person I may designate), upon surrender to you of Partial Payment Contract of same date and number as this card.

It is understood and agreed that if I fail to make all payments promptly as above agreed and if any payment shall continue in default for more than thirty days, you may, in your discretion, after due notice to me, by letter addressed as below, issue to me War Savings Stamps and Thrift Stamps equivalent to the sum of all money actually paid in, upon surrender to you of said Partial Payment Contract. It is further agreed that I shall also be entitled at any time prior to completion of payments to a like refund of all payments made, if I so request and surrender the contract.

It is understood that this contract is solely between the bank named above and the subscriber and that no obligation on the part of the United States arises except on the Treasury Savings certificate (or certificates) after delivery to the purchaser.

FROM POVERTY TO \$200,000,000.

The importance which the late Henry C. Frick placed on thrift and the habits of saving is clearly shown in the incidents of his career. Mr. Frick, who was called the founder of the industrial growth of Pittsburgh, was born in poverty and compiled an estate which at his death was estimated at fully \$200,000,000.

Cardinal Gibbons Asks Aid For Starving Armenians



This is the message from James Cardinal Gibbons read at the big meeting in Washington in aid of the Near East Relief. The venerable primate of the Catholic Church in America is intensely interested in the appeal which the Near East Relief will make to the country in February for funds to support its work among the starving peoples of that stricken land. To the Washington meeting he wrote:

"Advice and information coming from the Near East cannot be doubted. There is great actual suffering and famine. These people, recently become independent and released from bitter thralldom, cannot support themselves. And the Christian and common instincts of humanity which have prompted the people of the United States during the last two years to relieve the distress and needs, especially of the Near East, must not be allowed to grow cold and be diminished. "I hope we shall all unite in this present emergency and be able to collect sufficient funds to enable these peoples to live and work until next summer brings them permanent relief and subsistence. I call upon all to respond generously to the appeal now being made and trust that the committee will be gratified with the results."

\$5 PER MONTH FEEDS ORPHAN

Cleveland H. Dodge Shows What Near East Relief Can Do in Efficient Purchasing.

Buying in wholesale lots and under the most favorable market conditions, Near East Relief of 1 Madison Avenue, New York City, with representatives in every state of the Union, has been able to baffle the high cost of living so far as relief supplies for the suffering millions of the Near East are concerned.

Cleveland H. Dodge, treasurer, in a statement shows that the committee is able to provide food for the suffering people of the Near East at prices much lower than the average charge here.

A donation of \$5 per month will provide food for one orphan, \$10 per month provides not only food, but also clothes and shelter for one orphan, and for \$15 per month attendance at school is assured to each orphan in addition to food, clothing and shelter.

In the appeal for funds to save the starving remnants of the Armenians and other western Asia peoples, Near East Relief is inviting the American public to "adopt" an orphan at the rates given here. Over 250,000 homeless children are in need of help in the Near East. Women's organizations, lodges, churches and social clubs are responding to the appeal by adopting quotas of orphans for support over a definite period.

The Wonders of America

By T. T. MAXEY

NIAGARA FALLS.

IF you can imagine a river three-fourths of a mile wide, 20 feet deep in the middle, and containing thousands and thousands of tons of water, suddenly tumbling over a cliff 100 feet high and dashing on the rocks below with a deafening roar and throwing up huge clouds of mist and spray, you have some impression of what Niagara Falls, the world's best-known and most popular waterfall, is like.

This majestic cataract is situated in the Niagara river, between Lake Erie and Lake Ontario and near the city of Buffalo, N. Y. Ny-ah-ga-rah is an Indian word, meaning Thundering Waters. Members of the Seneca tribe, 'tis said, considered the roar of the falls as the voice of the Great Spirit. Thinking he inhabited the spray, they made many and various offerings to this deity.

The waterfall divides itself into two parts, American Falls and the Horseshoe or Canadian Falls. Nine-tenths of the flow, which is estimated to be 500,000 tons per minute, passes over the Horseshoe Falls, which is by far the more impressive of the two.

Below the falls the river is considerably narrower than it is above the falls, and the water rushes, at a frightful speed, through a seven-mile-long gorge, in which is located the famous Whirlpool Rapids.

The edge of the cliff over which the water plunges into the canyon below, wears away at the rate of about five feet a year. Geologists declare that this mighty fall has been in operation for about 20,000 years.

HIS QUEER 'CATCH'

And Garbage Master Was Not Fishing, at That.

Old Copy Reader Ransacks His Mind For Most Unique Story He Can Recall, and Here is the Result He Achieved.

The oldest copy reader on the paper grew reminiscent.

"In all the thousands of 'stories' for the paper I have read, how many unique ones have I found? Well, I can give you one that stands out in my memory, sharply defined, without a flaw.

"It is about the strangest fish that was ever caught in Sheepshead bay. It was about the time that motorboats were first being built, and risky things they were, too, in those days. Well, there was a certain young man about Broadway whose boast was that he would try anything once.

"He had tried automobiles and had had considerable success in finding out what happened to them when they ran into brick walls, telegraph poles and other things like that. So he decided to try motorboats, too.

"He did, and never tried anything after that. He gathered a jolly little party, packed a jolly little luncheon and off from shore they set in a cocky little motorboat, out into the middle of Sheepshead bay. There came a heavy squall, the boat upset and several of the happy throng were drowned, the gay young man included. Now, here's the meat of the yarn:

"The prettiest girl in the party was also the gayest. Her French heels were the highest and her big, floppy hat was the biggest and the flappiest. Well, she went down, down into Sheepshead bay and drank more water in five minutes than she had in as many years.

"When she came up for the third time she grabbed an empty floating box and clung to it until she grew too weak. Down she went. Night fell.

"Now a tug came puffing and snorting on her way back from the garbage dumping grounds—or waters—dragging half a dozen empty scows, all of which were, like all such craft, equipped with hinged bottoms which open outward. All the scows were open, and aboard one, the captain or skipper or master, or whatever he ranked, was watching to see that nothing broke loose in the squall.

"Suddenly he heard a squeak, shrill and uncanny. He investigated. And inside his opened-up garbage scow, clinging desperately to the chains that swing open and shut the container of garbage was what had been a glorious creature in picture hat, French heels and other furbelows. The garbage master was a brave man, but this appalled him. His nerve won, however, and he hauled the miracle to what deck there was, and she survived and revived.

"What had happened was that the beautiful lady had been drawn down into the water again, but had once more come to the surface just as the scow passed over her and she had come up inside. She had life enough and sense enough to grasp anything tangible, that being in this case a slippery chain. Then she knew enough to try to shriek. The squeak she emitted saved her life."

With Malice Aforethought.

Round the campfire—to put it poetically—a lot of soldiers were discussing hairbreadth escapes and adventures they had had. One after another they related tales, true and otherwise, till it came to the turn of a man who'd traveled all over the world. Every one waited breathlessly for his yarn, but he said he'd nothing to tell.

"Have you never had an accident?" chorused his pals.

"Accident? No!"

"Never had an accident in your life?"

"No. Rattler bit me once."

"Don't you call that an accident?"

"Thunder, no! The thing bit me on purpose!" said the traveler.

Grenfell's Splendid Work.

Wilfred Thomason Grenfell, M. D., superintendent of the Labrador medical mission of Royal National Mission of Deep Sea Fishermen, was born February 28, 1863. He fitted out the first hospital ship for the North sea fisheries, and cruised with the fishermen from the Bay of Biscay to Iceland. He established homes for them on the land and arranged mission vessels for them in the sea. He went to Labrador in 1892, when he built four hospitals, a series of co-operative stores and an orphanage, and established numerous small industrial schemes.

How Could He Know?

It may be a mistake for Hoover to go to Europe after all.

A day or two ago Miriam, of Jeffersonville, who is not yet eight, was not cleaning up her plate as well as she should, and usually does. Moreover, she was disposed to be wasteful and seemed to think the bars were up.

"Mr. Hoover will be after you if you waste food," said her mother.

"Mr. Hoover won't know anything about it; he has gone to Europe," was the reply.—Indianapolis News.

Time on the Rhine.

Private Jones of Hoboken—Say, Casey, what time is it by the watch on the Rhine?

Private Casey of Brooklyn—Retirin' time, me bye, retirin' time!—Judge.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Willard G. Ripenbark and Amanda Ripenbark, his wife, of Isoco county, Michigan, to the Banting Machine Co., Michigan, dated the Twenty-fourth day of May, A. D. 1916, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the county of Isoco and state of Michigan, on the fifth day of June, A. D. 1916, in Liber 20 of mortgages on page 246, which said mortgage was duly assigned to Julia Robischeke on the Ninth day of April, A. D. 1918, said assignment being duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Isoco County on the Eighth day of July, A. D. 1918, in Liber 20 of mortgages on page 429, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due for principal and interest, at this date, the sum of Eleven Hundred Twenty-Four and 70-100 Dollars and an attorney's fee of Thirty-five Dollars as provided for by law, and no suit or proceedings at law having been instituted to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, on Tuesday, the Eighteenth day of May, A. D. 1920, at two o'clock in the afternoon, the undersigned will at the front door of the Court House in the City of Tawas City that being the place where the circuit court for the county of Isoco is held, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount so due as aforesaid on said mortgage, with six per cent interest and all legal costs together with said attorney's fee, to-wit: The West half (1/2) of Section Thirty (30), Town Twenty-one (21) North, Range Five (5) East.

JULIA ROBISCHKE, Assignee.

JOHN A. STEWART, Attorney for Assignee, Tawas City, Mich. 2-13-19

The Tawas Herald, \$2.00 per year.

Merle was fond of bananas. When his father took him into his mother's room to see the new brother that had arrived the night before the child was given a banana as he left the door "Gee," he cried delightedly: "a new brother and a banana, both the same day!"

Keep Your Feet Dry and Warm
We have a nice line of Rubbers and Overshoes for men and boys at prices that are right.
Our grocery line is complete with the best line in the market.
For your breakfast try Chase & Sanborn's Coffee.
W. J. Robinson
Tawas City, Mich.

We Have for You
Drugs and Medicines Pure---fresh---reliable---the drugs upon which your physician can always depend.
Face Cream All of the purest and best specialties for the complexion. Always dependable.
Candy We have large line of high class candies. Best makes of Chocolates.
Stationery Our stationery for ladies is very genteel, attractive and not expensive.
Tobaccoes We handle all the leading brands of cigars, cigarettes and tobacco. Large line of pipes.
Prescriptions Our prescriptions are compounded with the utmost care and fidelity to accuracy.
Red Cross Pharmacy
TAWAS CITY J. M. WUGGAZER & CO., Proprietors MICHIGAN

\$100 DeLaval Separator Free
Beginning March 1 and running until September 1, the Tawas Butter Company will conduct a contest among the farmers of this section of the country, the prize for which will be a \$100 DeLaval Cream Separator.
This prize will be awarded to the farmer bringing in the largest amount of butter fat per cow during this period. It is a condition of the contest that not less than three cows shall be owned by the contestant.
This is a prize worth trying for and both prize and increase in production which will result from the contest will be profitable to the farmers.
Highest Price Paid for Cream
TAWAS BUTTER COMPANY
Tawas City HENRY KOBS, Proprietor Michigan

Aluminum From Lumbdor Stone. A factory in Norway claims to obtain aluminum from Lumbdor stone, heretofore regarded as valueless.

WANTS, FOR SALE, ETC

House, barn and four lots for sale. H. Kooperman, Tawas City. 8

For Sale—A Buick touring car in good running order. For sale cheap if taken at once. Geo. Fahselt. 8

Wanted—Hides, furs, pelts and junk. I guarantee the market price. Harry Kooperman, Tawas City, Mich. 7-11

Wanted—A housekeeper for small family. Good wages. Write to or inquire of Chas. A. Bigelow, East Tawas, Mich. 7-11

For Sale—Before March 1st, Ford auto, buggy, cutter, harness, hard coal heater, sewing machine, washing machine and some other articles. C. A. Ehrhardt. 9-11

For Sale—Iowa cream separator used about six months. In first class condition. Will sell at half price. Call at creamery. Chas. Moeller, Tawas City, Mich. 7-11

For Sale One purebred but unregistered Holstein-Friesian cow and calf. Just freshened. Reason for selling: cow is not eligible to registry. Price \$175.00. Serradella Farm, Oscoda. 9-11

For Sale—Or will trade for other live stock, one imported Percheron stallion, weight 2000 lbs. Color grey. Guaranteed sure and sound. Priced to sell. Write C. H. Prescott & Sons, Tawas City, Mich. 7

Wanted More "Bee Jelly."
When Howard was visiting grandma, he was given his first taste of honey spread on bread and butter. He liked it so much that upon arriving for a second visit he rushed in exclaiming, "O, grandma, can I have a piece of bread and butter with bee jelly on it?"

\$100 Reward, \$100
Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. \$100.00 for any case of Catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

JOHN W. TAIT
Notary Public
Conveyancing carefully done. Agent Northern Fire Insurance Co., New York. A share of your patronage respectfully solicited.
East Tawas Michigan

HERMAN DEHNKE
Attorney
Office in Court House
Harrisville Michigan

MISS BLANCHE RICHARDS
Insurance Agent—Notary Public
15 Old Line Fire Insurance Companies represented. Life, Liability, Surety Bonds, Plate Glass, Farm and Auto Insurance.
(Conveyancing and Notary work carefully done. East Tawas, Michigan)

TO HONOR GOLD DISCOVERER

Project for Establishment of a Museum at Placerville, Cal., in Memory of James Marshall.

Miss M. A. Kelley of Kelsey, instructor in El Dorado county schools, has undertaken the establishment of a Hangtown museum at Placerville, and a similar institution to be erected surrounding the blacksmith shop of the late James A. Marshall, discoverer of gold in California, as it now stands in Kelsey. The Hangtown museum as contemplated is to contain exhibits of the days of '49 and the various articles used in gold production during the early days of Hangtown.

A large assortment of these exhibits is available from old residents or descendants of the pioneer families in El Dorado county. Placerville will support the location and maintenance of the museum. At Kelsey, where the old blacksmith shop of Marshall now stands almost ready to fall to pieces, it is desired to build a stone wall and covering around the old shop to preserve the remembrance of Marshall.

Miss Kelley knew Marshall intimately. Many people have it that Marshall died a pauper. This, Miss Kelley says, is untrue, and that he not only possessed the hotel where he died, but had two gold mines known as the "Big Sandy" and "Gray Eagle," both of which are productive mines and now owned by the Breyman estate of Toledo, O.

TOY DOG HAS HIGH VALUE

Brussels Griffon, Practically Unobtainable Just Now, is Likely to Become Popular Favorite.

The Brussels Griffon is popularly known as "the monkey-faced toy dog," and he is one of the brightest, sharpest and gamest of all toy breeds. The Griffon is a cross between Irish terrier, Yorkshire terrier and Yorkshire spaniel and only the fortunes of war and the difficulties of getting any dogs out of Belgium have prevented the Griffon from becoming a leader among the toy breeds that are so fashionable just now.

American breeders of Griffons have a bit of advantage over their European confreres, inasmuch as cropped dogs are allowed to be shown in this country and there is no question that it does improve the appearance of this breed when the ears are carried erect.

The smaller these dogs are the more valuable. A Griffon weighing three or four pounds, that is so small that he can be carried in a lady's muff, is worth almost anything the fortunate possessor wants to ask for him. At the present time it is almost impossible to obtain such a dog.

What Emptiness May Do.

When a large shell is fired into the air it leaves a wake more or less like that of a boat rushing through water. Immediately behind the projectile as it moves many miles a minute through the atmosphere there is a vacuum. The air family is a quick mover at filling such space, but of course it is more or less confused and frustrated by the unexpected arrival and passage of the projectile, and the vacuum is real for a fair portion of time. If there is an airplane going full tilt across the wake of that fired shell immediately behind the projectile, it must run into the vacuum. Then it may be more seriously damaged than if it had been struck by the shell. The air shuts together with a force that hurts all within reach. Such a clapping of the hands of air in a similar vacuum made by a bolt of lightning makes the thunder. It is better to hear it than to feel it. Airplanes have been brought down in the world war by that means. Those long American navy guns did that to a German two-seated plane, and it came crashing down into the Yankee lines. The pilot was dead.

The Queer Leaf Insect.

It is called the leaf insect, and until it starts to crawl it is quite impossible to tell where the leaf leaves off and it begins. It comes in all sizes from three inches long to the length of a little finger nail. And it is not a leaf come to life, though that is what it looks like. It hatches out of tiny, square, brown eggs. What would be the leaf stem is its backbone, and the point where the leaf attaches to the twig is its head. Its legs look like bits of decayed and ragged leaf, and no two of them are identical in length, size or shape. Its wings are irregular and veiny and have small discolorations on them, as though they had been touched by early frost. You could not tell the creature from the leaf it was sitting on to save your eyes. Most extraordinary thing I ever saw! It gave me the creeps and made me think of horror stories I have read about vampire orchids and boaconstrictor vines that yearn for human blood.—From "The War in the Cradle of the World," by Eleanor Franklin Egan.

Australia's Wool Crop.

For the first time the whole of the Australian wool clip has been valued on a scientific basis. Some 664,000,000 pounds have been handled, and the result, based on the all-round flat rate of 15½d per pound, is said to be 14,680. Last season the appraisements worked out at 14.15d, which shows an increase for this season of 9.5 per cent. The new clip has already commenced to move into Sydney, 8,355 bales having been received. Freight is still a problem and not much relief is in prospect, but some relief will be afforded by the government stores.

WEYLAND'S BIG DAY
By MARION C. LEESAM.

(Copyright, 1918, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

The little town of Weyland was certainly in a fever of excitement—and why not? Tomorrow was to be "Military day" and all the fellows who had left that town for the service of Uncle Sam were invited home to be treated as honored guests. Of course there were some already "over there" who could not attend, but others were at nearby camps and schools and the people of the town volunteered to go in their own machines and bring the boys home.

"If it is only a fair day," said Ruth Merrill to her mother. "If it rains, it will spoil the whole thing."

"Don't be pessimistic, Ruth, dear. I guess it will not rain, it's such a beautiful evening. By the way, will Robert Foster be able to come home?"

"I hardly think so, and moreover I don't care whether he comes home or not."

Robert Foster was one of Ruth's old sweethearts, but a year ago they had quarreled and Bob had enlisted. Ruth was too proud to give in, and so was Bob, hence the quarrel had never been patched up.

"Why, Ruth, this is no time to be thinking of petty quarrels," said her mother. "It's a shame for you and Bob to act so."

Mrs. Merrill put her neatly darned stockings into the basket, thinking deeply all the while. "There is nothing I can do," she thought. "Better let things straighten out themselves."

The next day dawned fair and warm and Ruth got up with a happy feeling in her heart. Something was going to happen to her that day, but what she knew not. There was to be a parade in the morning; then in the afternoon a banquet, and last of all a dance in the evening.

It was during the parade that Ruth's heart beat rapidly, as she saw in the third formation the tall figure of Ensign Robert Foster. "My, how manly he looks," Ruth thought, but then she turned her eyes away for they were passing by and he might look at her.

"I won't speak first," she said to her mother; but fate had arranged differently. About five o'clock Ruth hustled over to help wait on table. She had about fifteen hungry fellows to serve, and she hurried lest some should be kept waiting. Everything went fine till Ruth, with a cup of coffee in one hand and a plate of chicken salad in the other, went to place them in front of one young man, who immediately turned and looked up into her face. Ruth had not expected Bob at her table, and the shock was too much. Anyway, the coffee landed somewhere in Bob's lap, and a dismayed little girl ran frantically out of the room.

"I shan't go in again," she sobbed to one of the girls. "I spoiled his white suit, and he looked so nice."

After much teasing Ruth was persuaded to go to the dance; but she took pains to keep out of Bob's way. She avoided him all evening by dancing with other fellows; but one dance came when Ruth was without a partner, and Bob, seeing his chance, sauntered over.

Ruth got through the dance, but few words were spoken. At the beginning of the encore Bob led her out of the hall, and they walked in the still moonlight until the dance music was only faintly heard.

Then Bob turned and took Ruth squarely by the shoulders. "Little sweetheart, let's forget everything and start again. Since training down south, I have had time to think things over, and I certainly missed my little girl's letters to keep away that homesick feeling."

Ruth softly squeezed Bob's hand. "I've been sorry, too," she said; "but I thought you had forgotten me. Then when I blundered and spilled the coffee I felt that was the finishing touch."

"That's the least of my troubles; but, dear, I'm going to sea in a couple of weeks, so we must be happy and make the best of our time together."

It was a much happier girl who, two weeks later, said goodby to Bob. "I'll be back soon, dear; so don't worry," and, kissing her tenderly, Bob went away.

Ruth waved until he was out of sight. Then, with tears in her eyes, she looked down at the ring on her third finger and pressed it to her lips.

Why Mother Interfered.

Miss Gush—And, Ethel, dear, what is the baby's name?
Mrs. Newmother—I've named him Ethelbert Algernon.

Miss Gush—But I always thought the father named the boy?
Mrs. Newmother—If you could hear what his father calls him when he is walking the floor with him in the early dawn you wouldn't wonder that I took matters in my own hands.—London Tit-Bits.

Imagining Teeth in Stomach.

The Revista dos Curson, Brazil, warns against putting too much trust in patients' statements. A man swallowed his false teeth and insisted that he could feel them in his stomach. The stomach was opened and nothing found. As a result of the chloroform the man vomited profusely, bringing forth the teeth, which had lodged in the esophagus.

True and False Freedom.

There are two freedoms—the false, where a man is free to do what he likes; the true, where a man is free to do what he ought.—Charles Kingsley.

AGREEMENT

This Agreement, Made and entered into this 7th day of January, 1920, by and between the City of Detroit, represented by B. Banta, Superintendent of the Detroit House of Correction, duly authorized Agent for and in behalf of said City, party of the first part; and the County of Iosco, Michigan, represented by W. H. Grant, Chairman and Frank E. Dease, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, duly authorized Agent for and in behalf of said County, party of the second part. Witnesseth, Whereas, the party of the first part, for and in consideration hereinafter mentioned, agrees to receive into the Detroit House of Correction, safely keep, board, clothe and care for, any and all persons who may be sentenced to confinement in the said Detroit House of Correction, by any Court or Magistrate in the County of Iosco, Michigan, to-wit: For all persons sentenced for any period not less than sixty days. One Dollar and twenty-five cents per day each, or any part of day. It is hereby agreed by and between the parties hereto, that this agreement does not cover any person or persons who may be sentenced to confinement by any Court or Magistrate in said County for any term less than sixty days, and such person or persons so sentenced shall not be committed to, confined, received or kept in the said Detroit House of Correction under the terms of this agreement. Provided that all persons sentenced and delivered as aforesaid, upon being discharged, may, in the discretion of the Superintendent of the Detroit House of Correction, be furnished with transportation to the place from whence received, or given the equivalent in money, and the amount so expended shall be repaid by the party of the second part quarterly as hereinafter specified.

The party of the second part, in consideration of the before mentioned stipulations to be performed to the party of the first part, agrees that all persons convicted in the County of Iosco, Michigan, of offenses under the Disorderly Act or of crimes not punished by imprisonment in the State Prison or Reform School, and who are sentenced by any Court or Magistrate, shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the Detroit House of Correction, and shall be forthwith conveyed to and delivered into the custody of the Superintendent thereof; and to pay all lawful drafts drawn upon the Treasurer of the County of Iosco, Michigan, for board, care, discipline and money expended for return transportation, etc., of persons so sentenced and delivered, according to the terms of this agreement, quarterly, viz: on the first day of January, April, July and October of each year of the continuance of this agreement.

The party of the second part further agrees to furnish the party of the first part an affidavit of the due publication of public notice of this agreement in some newspaper published within said County, and in case no paper is published in said County then an affidavit of the due publication of such notice in some newspaper published within the judicial district to which said County is attached for a period of not less than four weeks, and such notice shall state the period of time for which this agreement will remain in force, as provided for in Section 2162, Mich Compiled Laws 1897.

It is further agreed, by and between the parties hereto, that this agreement shall continue for One year from the 7th day of January, 1920, and shall be binding and in full force in all its points to the end. Provided that the parties hereto, or either of them, have and has by these presents the right to annul this agreement at any time during the continuance thereof, when written notice of the intention to so annul shall have been served by one party upon the other party, at a date not less than one month previous.

In Witness Whereof, We have affixed hereto our hands on the day and year first above mentioned, at Detroit, State of Michigan.

THE CITY OF DETROIT,
By B. Banta, Superintendent of the Detroit House of Correction
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,
By W. H. Grant, Chairman
By Frank E. Dease, Clerk
Iosco County. 1-30-20

The Tawas Herald, \$2.00 per year.

VULCANIZING
OF ALL KINDS
Now is the time to look your tires over and get them in No. 1 shape for spring. All work guaranteed.

DELCO-LIGHT
The complete Electric Light and Power Plant

Delco-Light on the farm means more time for productive work

HARRY GRIFFIN, Dealer
West Branch, Mich.

HARDWARE
at
The RICHARDS HARDWARE
East Tawas

Auction Sales
Prompt attention to any sale anywhere. Prices reasonable. Secure date at Herald office, or Ealy, McKay & Co., or phone my residence at Hale at my expense.
T. G. SCOFIELD
Auctioneer

E. W. Ross Co.'s Silos and Ensilage Cutters
World's Standard for 70 years. Special Discount for Early Orders
Toledo Cable Co.'s High Grade Guaranteed Lightning Rods, Fence Anchors and Signs, Cut Prices for Spring Delivery
Automobile, Fire, Lightning, Cyclone, Hail, Livestock, Life and Accident Insurance
At square deal prices.
RALPH ANDERSON, Siloam, Michigan

Oldest State Bank
IN
Northern Michigan
Established 1894

The Bank for Farmers
The progressive business man wouldn't think of trying to run his business without a reliable banking connection. Neither would the business-like farmer.
It provides a safe depository for funds; makes for efficient management of home, personal and farm finances; strengthens credit and insures financial assistance when needed.
Mr. Farmer, this is the bank for you!
Alpena County Savings Bank
Alpena, Mich.
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

D. F. COOK
Auctioneer
BAY CITY, MICH.
Is handling an auction sale every day somewhere and giving splendid satisfaction
For Terms and Dates Apply at Herald Office

\$4.50 Value for \$1.75
To introduce Pioneer, Star A and Royal Queen Teas we are putting out a limited number of high grade Aluminum Tea Pots at less than our cost.
For the return of ten empty packages and \$1.75 in cash you can obtain one of these 99 per cent pure Aluminum Tea Pots which are being sold in the leading department stores at \$4.50. This is equal to a reduction of 55c per pound on Tea.
This Offer is Good for Limited Time Only
E. L. MOELLER
Tawas City Michigan

Special Offer
We have a number of Studebaker Wagons, Saginaw Spring Tooth Drags, and Spike Tooth Drags that are in the way of a car load of Roofing soon to arrive.
If you have any use for the above we will make suitable prices terms.
Do not delay! This offer is limited to a short time only.
C. H. PRESCOTT & SONS
Tawas City, Mich.

Gold Medal and White Satin Flour, per barrel . . . \$15
The two best flours on the market. Anyone needing flour should get their order in early as the price is advancing.
Rye Flour \$10 per barrel
Wilson Grain Co.
Tawas City, Mich.

MEADOW ROAD
Mrs. Albert Klish visited Wednesday with Mrs. Carl Keyes.
Dr. Valentine (?) of this road is just recovering from an attack of measles.
Will Look of Flint spent the week end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Look.
Beryl Hughes, who is employed at Flint, spent the past week at his home here.
Edward Londo visited a few days the past week with his sister, Mrs. Claud LeClair, at Hale.
Carl Ebert, son of Mr. and Mrs. August Ebert, is ill with pneumonia

and is under the care of Dr. Stealy.
Mrs. Carl Look came home Saturday after spending the past two weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Richard Look at Flint.
Miss Emma Krumm, who is employed at Bay City, is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Krumm. She is just recovering from a severe illness.
Correspondent Answered.
Roger sends a clipped advertisement running: "Lost—Laborer's watch on road near pumping station," and wants to know wherein a laborer's watch differs from a banker's watch. Perhaps its hands are caulked, Roger.—Boston Transcript.

LIDLAWVILLE
Miss Hazel McLeod, who has been quite ill the past week, is some better at this writing.
Chris Goedecke of Ortonville is visiting for a few days with Mr. and Mrs. E. Gregory.
The friends of John Kobs are pleased to learn that he is recovering nicely from his severe burns.
Leo Culham and sons, Wilfred and Keith are visitors this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Laidlaw.
Charles Miller and Miss Grace Carpenter were Sunday evening visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm McLeod.
Mrs. C. E. Moeller of Tawas City visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Kobs, the first of the week.
Mrs. John Anschuetz spent Sunday and Monday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Schaaf in East Tawas.
Miss Freda Anschuetz is home after spending a couple of weeks with her sister, Mrs. Fred Gottleber, and family, who have been quite sick.
Andrew Markle died at the county house on Sunday. Had he lived until September it would have been thirty years that he had been an inmate there.

SOUND BUSINESS BASIS FOR CHURCH
Interchurch World Movement
Natural Growth of Tendency to Eliminate Waste.
VOID USELESS COMPETITION
Religious Financing Revolutionized by Success of Men-and-Millions Movement and Co-operation is Recult.

SOFT SPEECH AND BIG STICKS.
The caption borrowed above is a reminder of the Rooseveltian days and is used to remind us that it is still advisable "to speak softly and carry a big stick," since the insistent demands of railway operators made on the very eve of the passing of legislation necessary to the restoring of the railroads to their owners and the termination of the farce of government operation could have been inspired by no other purpose than that of throwing a monkey wrench into the business of government. Just why President Wilson and the Railroad Administration should be expected, consistently, to agree to demands for wage increases three weeks before the government should withdraw from the management of the carriers cannot be explained upon any other basis than that the brotherhoods had taken a final stand in the hopes that they could bulldoze the administration and, through their further threat to fight the renomination and re-election of every congressman who opposed them, turn Congress into a pack of political cowards in the face of the promised strike.
Soft speech has apparently not affected the determination of a few gentlemen who make their living as director-generals of groups of American wage-earners, and all of whom are affiliated in some manner or other with Mr. Gompers' Washington headquarters; and therefore the sane, unfrightened judgment prevailing in Congress is to apply the "big stick" to some of these autocrats who are constantly threatening to destroy all public men who will not do their bidding.

SHERMAN SHOTS
Chas. Schneider was at Bay City Wednesday.
Frank Gordon was at Twining on business Monday.
Guy Murray of Tawas City was a Sunday visitor here.
Leona Ballard of Flint is visiting here for a couple of weeks.
Henry Ducap returned home from

Trout Lake last week.
Frank and A. B. Schneider were at East Tawas on business Monday.
Mr. and Mrs. Claud Hinkley attended the funeral of Mrs. Jury at Turner last Saturday.
Frank and John Goldsmith, who have been working near Ishpeming, U. P., returned home last week.
School commenced in District No. 5 this week, after being closed for two weeks on account of the "flu."

Attention Farmers

Those of you who waited until the last moment to get your timothy and clover seed last year will remember that you had a lot of trouble to find it. It's going to be the same this year. You can avoid all that trouble by getting your seed now and probably save money at the same time. Seed is high now, but it looks like higher prices still.
We have the famous PINE TREE Timothy Seed, 99.5 per cent pure. You can't beat it. It pays to buy the best seed. Don't buy the cheap grades. You get enough weed seed without buying it.
Also have a full line of Feeds, Winter Wheat Bran and Middlings. When in need of Building Material get our prices on Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash and Doors, Mouldings, Etc.

WHITTEMORE ELEVATOR CO.
Whittemore, Mich.

RENO RUMBLINGS
Mrs. William White is able to be out again.
Several families in our town are reported as having the "flu."
Sam Barnes, who has employment in Flint, spent the week end with his family here.
Rolandis Harsch of Flint visited from Thursday until Monday at the parental home.
The M. E. ladies Aid will meet with Mrs. Angel next Wednesday. Everybody is cordially invited.
The quarantine has been lifted from several of the families over on the west side and they are getting out again.
Mrs. Harry Latter has been in Wilber the past week caring for her mother, who is very ill with pneumonia.
Mr. Lindsay was called to Saginaw Saturday by the death of his son, Jay. The remains were brought to their home Monday.
Mrs. William Latter is caring for her daughter, Dorothy, in Bay City, who is there receiving medical treatment for eczema in her hands.
Mr. Stanlake, a man of advanced years and who has been in very poor health for some time, died very suddenly at his home Sunday morning.
Last Tuesday Mr. and Mrs. G. Bemis received a telegram announcing the death of Mrs. Edgar Pierce of Benzonia, formerly of this place. During the few years they lived in Reno Mrs. Pierce made many friends who will mourn her loss. We extend our tenderest sympathies to the bereaved family.

LONG LAKE BREEZES
Lloyd Rivers went to Tawas Tuesday.
Fred Thayer returned home Monday evening.
B. Storm drove to Rose City one day last week.
Geo. Ballard returned from Chesaning Tuesday.
Amol Matheson of South Branch was in town Tuesday.
Only one case of "flu" in town, and we sincerely hope there will be no more.
Vina Morrison went home Friday night, intending to return Sunday, but the storm was so bad that she had to miss a day of school and come home Monday on the train.
(Too late for last week.)
F. C. Holbeck was in Hale Monday.
Thomas Roebottom is on the sick list.
Fred Thayer was at Tawas Saturday.
Mr. and Mrs. Deyo were in Hale Tuesday.
Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Whinnery were Hale callers Monday.
F. Wolfson and daughter, Beatrice, were at Hale Monday.
Mr. Reed, the Detroit creamery man was in town Wednesday.
Louis LaBerge has been suffering with a sore ankle, which he thinks is due to a sprain.
Mrs. D. Kelly and Mrs. P. Ferguson of Flint visited their parents a few days last week.
Geo. Ballard was called to Chesaning by the serious illness of his mother, Mrs. L. Miner

World-Budget Formed.
The Interchurch World Movement is simply a plan to do interdenominational work that the forward movements have done within the various communions. It means that every denominational budget will be made in the light of world needs instead of in the light of world needs of incomplete information. It means that contributions to one denomination will not be in wasteful competition with contributions to another, because all the fellowships will have worked out their program together.
The functions of the Interchurch World Movement are threefold. First, it collects, by means of world surveys, all the pertinent facts on which denominational programs may be built. Second, it sets up the practical machinery of co-operation. Third, it acts in an advisory capacity whenever its advice is requested.
The Movement has nothing to do with organic church union or matters of creed or doctrine. Each constituent unit preserves complete autonomy, and is bound only so far as it wishes to be bound. Financial appeals are made by each denomination to its own constituency. Any surplus in undesignated funds, over and above the actual cost of administration, will be prorated among the denominations engaged in a given financial undertaking.
An illustration of one thing the Movement can do is to be found in the western community of 1,600 persons in which thirteen denominations have been supporting separate churches with missionary funds, while an adjacent territory of 50,000 persons has only three churches. By seeing that all missionary boards are supplied with information in such cases, the Movement will make possible a wiser distribution of funds.
Its first goals are to reduce unnecessary duplication and overlapping to a minimum and to bring about an intelligent division of labor in unoccupied fields. The Movement is, at bottom, an attempt to put church business on the sound, business-like foundations on which the great commercial institutions of America are built.

Decide on Experiment.
After decades of such haphazard methods, the leaders of one denomination decided on an experiment. They thought it would be possible for the agencies to get together for a common study of all the opportunities and resources of their brotherhood, to make out a unified budget of men and money, and to conduct a concerted appeal for funds. It was made clear that each constituent board should reserve complete autonomy.
When the board representatives met they found it possible to eliminate a great amount of organization expenses. They ultimately worked out a budget and plan of campaign that was satisfactory to all. This resulted in the famous Men-and-Millions Movement of the Disciples of Christ, which brought in what was then considered the staggering sum of \$6,300,000 for a five-year program. The members of the communion were so pleased with this business-like method of conducting affairs that they contributed even more generously than had been expected.
The success of this enterprise revolutionized the whole business of church financing. The other great denominations immediately adopted the plan. The denominational associations have come to be known as "forward movements," and some thirty of them are in existence today. Each one has clarified all the information in relation to the enterprise within the denomination, and has reduced the business of collecting and spending money to a science.

Prize Mixer.
"A good mixer, isn't he?" "You betcha!" replied a citizen of Grudge. "He can tell more funny stories, borrow more money, pay less of it back, get more signatures to petitions, be elected to more lodge offices and do less honest work than any other three men in town."—Judge.

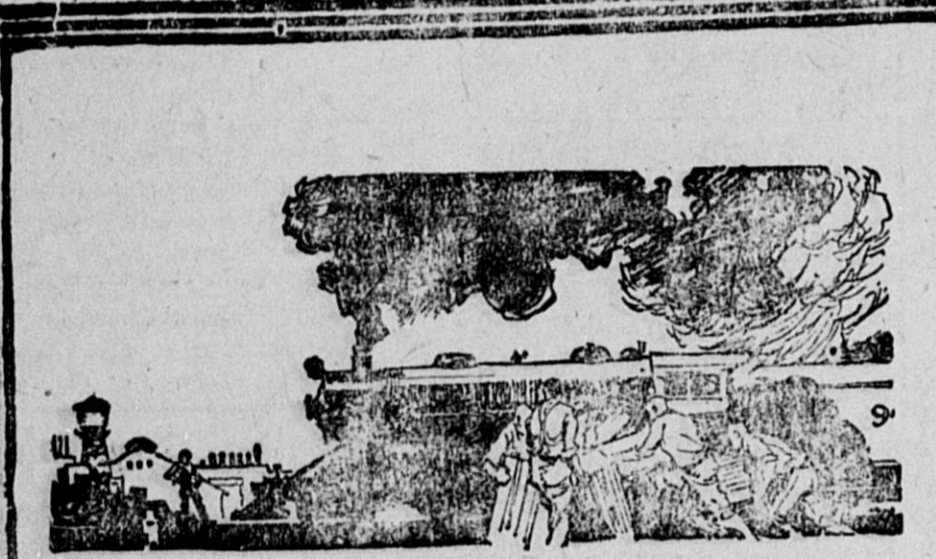
Swan Songs.
According to Pliny ("Natural History") "Swans, a little before their deaths, sing most sweetly," and it is from this that the "swan-song" has acquired a figurative use—the last work of a poet or musician, composed shortly before his death. To the English people of Beethoven's declining days, "Crossing the Bar" was that poet's swan-song, even as the music of "Oberon" was the swan-song of Karl von Weber.

Litscher-Lite
The Electric Power Plant with surplus power and power pulley to operate pumps, cream separators, and washing machines.
See one in operation at
W. H. Pringle's Dealer
Mclvor Michigan

WM. PRASCHAN
EXPERIENCED AUCTIONEER
I will get the best results from your sale and my prices are reasonable. Secure dates at The Tawas Herald office.
Will also buy Hay, Grain, Potatoes and Ear Corn in car lots or less.
WM. PRASCHAN
Turner Michigan

FARMERS
If you want to sell your farm list with the
E. A. Strout Farm Agency
The Largest Farm Agency in the United States
A square deal. No charge for listing and no withdrawal charge. You pay us our commission only after sale to our customer.
Write Phone
Royal D. Rood
Local Manager
Phone No. 188-F15
Tawas City

Auction Sale
The undersigned, having sold his farm, will sell to the highest bidder at his premises located one mile north and three and one-half miles east of Prescott, or two and one-half miles west and one and one-half miles south of Whittemore, on
TUESDAY, MARCH 2nd
Commencing promptly at 1 o'clock the following described property:
One red Durham cow, 5 yrs. old, fresh Feb. 15, calf by side
One red Durham cow, 6 yrs. old, fresh 7 weeks
One black cow, 7 yrs. old, fresh 6 weeks
One Guernsey cow 6 yrs. old, due May 10
One spotted cow, 6 yrs. old, due July 25
One Brown Swiss cow 4 yrs. old
One heifer 2 yrs. old
Two yearling heifers
One red bull
One calf
One chestnut mare coming 5 yrs. old, wt. about 1100
One bay gelding coming 4 yrs. old, wt. about 1200
One roan mare 9 yrs. old, wt 1100
Flock of young hens
One set heavy work harness
One wide tire wagon
One two seated double buggy
One riding cultivator, new
One walking cultivator
One set spike tooth harrows, new
One set spring tooth harrows
One Deering hay rake, 10 ft., new
One Osborne mower
One Ward plow
One grindstone
One set sleighs, new
One pair horse blankets
175 ft. 1 1/2 in. track rope
One Anker-Holt cream separator
Quantity of corn stalks and millet
35 bushels seed potatoes
75 quart canned fruit
One Jewel range No. 9, new
One 3 burner oil stove
Two iron beds with springs and mattresses
One heater
Two extension tables
Two dressers
24 yds. linoleum
One 10-gallon barrel churn
One 10-gallon cream can
Kitchen and dining room chairs, rockers, stands, cupboards, fruit cans, and all kitchen utensils
One man's fur overcoat
TERMS OF SALE—All sums of \$5.00 or under, cash. On sums over that amount time will be given on approved bankable notes bearing seven per cent interest, payable Dec. 15, 1920, at Bank of Prescott, Prescott, Mich.
N. J. DEAN, Proprietor
JAMES E. GLASURE, Auctioneer
JAS. McKAY, Clerk



Carrying a Ton a Mile for less than a Cent

Freight rates have played a very small part in the rising cost of living.
Other causes—the waste of war, under-production, credit inflation—have added dollars to the cost of the necessities of life, while freight charges have added only cents.
The average charge for hauling a ton of freight a mile is less than a cent.
A suit of clothing that sold for \$30 before the war was carried 2,265 miles by rail from Chicago to Los Angeles for 16 1/2 cents.
Now the freight charge is 22 cents and the suit sells for \$50.

The cost of the suit has increased 20 dollars.
The freight on it has increased only 5 1/2 cents.
Other transportation charges enter into the cost of the finished article—carrying the wool to the mills and the cloth to the tailors—but these other charges amount to but a few cents more.
The \$10 pair of shoes that used to sell for \$5 goes from the New England factory to the Florida dealer for a freight charge of 5 3/4 cents—only one cent more than the pre-war rate.
Beef pays only two-thirds of a cent a pound freight from Chicago to New York.
American freight rates are the lowest in the world.

This advertisement is published by the Association of Railway Executives

Those desiring information concerning the railroad situation may obtain literature by writing to The Association of Railway Executives, 61 Broadway, New York.

Too Much Rush in Life.
Today, as never before, the world is brimming over, palpating with the fullness. And yet so many of us fall to sense it, to so many of us a primrose is but a primrose, a fallen leaf but a dead thing. In the rush of modern life, with its insistent demands upon our time and attention, driving ourselves from one self-made duty to another, we have missed the glory of the sunshine, the fragrance of flowers, the beauty and charm and joy that are all about us.—Exchange.

W. S. S.—BUY THEM!

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR
The Garden farmer will find the Ford Model T One Ton Truck an especially valuable factor in his business because of the flexibility as well as the reliability of the service given by this splendid truck. The worm-drive of manganese bronze carries all the power of the motor to driving the Truck, and there are combined in larger and heavier form all the elements which have made the Ford Model T Car the greatest motor car in the world in point of service. The Ford Truck with its worm-drive is most economical in operation and maintenance. There is very little, if anything, to get out of order at any time; there is the simplicity in control; there is the convenience in the flexibility of the car, it will turn in a circle of forty-eight feet; it accommodates itself to narrow alleys, and it "stands the gaff" of hard work day after day, and month after month, to the great satisfaction of the owner. There is hardly a line of business activity where the Ford One Ton Truck is not really a necessity. Come in and talk it over.
HENRY KANE
Tawas City, Mich.