

Newspaper Making Goes Into Music



Recently there was produced in Carnegie hall, New York, a symphonic poem by Ferdie Grofe called "Tabloid," and among the instruments used by the orchestra, which was conducted by Paul Whiteman, were a number of typewriters. These served to reproduce the noises of the "city room" of a newspaper office.

INDIANS STILL HOLD TO PRIMITIVE FEARS

North Carolina Cherokees Retain Ancient Customs.

Washington, D. C.—Witches, wizards, ghosts and a strange assembly of supernatural figures still hold their sway in the Cherokee Indian settlements in the Great Smoky mountains of North Carolina.

Some of the primitive beliefs of the isolated people are related by Dr. Frans M. Olbrechts in his report of a study of the medical practices of the area recently issued by the Smithsonian institution.

Prominent among the supernatural beings are the "two little red men," sons of the thunder, who always rove about together wearing caps of purple and red surmounted by a peak described as "something like a German military helmet." They are looked upon as friendly beings and inveterate enemies of the "black man" who lives in the west and is a symbol of disease and death.

Then there are the various kinds of "little people" who seem to represent a close approach to the European fairies. They are described as very small with long hair falling to their heels. There are colonies of the "little people" in the mountains, rocks, forests and water. They live in settlements just as human beings, and hold dances and councils.

Make Whoopee at Night. Frequently their music and dancing can be heard at night by lonely travelers. As a rule they are invisible, but rarely gifted individuals may see them. Usually they are kindly inclined toward men and may care for and feed a lost traveler. But they are feared as causers of disease and are believed to choose children as their victims.

Ghosts are greatly feared, although they are not considered malignant. But, Olbrechts was informed by the Indians, they feel homesick in the ghost land to the west and make their friends and relatives sick in order that these may die and join them. Dreaming of a dead relative is considered the first symptom of a disease sent by the ghost. That is the chief reason, Olbrechts says, why the Cherokees try to drown the memory of the dead in merrymaking, however

In the Spring Mode



Discreet headings in a pointed design shades from the leaf green of the chiffon skirt to the white of the bodice. The wrap is a band of fur, bordered by billowy ruffles of organdy.

The Household

By LYDIA LE BARON WALKER

A prominent English writer of today gave friendly warning to those of his acquaintance that were book lovers, not to loan him any books which they did not expect to find embellished with marginal pictures of his own making, upon their return. This writer happened also to be an artist with pen and pencil, so such a warning was in this case a delightful invitation to loan all the books one had, rather than refrain from doing so.

Unfortunately not all persons who borrow books and take such liberties, delightful in this case, announce their intentions, and give an opportunity for approval or censure beforehand. Many a borrower of books from private libraries in order to give proper warning should announce his careless treatment in such a manner as this.

A Summary

"I will open your book without any effort at preserving the binding. In fact, I will toss it carelessly about, handle it with no paper cover, or tear the one which is offered with it. Moreover I will keep this book for several months, perhaps a year before reading and returning it. I would not think of keeping any other piece of

borrowed personal property so long, or treating it so badly, but if its just a book, I'm sure you will not mind."

Since many libraries have been increased in size recently by the giving of books as presents during the holiday season, the home librarian, for such is each of us who owns a shelf of books, has the right to find where he stands. He should see that books are opened correctly for their first perusal by himself or others. The volume should be laid flat on a table with sections of the books pressed gently towards the horizontal covers. In loaning them, brown paper, or tissue paper covers should replace the original jackets if they are to be retained to preserve the book as it stands on the open shelf. The name of the owner should be written in the front, and date of loaning it slipped in. The owner is justified in saying he does this just as a matter of record. A book plate is a good idea, but if none is to be had, the written name will serve.

Borrowers' Part

Borrowers of books should really be the ones to observe the suggestions made, rather than leaving it entirely to the lender, but no harm can come if both treat the visiting volumes as the best of hosts and hostesses would treat an honored guest, that is with all effort to prolong enjoyment in their mutual society. It is an honor both to lend and to borrow a book, if the rules of courtesy are not neglected.

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CARBON DIOXIDE FOR COUGH

Gas Also Effective in Other Respiratory Ills.

London.—Carbon dioxide, the gas that makes the bubbles in soda water, is being used as a remedy for whooping cough.

The treatment of one of the most distressing and intractable of the

months to ten years, were relieved in four days and reported as cured within one week.

"This is an epoch-making discovery in the treatment of diseases of the lungs and chest," said a Harley street specialist.

"Carbon dioxide already is an established remedy for pneumonia, but its successful application to whooping cough will in itself greatly reduce the cases of pneumonia, bronchitis and influenza which often follow whooping cough and take such a heavy toll of child life."

The basis of the carbon dioxide treatment is that it irritates the air passages and causes the removal of the disease particles with which they are clogged.

PAYING ONE'S DEBTS

By THOMAS ARKLE CLARK
Late Dean of Men,
University of Illinois.

Allen was pretty close run financially when he first came to college.

He had been out of high school for a year or so, and had had a good job, but he had saved little. He liked well-tailored clothes, and he had to go to a dance once or twice a week or to a show, and he never went alone, of course.

His father could afford to send him only a moderate allowance when he was in college, and Allen had never schooled himself to do without anything he wanted, so, before he knew it, he was in debt with no means of paying immediately. His creditors began to press him, so he found someone who was willing to make him a short-time loan, and he borrowed with the promise that when summer came and he had taken up his old job he would meet the obligation.

He didn't come back to college the second year. He came down to a game once with a good-looking girl whom he brought into the office and introduced to me. The situation, I thought, ominous.

I had a letter from him in September, the first in months. He had married the girl and they had gone to another part of the country to live. She had been seriously ill, there was an impossible hospital bill to be paid, and the job he was holding was not what he would have liked it to be.

"I'm coming back to college," he

Duce's Bright Son



Vittorio, eldest son of Premier Mussolini of Italy, who, at fourteen, is the editor of the paper at the school he attends. He is also said to have written the script for a motion picture soon to be produced.

"I can see now that I shall never get anywhere unless I have a more thorough education. I shall have to work, for I have a wife to support, and father cannot help me a great deal.

"As to my debts, they will have to wait. I cannot pay any debts while I am getting an education. I'm sorry for the people I owe, but just now I can't do anything for them."

I am sure he had worked this all out in his mind and felt quite justified in the line of procedure upon which he had determined.

Supposing he gets his education. There is coming a day when he will be hunting a position; he will want a recommendation, and the thing that can be said of him is:

"Here is a man who looks after his own interests, but ignores his debts."

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Sensation of Turf



Monte Parke, of the famous family of jockeys, is the new riding sensation of American tracks and is pitching the family name to an even higher level of skill than did Burley and Ivan Parke years ago. Monte has made a good start toward winning the American jockey championship for 1933.

Duck Is Hero; Even Policemen Say So

Charleston, W. Va.—The city police department was officially advised of the rescue of a drowning bantam rooster by a duck. This is the story:

R. B. Mayes, household owner, told three officers of the rescue. They didn't believe it.

"I'll prove it," said Mayes. They went to the houseboat and Mayes took "Jiggs," the bantam, and tossed him into the water near where "Bill," Mayes' pet duck, was resting.

"Bill" made a dive for the floundering "Jiggs," grabbed one of his wings in his beak, and laboriously pulled the rooster to shore.

That's what the officers reported.

ODD THINGS AND NEW—By Lane Bode

What's In A Name
JACK WURM WAS MARRIED TO HATTIE BYRD
...COLUMBUS, O.
...
NOBLE ESTES AND ESTA NOBLE WERE MARRIED AT BUTTE, MONT.
CONTRIBUTED BY G. R. ARENS

A SAXOPHONE 6 FEET 7 INCHES LONG IS PLAYED IN AN ORCHESTRA AT OAKLAND, CAL.

INEZ DE CASIRO WAS CROWNED QUEEN OF PORTUGAL AFTER SHE WAS DEAD!

A JEWISH BABY NAMED GREENE WAS BORN IN THE SWEDISH HOSPITAL ON ST. PATRICKS DAY
Minneapolis, Minn.
WNU Service.

over those of their victims and steal their breath. Some say "they like the taste of sick people's breath because it is sweet."

Witch's Various Forms.

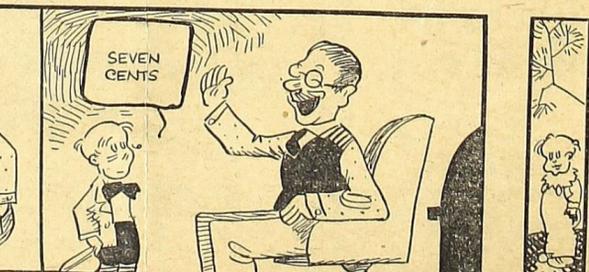
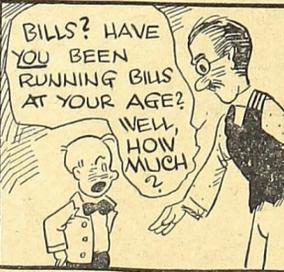
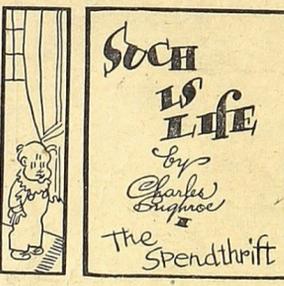
The witch is able to take the form of various animals flying through the air or living under the earth. Favorite forms are those of the raven and earthworm. When traveling about at night, Olbrechts was informed, a witch frequently goes through the air as a flame or a moving light.

The visit of a suspected witch to a house where one of the inmates is ill is countenanced with frantic fright. It is the practice for several relatives or friends of the patient to watch the bedside during the night to guard against witchcraft. The watchers are apprised of the coming of a witch by dropping powdered tobacco on hot ashes. Any particle of the dust catching fire indicates by its position the direction from which the witch is coming. If the dust alights on the center of the ashes it is a sign that the witch is directly overhead and should the tobacco catch fire with an explosive sound it means that the dreaded creature is in the room. In this case the explosion will cause the death of the witch within a few days.

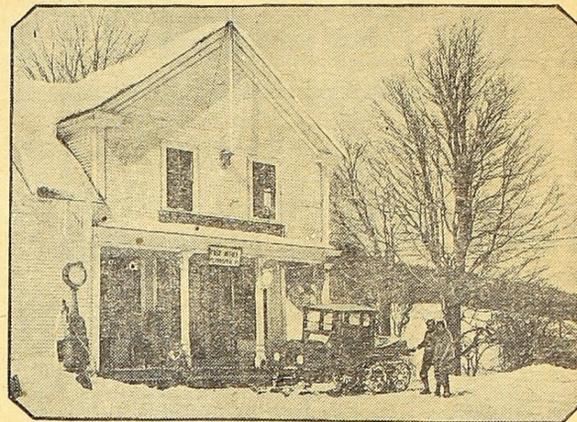
The most effective protection against witchcraft, Olbrechts was informed, is to shoot the witch with a bullet around which hair from the crown of the head has been wound—a custom which may have been borrowed in part from the white mountaineers. In order to do this it is necessary to see the malevolent being in its regular human form—which can be done by fasting until sunset for seven days and drinking an infusion of a shrub to which, it is believed, the witches themselves owe their power in part. Even mere recognition is likely to be fatal to the witch.

Wood for Telegraph Poles

Special wood is needed for telegraph wire poles. Cedar, cypress, chestnut and fir are among the best.



GREEN MOUNTAIN STATE



Little Country Store in a Back Room of Which Calvin Coolidge Was Born.

(Prepared by National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.)—WNU Service.

VERMONT, to which the nation turned recently as the last resting place of Calvin Coolidge, has a story different from that of most of its sister states. Its story is more than a recital of statistics; it is more than a review of the number of organs and scales manufactured there annually and far more interesting than an estimate of the number of miles of public buildings which could be faced each year with its marble and granite, and roofed with its slate. It has elements of a drama. It has faced not seven, but seventy, lean years.

In the seventy years from 1850 to 1920 the census returns show that the population increased only from 314,120 to 352,428 or 38,308—a little more than 12 per cent. During this same period the increase for the United States as a whole was more than 350 per cent. In the ten years from 1910 to 1920 the number of Vermonters actually decreased. Yet the future seems bright enough to the men and women of the Green mountains.

The outsider may, perhaps, be forgiven if he hopes that its prosperity shall be no more than modest, and that it shall not interfere greatly with Vermont's present status. For it is today one of the most truly American of our states. Its people have hardly changed in their essential elements in a century. Barely one in nine is foreign-born, and the majority of these are Canadian and therefore American.

Vermont's drama is rooted in that fact. Its people are a dynamic lot—hard-hitting, resourceful, energetic, restless. In the census of 1790 it was shown that of the total population of 85,425, approximately 81,200 were of English stock and 2,600 Scotch.

Its Young Men Left.

The oncoming years brought few different factors. The names one finds today in Vermont were on the earliest records. There was little, to be candid about it, in Vermont to tempt immigration in the last fifty years of the past century. There was everything outside to tempt emigration. The young men left, just as young Scotsmen go to London.

Iowa's rich prairies called the farmer who had stumbled over Vermont's rocky hills. Once famed for merino sheep—it became the inheritor of the Spanish Crown when the royal flocks were dissipated under the threat of Napoleon's invasion—it saw them disappear under the pressure of necessity. Sheep held on costly land and fed seven months in the year cannot compete with those grazed on free land the year round.

The estates located in rich bottom lands were held, of course, but in the pioneer days farmers built cabins on hill shoulders for the sake of the early-morning reassurance of a neighbor's plume of smoke across the valley. Many of these hill farms became economically impossible.

Today the dairy cow is taking the place sheep once held in Vermont's scheme of things. The cow must be fed all winter long but she abundantly repays. Milk trains squeak through the winter snows to gather cans at every crossroad. Milk trains roar through the early dawn, bound for the great eastern cities.

This achievement has only lately been made possible by the creation of new transportation facilities. Her enormous marble industry—one shrinks from comparative statements, but Vermont is very certain there can be no greater marble quarries in the world—had not been thought of.

The dignified statehouse at Montpelier, the capital, was built of granite from the famous quarries which have made Vermont the leader among the states in the value of this stone supplied for monumental and structural purposes.

Rich in Marble and Granite. So, if one sees nothing else in Vermont today, he should see the marble quarries and the granite works, where armies of skilled men, equipped with the latest engineering appliances, wrest huge blocks of stone from the state's rich mountain sides.

Many families were literally starved out of the village of Lowell in northern Vermont in the early days. Wagon trains left for Kentucky and the Western Reserve. No one then knew of the vast beds of asbestos in that part of the state.

So with tale and slate and the other mineral riches which are now being slowly developed. Nor did anyone suspect that her rounded hills and lovely dales would some time offer a promising vacation ground—at a profit—

the thousands in the great cities within a few hours' ride.

Today Vermont is a cheerful, sunny, independent little state, in which life admittedly presents more difficulties than in the lands wherein one may live on breadfruit. But it is more worth while. It is distinctly not given to hero worship, and it has a pawky humor that might trace to its Caledonian pioneers.

A calm, clear-eyed commonwealth it is, too, with a distaste for rebellion against constituted authority, but with a fine capacity for it on occasion; willing that each shall worship God in his own way; intent upon getting the dollar's worth, but not falsely valuing the dollar; hospitable as are few states in these days of the easy road.

Every Town Has Its Peak.

Not a single town in Vermont is without its eminence. There are approximately 900 peaks whose summits are 2,000 feet or more above sea level. The northeast corner, an area perhaps 50 miles by 50, is in effect a wilderness. Bears roam there and deer, and landlocked salmon are to be caught in lakes rarely seen by man.

Elsewhere the mountains seem more hospitable. The tallest, Mount Mansfield, 4,393 feet high, can be reached by automobile over good though steep roads and all are accessible to hikers.

This is a state of lakes, too; for there are approximately 400—from Lake Champlain, 118 miles long, between the Green mountains and the Adirondacks, to mere potholes gleaming in hill fastnesses; and of little rapid rivers, which slow down here and there into placid reaches where the hungry trout leap at dawn.

As one rides through the state, the remains of old water mills are to be seen—moss-grown, picturesque, a warped wheel clattering in a ruined race. Now they are an invitation to the artist. With them are weathered gray houses clustered about by forgotten orchards and dim roads that seem to lead nowhere through tangled woods.

One of these days, one fears, there will be humming turbines where the little old mills are now falling into decay. Factories will replace the sagging roof-trees of the old houses. Whether we like it or not, this is an age of progress, and these hillside rills and spring-fed mountain lakes will ultimately be harnessed.

For thirteen years Vermont was an independent republic, making its own laws, maintaining its own army, coining its own money. It was a contumacious and stiff-necked community, for during this period it was not only in rebellion against England, but was carrying on a lively private fight of its own with the state of New York and the Continental congress.

A historian records that "Vermont was never anything but free. Never a crown colony, never yielding allegiance to any province, state, or kingdom." When she was admitted as the fourteenth state to the American Union, after the Revolution had been won by her loyal aid, it was upon her own terms.

Champlain's Voyage.

Her written history begins on July 4, some say July 14, 1609, on which debatable date Samuel de Champlain discovered the lake which bears his name and which is our largest body of fresh water outside the Great Lakes.

On that voyage the Sieur de Champlain fought with his Algonquin hosts against the Iroquois, and so assured the friendship of the latter powerful tribe to the British, who were to come later. It has been argued that this may have decided the future overlordship of this continent. Who knows?

The first French settlements on Isle La Motte were not permanent. White men did not come to stay—until 1724, when settlers who had seeped in from the Massachusetts Bay colony built a blockhouse at Fort Dummer, near the site of the present city of Brattleboro. Here Timothy Dwight was born in 1726. Three of his descendants through his marriage with Mary, daughter of Rev. Jonathan Edwards, were to become presidents of Yale. This is worth noting, because Vermont talks more of her men than of her marble or slate or granite.

"More than once," is the cautious statement, "Vermont has furnished a greater number of men to Who's Who, relative to population, than any other state."

If one begins to name the distinguished sons of the state, one fears to be overwhelmed; yet it must be remembered that for decades they were almost the only exportable product, and have left their traces everywhere through American history.

Howe About:

Henpecking Credit's Near Collapse Actors and Writers

By ED HOWE

THERE may be a suggestion in the following paragraph to women who are students of men: I do not believe I have ever known a man at all intimately who did not say sometime during our acquaintance: "There isn't another man in the world who dislikes henpecking as much as I do." In a recent reading of the memoirs of Silerius, who lived two thousand years ago, I found this old Roman felt the same way about henpecking; it may be depended upon that all men dislike it. I once had a friend who was a conspicuous victim of henpecking. I intimated as much to him, and have never seen an angrier man; I wondered he did not strike me. . . . I suppose women will never give up the practice; but they should at least be warned that men universally dislike it; and I have known some quite brutal cases of rebellion.

Everyone has remarked the frequent arrests of negro men for slight offenses, and their severe punishment. At Atlanta, Ga., the treasurer of a white Baptist Missionary society, drew three years for stealing \$953,000. In the next cell was a negro man who had drawn four years for chicken stealing.

For centuries civilized men have been trying to build up Credit, as a convenience in living our ordinary lives. The National Association of Credit Men lately met in convention, and their disclosures were startling: Millions of people "beat" their way; the convenient thing called Credit may be abandoned through necessity. . . . Bankers tell an equally startling story; hundreds of thousands of bad checks are given every day. Each one represents a penitentiary offense, and often another penitentiary offense is committed in trying to collect them; in compounding a felony. The people complain bitterly of dishonesty in public affairs, and are disgracefully dishonest in their own lives.

My bell rang today, and, on going down, I found a man there who asked if I would permit him to talk half an hour about the Bible. (He was not a good man; I can tell a good man as far as I can see him.) The Bible is an important book, and everyone should know about it; but I know more about it than this fellow knows. He was a nuisance; I had no respect for his attempt to do good, and quickly disposed of him with discouragement he should have met with at other doors.

Handling a dollar, as common human experience as there is, requires all the judgment a man may acquire. To throw it away is not proper; to hold onto it too long is equally objectionable. One should acquire a dollar like a gentleman, and let go of it in the same way.

I wish I had tried to learn to be an actor, instead of a writer. If an actor gives a bad performance, he may be consoled with the thought that he will play the same part the following night, and thus have a chance to improve it. . . . But I, poor wretch, am forever giving a rough first performance; when I write anything, and do not like it in print, I cannot better it. . . . Also note the performance of a musician; he has played the same thing so many times he can remember every note. No wonder Fritz Kreisler is good.

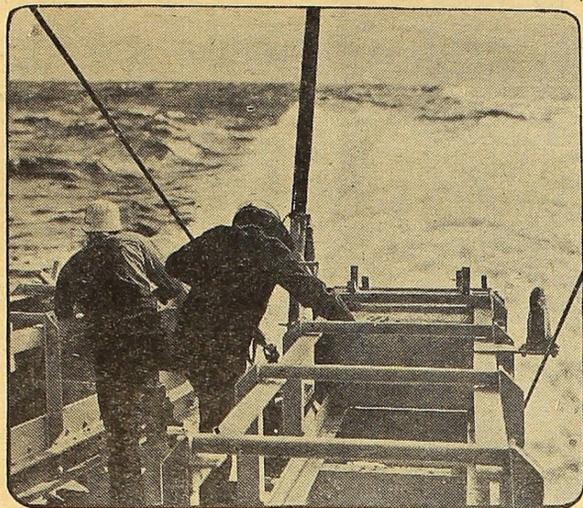
I have long known a very nice woman, and she has been generally admired. Lately noting a falling off in her popularity, I inquired around as to the cause. A woman gave me the best answer: "She has overladen me with her eccentricities. . . . Men do it, too, so I send out a general warning. Everyone is entitled to a certain number of eccentricities, and there is always a certain amount of charity for them, but eccentricities must be managed with care, or they will result in damaging grumbling.

I doubt that Old Soldiers realize the mean talk behind their backs. "I am having trouble with my stomach due to carelessness in eating," a man writes me, "but so far have not followed the example of a neighbor who put in a claim to the government, and now draws a pension of \$20 a month. This man wore the uniform three months, and was not injured. I was in France and Germany nearly two years, but still think I would be a grafter if I put in a claim."

Some say my attitude toward women is unfriendly. A woman writes me: "My life is a more useful one because of you. I suffered most from laziness, and no one had the courage to tell me so. I had nothing to do but pity myself, and actually pitied myself into serious illness. I was unreasonable with my good father and brothers; I hope and believe they are better satisfied with me now. I cannot see in you a woman hater."

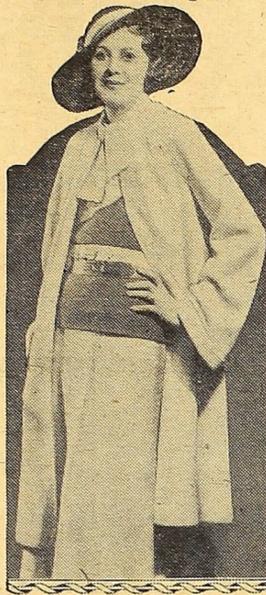
I have great respect for maxims, as they include philosophy, learning, wit, experience. One of the best is: "Work hard and behave." Were it not longer (in a maxim brevity is very important) "Make the best use of your time" would be almost equally good.

Practice in Dropping Depth Bombs



MEMBERS of the United States navy obtained valuable training in all kinds of operations during the simulated war doings in the Hawaiian Islands. The two members of the crew of the destroyer Roper in this photograph are practicing the dropping of depth bombs in stormy weather.

In Crochet Angora



This swaggar suit in white crochet angora has the lower bodice in national blue. The double belt repeats the two tones. It is a Vera Borea design imported by Sady Z. Weiss.

CANDIES IN COOKERY

AS a nation we eat more candy per capita than any on the globe, like it, and find it wholesome and nutritious, and yet our confectioners are sending out literature to urge us to eat more. Here are some new ones, which we all like:

Candied Yams.

Take six sticks of old-fashioned cinnamon candy pulverized. Yum, yum—can't you remember when a stick of candy was a great treat? Dice six marshmallows and chop four ounces of Brazil nuts. Slice six medium-sized cooked sweet potatoes and place in a buttered baking dish, sprinkle with some of the marshmallows, dot with butter, using two tablespoonsful to the dish; add some from a half cupful of raisins, the pulverized candy to which has been added one-half cupful of brown sugar. Repeat until all the ingredients are used, having a layer of marshmallows on top. Bake in the oven until it is a delicate brown. It is well worth a trial.

Pastry Shells With Nut Clusters.

Put one cupful of nut cluster candy through the food chopper, add one cupful of whipped cream and a few drops of almond flavoring. Heap in pastry shells and serve well chilled. One may use small cup cakes hollowed out instead of the pastry shells, which will be better if children are to be served.

Butterscotch Pudding.

Mix one cupful of brown sugar, three tablespoonfuls of flour, two beaten eggs, stir well, then add one pint of rich milk and cook until smooth in a double boiler. Just before taking from the fire add one-half cupful or more of peanut brittle which has been crushed fine.

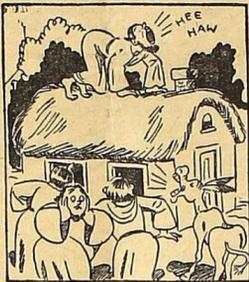
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"Putting the cart before the horse was an expression of yesterday," says knowing Norah, "today it's the automobile before the wife."

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BONERS



When the servants arrived at the house where Peter was staying, he was on the roof braying.

BONERS are actual humorous tid-bits found in examination papers, essays, etc., by teachers.

The University of Illinois armory is the largest building in the world with an unsupported roof.

Tolstoi's "Anna Karenina" lost her equilibrium and so met her downfall.

A chandelier is an electric light fixture that hangs from the ceiling.

A curved line is one that bends but is not broken.

Chemistry is the study of how a thing that is busted gets together under certain situations, and how them that's together gets separated.

A billet doux is a charge account in a store.

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that he had moved because he thought he had lived long enough in the old home and wanted to live where he could see more of the Great World. He had left Polly behind, he explained, until he should have a fine home ready for her. Sammy winked one eye, for he understood exactly what had happened. But Johnny didn't see his wink and went on to explain how much better this place was than the far corner of the Old Orchard where his old home was.

When he had finished Sammy wished him a great deal of happiness in his new home, told him that he surely would see a great deal more of the Great World there, and said that he admired Johnny's spirit and independence. Then he flew away chuckling. Johnny didn't see anything to chuckle about and he was a very thoughtful Chuck as he at last started to get his breakfast.

After he had found where the nearest clover patch was and had found out just how long it would take him to get from it to the safety of his house in time of danger, and after he had become fully acquainted with his surroundings, all of which took several days, Johnny settled down to enjoy his new home. He did his best to make himself believe that it was a very much finer home than the old one in the far corner and that he wouldn't go back there for anything in the world.

It was true that there was a great deal more going on there than near the old home. You see there was a great deal of passing along the dusty road just the other side of the old stone wall. This was exciting but not at all restful. It kept him always ready to dart down inside his house. He couldn't doze in peace as he had loved to do in the doorway of his old home.

Then, too, the dust was very provoking. It swept over him every time an auto rushed past. It made all the grass, even the patch of sweet clover some distance away, gritty and unpleasant to eat. His doorstep was not shaded in the least. Some days it got so hot that Johnny almost burned his little black feet. Still Johnny tried to make himself believe that he was enjoying his new home, and that it was ever and ever so much nicer than his old one.

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THE HOG PROTESTS

By DOUGLAS MALLOCH

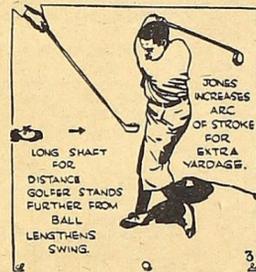
"A STREET is a street, and it ought to be clear, But women keep crossing it, right when you're near, And many a time I've been caught by a light— Except for some kid, I'd have made it all right. Some fellow on crutches—I think it's a crime, Wherever you're pushing, the way you lose time. Some guy with a pushcart—well, here is my view: A street's for the public, and not for a few.

"A kid is so careless, a kid always is; He thinks both the street and the sidewalk are his; And, if you should hit one, that's going to court, And paying his people, and things of that sort. You may slap the brakes on, be able to stop, And even at that get bawled out by a cop. The way that the judges will plaster it on, The pleasure of driving is just about gone.

"Folks get off a street car, and what do they do? They sidestep the street car and walk into you. You may have insurance, and all of that stuff— At least they delay you, that's trouble enough. They're hogging the highways, and that's why I say The children will have to keep out of the way. When I'm in a rush to a dance or a date, The women can hurry, the cripples can wait."

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GRAPHIC GOLF



LENGTHEN CLUB TO LENGTHEN TEE SHOT

EVERY golfer is on the lookout for a means of adding a few yards to his shots if he can do it without sacrificing accuracy. This is possible with the development of a longer arc. With few exceptions most of those who are noted for their distance from the tee have a long swing. On those occasions when Jones needs to put some extra distance on his drive a keen observer can notice that he employs a longer stroke. This additional leverage does the job though Jones apparently exerts no more pressure than usual; his swing is always smooth. The average golfer can accomplish the same results comparatively by using a longer club with a fairly springy shaft. With this club the golfer must stand further back from the ball, the clubhead coming back and down in a wider arc. The player does not necessarily hit harder but the clubhead, gaining speed all through the longer arc, is swung onto the ball with considerable momentum and sends it speeding on its way.

© 1933, Bell Syndicate.—WNU Service.

Jewish Museum in Germany

The Jewish people of Worms, Germany, have founded a museum. Among the treasures are prayer books of 1272 with full-page Romanesque miniature paintings.

Old Revolutionary Fort Is Being Restored



OLD FORT WASHINGTON, the most important stronghold of the Continental army on Manhattan island in the War of the Revolution, is now being restored to its original form by the city. The site is in Bennett park between Fort Washington and Pinehurst avenues and between One-Hundred and Eighty-Third and One-Hundred and Eighty-Fifth streets, the highest plot of ground on the island.

Friend of Small Game Declares Crow Outlaw

Crows and skunks are the worst enemies small game animals have in Michigan in the opinion of Harry Griffin, of West Branch. He thinks there should be a bounty on crows and that the value of the skunk's pelt for fur is not comparable to the damage these animals do.

The crow and skunk get all the early birds' eggs and most all small rabbits in his vicinity, according to Griffin. In part proof of this he declares that his turkeys and geese are never able to hatch their first nests of eggs before these predators get them. They cannot hope to raise broods until the woods get their leaves and green foliage, he says.

Griffin suggests that the paying of a bounty on crows would encourage boys who spend their Saturdays and Sundays in helping the state get rid of these undesirable birds. He also advocates crow-

shooting bees among sportsmen. When Griffin and his friends tried to influence sportsmen to inaugurate such a practice in the spring they found themselves up against the law that prohibits a man to carry a gun in the woods after the shooting season is over which, he says, "makes it better for the crow."—Detroit News.

European Rail Speed

The distinction of being the fastest railway line in Europe is now held by a British company—the London Midland and Scottish. It can boast of an aggregate daily mileage of 7,899 at 55 miles an hour or over, start to stop.

A French line, the Nord, holds second place with 5,810 miles on its summer program, while the Great Western comes third with 5,612. The G. W. and L. M. S. figures are both for winter services. So is the L. N. E. R. daily aggregate of 3,909, which gives it fifth place on the list for all Europe.—London Answers.

Diet Didn't Do This!



HAPPY little girl, just bursting with pep, and she has never tasted a "tonic!"

Every child's stomach, liver, and bowels need stimulating at times, but give children something you know all about.

Follow the advice of that famous family physician who gave the world Syrup Pepsin. Stimulate the body's vital organs. Dr. Caldwell's prescription of pure pepsin, active senna, and fresh herbs is a mild stimulant that keeps the system from getting sluggish.

If your youngsters don't do well at school, don't play as hard or eat as well as other children do, begin this evening with Dr. Caldwell's

Syrup Pepsin. This gentle stimulant will soon right things! The bowels will move with better regularity and thoroughness. There won't be so many sick spells or colds. You'll find it just as wonderful for adults, too, in larger spoonfuls!

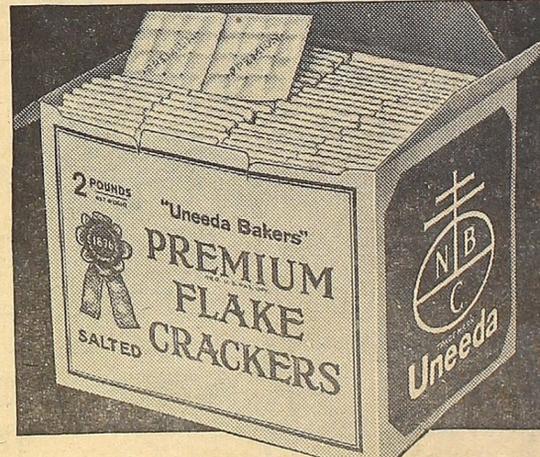
Get some Syrup Pepsin; protect your household from those bilious days, frequent headaches, and that sluggish state of half-health that means the bowels need stimulating. Keep this preparation in the home to use instead of harsh cathartics that cause chronic constipation if taken too often. You can always get Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at any drug store; they have it all ready in big bottles.

WHAT! SCRUBBING CLOTHES! WHY DON'T YOU USE RINSO—IT SOAKS OUT THE DIRT?

NEXT WASHDAY ANN WAS RIGHT. RINSO SOAKS THE CLOTHES WHITER THAN WHEN I SCRUBBED THEM

THESE CREAMY RINSO SUDS MAKE DISHWASHING EASIER, TOO

No more flat suds EVEN in hardest water, Rinsol gives twice as much suds, cup for cup, as lightweight, puffed-up soaps. So economical! Makers of 40 famous washers recommend it for safety and for whiter, brighter clothes. Get the BIG package.



MILLIONS PREFER THIS CRACKER OF QUALITY

HERE'S America's best-selling cracker. A leader because it's so good. Wholesome, nourishing, fine-flavored. Excellent with soups and salads, with milk. And a real food bargain in both the one-pound and two-pound package. Money-saving recipes come with them, too.

FREE BOOK! "Winter Menu Magic." Just published. Your name and address on a penny postcard brings it. National Biscuit Company, 449 W. 14th St., New York.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY



Published every Friday and entered at the Tawas City Postoffice as second class matter

Sought English Throne
The Chevalier of St. George in English history was James Stuart, eldest son of King James II of Scotland, known as the Old Pretender. He was proclaimed king of England on November 9, 1715, after the great Scottish victory of Prestonpans.

BELOW ZERO

A Romance of the North Woods

By Harold Titus

OLD TOM BELKNAP, powerful timber baron, needed a manager for the Kampf operation, but refused to give his son the job, even though the boy was thoroughly qualified to handle it. "Too young," he said. The boy thought differently. They clashed, and Young John went out to prove his father wrong. . . . Back in the woods he heard strange tales. His father was reported to be using violence, treachery and the power of his wealth to break a smaller rival concern. Young John could not believe his father capable of such methods, but he proposed to find out for himself how matters stood. As John Steele, he offered his services in the fight of right against might, and discovered to his amazement that a courageous girl was playing a lone but losing hand against his father's company!

HERE INDEED, is a situation to grip and hold your interest, and here is a writer who has done more than ample justice to his plot. BELOW ZERO is a robust story, crammed with action and thrills, and in the person of its heroine, Ellen Richards, the author has presented one of the most appealing heroines in recent fiction.

It will appear serially in these columns, and we assure you it is well worth reading.

Moeller Bros.

Delivery Phone 19-F2

Gold Medal or Henkel's Flour, 24 1/2 lb. bag . . . 65c
Silko or Gleaner's Bread Flour, 24 1/2 lbs. . . . 49c

5c and 10c Sale All This Week

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Sureset Gelatin Dessert, pkg 5c | Tea Rolls, Reichert's, pkg. 5c |
| BEETS, Diced, can 5c | Wex or P & G Soap, 3 for 10c |
| TOILET TISSUE, roll 5c | Nutmargarine, Durkees, lb. 10c |
| OATS, Pioneer, small pkg. 5c | KETCHUP, 14-oz. bottle 10c |
| BEANS, Red Kidney, can 5c | CIGARETTES, Old Gold or Chesterfield, pkg. 10c |
| Tomato Soup, Pioneer, can 5c | CORN, Yacht Club Golden Bantam, No. 2 can 10c |
| SOAP, Ivory, bar 5c | DATES, pitted, 8-oz. pkg. 10c |
| MACARONI or Spaghetti, pkg 5c | Kremel Dessert, asst-flavors 5c |
| SARDINES, in oil, can 5c | Pork and Beans, Mich., can 5c |
| Bread, Berdan's fresh, lb loaf 5c | |

- | | |
|---|---|
| Sauer's Salad Dressing, 8 oz. jar 10c | QUALITY MEATS |
| Peanut Butter, Arco 2 lb. jar 19c | Pork Shoulder or Side 25c |
| My Lady Blend Coffee lb. 19c, 3 lbs. 55c | Pork, 3 lbs. 25c |
| Breakfast Blend Coffee, lb. 25c | Round Steak lb. 16c |
| Monarch Coffee lb. 29c | Spare Ribs 3 lbs. 25c |
| Sure Pop Corn pkg. 6c | Pork Chops 2 lbs. 25c |
| Apple Butter 2 lb. 6 oz. jar 19c | Bologna, Frankfurts or Liver Sausage, lb. 10c |
| Isbest Self Rising Pancake and Waffle Flour 5 lb. bag 18c | Quality Fresh Fruits and Vegetables |
| Palmolive Soap, pkg. Supersuds free, 3 bars 19c | Grape Fruit large size, each 5c |
| Broom, Good Quality 4 sewed, each 29c | Head Lettuce 3 large heads 29c |
| | Celery Hearts large bunch 10c |

ANNUAL TAX SALE

State of Michigan, county of Iosco, ss.

The Circuit Court for the County of Iosco in Chancery.
In the matter of the petition of John K. Stack, Jr., Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said state, for the sale of certain lands for taxes assessed thereon.
On reading and filing the petition of the Auditor General of the State of Michigan praying for a decree in favor of the State of Michigan, against each parcel of land therein described, for the amounts therein specified, claimed to be due for taxes, interest and charges on each such parcel of land and that such lands be sold for the amounts so claimed by the State of Michigan.

It is ordered that said petition will be brought on for hearing and decree at the March term of this court to be held at the city of Tawas City in the county of Iosco, State of Michigan, on the 28th day of March A. D. 1933, at the opening of the court on that day and that all persons interested in such lands or any part thereof, desiring to contest the lien claimed thereon by the State of Michigan, for such taxes, interest and charges, or any part thereof, shall appear in said court and file with the clerk thereof their objections thereto on or before the first day of the term of this court above mentioned, and that in default thereof the same will be taken as confessed and a decree will be taken and entered as prayed for in said petition. And it is further ordered that in pursuance of said decree the lands described in said petition for which a decree of sale shall be made, will be sold for the several taxes, interest, and charges thereon as determined by such decree on the first Tuesday in May thereafter, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. on said day or on the day or days subsequent thereto as may be necessary to complete the sale of said lands and of each and every parcel thereof, at the office of the county treasurer, or at such convenient place as shall be selected by him at the county seat of the county of Iosco, State of Michigan; and that the sale then and there made will be a public sale, and each parcel described in the decree shall be separately exposed for sale for the total taxes, interest and charges, and the sale shall be made to the person paying the full amount charged against such parcel, and accepting a conveyance of the smallest undivided fee simple interest therein; or, if no person will pay the taxes and charges and take a conveyance of less than the entire thereof, then the whole parcel shall be offered and sold. If any parcel of land cannot be sold for taxes, interest and charges, such parcel shall be passed over for the time being and shall, on the succeeding day, or before the close of the sale, be reoffered, and if, on such second offer, or during such sale, the same cannot be sold for the amount aforesaid, the County Treasurer shall bid off the same in the name of the state.

Witness the Hon. Herman Dehnke, Circuit Judge, and the seal of the said Circuit Court of Iosco County this 24th day of January, A. D. 1933.
Herman Dehnke, Circuit Judge.
Countersigned,
Frank E. Dease, Clerk
State of Michigan
To the Circuit Court for the County of Iosco in Chancery.
The petition of John K. Stack, Jr., Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said

State, respectfully shows that the list of lands hereinafter set forth and marked "Schedule A," contains a description of all lands in said county of Iosco upon which taxes were assessed for the years mentioned therein and which were returned as delinquent for non-payment of taxes and which taxes have not been paid; together with the total amount of such taxes, with interest computed thereon to the time fixed for sale, and collection fee and expenses, as provided by law, extended against each of said parcels of land.
Your petitioner further shows that the Court that said lands were returned to the Auditor General under the provisions of Act 206 of the public Acts of 1893, as delinquent for non-payment of said taxes for said years respectively and that said taxes remain unpaid; except that lands included in said "Schedule A" for taxes of 1890 or prior years were returned to the Auditor General as delinquent for said taxes under the provisions of the general tax laws in force prior to the passage of Act 200 of the Public Acts of 1891, and which taxes remain unpaid.
Your petitioner further shows that in all cases where lands are included in "Schedule A" as aforesaid for taxes of 1890 or of any prior year, said lands have not been sold for said taxes or have been heretofore sold for said delinquent taxes and the sale or sales made have been set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction, or have been cancelled as provided by law.
Your petitioner further shows and avers that the taxes, interest, collection fee and expenses as set forth in said "Schedule A" are a valid lien on the several parcels of land described in said schedule.
Your petitioner further shows that the said taxes on the said described lands have remained unpaid for more than one year after they were returned as delinquent; and the said taxes not having been paid, and the same being now due and remaining unpaid as above set forth, your petitioner prays a decree in favor of the state of Michigan against each parcel of said lands, for the payment of the several amounts of taxes, interest, collection fee and expenses, as computed and extended in said schedule against the several parcels of land contained therein, and in default of payment of the said several sums computed and extended against said lands, that each of said parcels of land may be sold for the amounts due thereon, as provided by law, to pay the lien aforesaid.
And your petition will ever pray, etc., etc.
A list of lands referred to as included in "Schedule A" is on file in the office of the County Clerk and subject to Public Inspection.
Dated January 19, 1933.
John K. Stack, Jr., Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State.
By Jas. E. Mogan, deputy.

Pictureque Zanzibar
Zanzibar is the most important trade center and has been for centuries the largest city in East Africa. This island is 640 square miles in area and has a population of 200,000, of which only 270 are Europeans. The remainder of the population consists of Swahilis, Arabs, Indians and Comorides. The most interesting things to be seen in Zanzibar are unquestionably the native bazars, markets and numerous curio shops.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Iosco
In the Matter of the Estate of Reuben Wade, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that four months from the 18th day of January, A. D. 1933, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the City of Tawas City, in said county, on or before the 27th day of May, A. D. 1933, and that said claims will be heard by said court at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
Dated January 18th, A. D. 1933.
DAVID DAVISON,
Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Iosco
In the Matter of the Estate of Rachael A. Galbraith, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that four months from the first day of February, A. D. 1933, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the City of Tawas City, in said county, on or before the 1st day of June, A. D. 1933, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Monday, the 5th day of June, A. D. 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
Dated January 26th, A. D. 1933.
DAVID DAVISON,
Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Iosco
In the Matter of the Estate of Samuel Patterson, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that six months from the 1st day of January, A. D. 1933, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the City of Tawas City, in said county, on or before the 5th day of July, A. D. 1933, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Friday, the 7th day of July, A. D. 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
Dated February 2nd, A. D. 1933.
DAVID DAVISON,
Judge of Probate.

Hale News

Mrs. E. D. Churchill of Rochester, New York is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. H. DeLand for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bills entertained the "Gleaners" at a dinner on Tuesday, Feb. 14. The business session was part of the afternoon program.
Mrs. Guy Alderton is on the sick list.

The Ladies Aid gave a chicken dinner followed by a Washington's birth day program on Wednesday evening, Feb. 22.

R. D. Brown and Elmer Streeter are attending the sessions of the consistency at Bay City this week.
Billie Rahl and Dale Johnson are convalescing following an attack of the measles.

The local general met on Tuesday evening. Lunch followed the meeting.

SHERMAN

Harvey Schneider of Flint spent Sunday at his home here.
Mr. and Mrs. Louie Bronzie, who have been visiting at Jim Schoen's for some time, returned to their home at Detroit last week.
Dewey Ross is at Flint on business this week.

Oliver and Ray Roberts of Reno were business callers in town Wednesday.
Mr. and Mrs. A. Hull and children of Flint spent the week end with relatives here.

Louie Katranzie of Detroit visited relatives here last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Schneider visited at Tawas on business Saturday.
A number from here took in the dance at Turner Saturday evening and all report a good time.
Orville Ballor left Sunday for Flint for a week's visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt Jordan were at Tawas City on business one day last week.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Regular meeting of the Common Council held February 6, 1933.
Present Mayor Boomer, Aldermen Rouillier, Murray, Burtzloff, Leslie, Rollin, and Frank.
The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved. The committee on claims and accounts presented the following:
M. C. Musolf, firemen's payroll
Davis Fire \$21.00
Moved by Leslie and seconded by Rouillier that bills be allowed as read and orders drawn for same. Roll call—Yeas, Rouillier, Murray, Burtzloff, Leslie, Rollin and Frank. Nays None, carried.

Moved by LesLie and seconded by Rollin that the Council donate to the American Legion, the old library building. Carried.
Moved and seconded that meeting adjourn. Carried.
W. C. Davison, Clerk.

Balloon Dance

ORANGE HALL
Saturday, Feb. 25
Music by Billy Jones 6 piece Orchestra

GENERAL Contracting and Building
Cement Work, Brick Work and Plastering
ALFRED BOOMER
Phone 131 Tawas City

Buy Good FOOD and SAVE

February 24-25
Bread Flour 24 1/2 lb. sack . . . 51c
Raisins, seedless 2 lbs. . . . 15c
Pork Chops, lb. . . . 12c
Beef Pot Roast, lb. . . . 10c
Corn Meal, 5 lb. sack . . . 10c
Grape Fruit Each 5c
Tangerines Large, doz. . . . 12c
Oranges, medium 2 doz. . . . 25c
Comb Honey 1 lb. case . . . 10c
Cookies, Schust's assorted, lb. . . . 17c

J. A. BRUGGER
THE ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO.

MORTGAGE SALE

By reason of default in payment and conditions of a mortgage made by Edward H. and William H. and Oscar and George and David Sawyer and wives and Belle Bronson, nee Sawyer, being the sole and all the heirs of Peter Sawyer, deceased, and wives, of the first part to Edgar Louks and Charles Fenton, of Iosco County, Michigan, of the second part, dated October 30th, 1930, and recorded November 7th, 1930 in Liber 23 of Mortgages at page 7, in the Register of Deeds office for Iosco County, upon which there is now claimed to be due, by reason of such default, the sum of One Hundred and Five Dollars for unpaid interest, and no legal proceedings having been taken to recover said amount:
Said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises described as the S.E. 1/4 of the S.W. 1/4 and the N. 1/2 of the S.W. 1/4 of Section 30, Township 22 North of Range 5 East, Iosco County, Michigan, at Public Auction on the 8th day of April, 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the front door of the Court House in Tawas City, in said county, to satisfy the amount then due for interest, taxes unpaid, attorney fee and costs.
Dated January 7th, 1933.
Edgar Louks and Charles Fenton, Mortgagees
Whittemore, Michigan.
N. C. Harting, Attorney
Business Address:
Tawas City, Michigan. 12-2

In the Canadian Rockies
The largest glacial lake in the Canadian Rockies is Maligne, nearly 20 miles long. It is hemmed in by high mountains, few of them climbed, some not even named; great masses that geologists say are older than the Alps; tremendous peaks bearing a burden of snow and ice that never leaves them.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE
WHEREAS, Orville J. Partlo and Hazel M. Partlo, his wife, as mortgagors, made and executed three certain mortgages, the first dated March 3rd, 1917, to James Mahar, the second dated March 3rd, 1917, to Henry Parker and third dated April 18th, 1919, to Ealy, Stacy & Company, a co-partnership of Akron, Michigan, which mortgages were recorded in the Register of Deeds Office in the County of Iosco, State of Michigan, in Liber 21 of "Mortgages" on page 202 on March 14th, 1917, in Liber 21 of "Mortgages" on page 205 on March 25th, 1917, and in Liber 21 of "Mortgages" on page 288 on April 24th, 1919, respectively; and
WHEREAS, the first of said mortgages was assigned by said James Mahar, the mortgagee, to the said

thereafter on the 11th day of March, 1932, resigned as such trustee and the Bay Trust Company of Bay City, Michigan, by an order duly made and entered on that date by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan, was duly appointed trustee in the place and stead of said First National Bank of Bay City and has duly qualified and is now acting as such trustee; and
WHEREAS, no suit or proceedings have been instituted at law to recover the debt now claimed to be due on said mortgages, notice is hereby given that said mortgages by virtue of the powers of sale in each contained, will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises in each described, at the front door of the court house in the City of Tawas City, County of Iosco and State of Michigan, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Iosco is held), on the 6th day of May, 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, Eastern Standard Time, which premises are described as follows:
Premises covered by first and second mortgages being, land and property situate in Township of Burleigh, Iosco County, Michigan, described as: S 1/2 of NW 1/4 of Section 5, Township 21 North of Range 5 East, containing 80 acres of land, more or less.
Premises covered by third mortgage being, land and property situate in Township of Burleigh, Iosco County, Michigan, described as: NW 1/4 of Section 5, Township 21 North of Range 5 East.
Dated February 4th, 1933.
BAY TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee in Bankruptcy of Ealy, Stacy & Co.
By Paul Thompson, Vice-President.
Clark and Henry Attorneys for Assignee
437-444 Shearer Bldg.
Bay City, Michigan.

WHEREAS, default has been made in the payment of the money secured by each of said mortgages and the following sums being now due thereon, viz.:
On the first of said mortgages, the sum of \$800.00 as principal and \$367.82 as interest, to which sums is added an attorney fee of \$20.00 as provided by the provisions of said mortgage;
On the second of said mortgages, the sum of \$750.00, as principal and \$626.40 as interest, to which sums is added an attorney fee of \$20.00 as provided by the provisions of said mortgage;
On the third of said mortgages, the sum of \$400.00 as principal and \$190.55 as interest, to which sums is added an attorney fee of \$15.00 as provided by the provisions of said mortgage; and
WHEREAS, the said assignee of the mortgage in the first and second mortgages and the mortgagee in the third mortgage, Ealy, Stacy & Company of Akron, Michigan, were on the 5th day of February, 1927, adjudicated bankrupts by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan and the First National Bank of Bay City was appointed trustee in bankruptcy of said bankrupt; and
WHEREAS, the said First National Bank of Bay City after qualifying and acting as such trustee

WHEREAS, the said assignee of the mortgage in the first and second mortgages and the mortgagee in the third mortgage, Ealy, Stacy & Company of Akron, Michigan, were on the 5th day of February, 1927, adjudicated bankrupts by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan and the First National Bank of Bay City was appointed trustee in bankruptcy of said bankrupt; and
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WHEREAS, the said First National Bank of Bay City after qualifying and acting as such trustee

GET EVERY BIT of CREAM!

The low price of cream makes it necessary to get ALL from the milk. We sell—
New DeLaval Separators
(The World's Best)

We furnish repairs, and help adjust your present machine. Write or call on us.

L. H. Braddock Supply Co.
PHONE 84 TAWAS CITY

Buy Now

5c SALE 10c

This Week---Don't Miss It!

Buy Now

WHERE ECONOMY RULES!

- | | |
|--|--------|
| Pillsbury's Pancake Flour, pkg. | 5c |
| Beets, No. 2 1-2 can | 5c |
| Sparkle Gelatin Dessert, pkg. | 5c |
| Northern Tissue, roll | 5c |
| Sun-Rayd Tomato Juice, 9 1-2 oz. can | 5c |
| Ivory Soap, small size | 5c |
| Macaroni or Spaghetti, pkg. | 5c |
| Lima Beans, Iona brand, can | 5c |
| Brookfield Spread, 3 kinds, 4 oz. pkg. | 5c |
| Ajax Soap, 3 cakes | 10c |
| Dill Pickles, quart jar | 10c |
| Mother's or Quaker Oats, 1ge. pkg. | 10c |
| Quaker Maid Ketchup, 14 oz. bottle | 10c |
| Fancy Blue Rose Rice, 3 lbs. | 10c |
| Cigarettes, popular brands, pkg. | 10c |
| Dried Apricots, 11 oz. size | 10c |
| Dried Peaches, 11 oz. size | 10c |
| Honey Bunch Raisins, 3 pkgs. | 10c |
| "Daily Egg" Scratch Feed, 100 lbs. | \$1.09 |
| "Daily Egg" Egg Mash, 100 lbs. | \$1.49 |
| Beef, Stew, lb. | 7c |
| Pork Roast, center cut | 8c |
| Frankfurts, Bologna, 3 lbs. | 20c |
| Hamburg, Sausage | 9c |
| Sliced Bacon, lb. | 15c |
| Pork Loin Roast, lb. | 9c |

THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO.

STATE OF MICHIGAN

In the Circuit Court for the County of Iosco, In Chancery
John Rosevear, Plaintiff,
vs.

Francis P. G. Taylor, F. P. G. Taylor, Alonzo Spooner, Eliza J. Taylor, Ida Taylor, Alonzo W. Spooner, Samuel Edsall, Andrew Wilson, Henry M. Rose, Donald McLennan, Anna Marie Edsall, Florence Ellen Smith, Lucien A. Smith, Andrew Edsall, Samuel Schuyler Edsall, Francis A. Edsall, Benjamin Godkin, Steven A. Londo, David Londo, Elizabeth Londo, Margaret Londo, Steven A. Londo, Chas. Hedglen, Marion Hedglen, Charles O. Smith, C. H. Hedglen, Samuel Smith, May Day Smith, Roland A. Nichols, Iosco Turpentine Company, John P. Cross, Charles B. Bailey, J. J. Lewis, Frank L. Oersch, T. E. Milligan, Youngstown Turpentine Company, H. J. Telworthy, J. McCarty, C. C. Kingsboro, J. H. Nott, G. W. Milligan, Alonzo M. Spooner, Albert J. Reed, Charles Recknagle, Rudolf Pravenstiecer, Cornelius Pailon, Richard Pailon, Stephen Londo, Jr., Charles A. Jahraus, Thomas Galbraith, George W. Milligan, Chas. O. Smith, George O. Farrell, Wm. J. Leslie, James M. Werley, William Coyle, Samuel Smith, John Nitz, John A. Nitz, Anna M. Edsall, Florence E. Smith, Andrew W. Edsall, Samuel S. Edsall, A. J. Reed, C. L. Recknagle, R. Pravenstiecer, Edward Londo, Ed. Londo, Edward Bushey, Thomas Adams, Martin Winchell, Rachel B. McNair, Hattie M. Talbott, Carrie E. Livingston, Geo. K. Newcombe, Humphrey Shaw, Joseph R. Hitchcock, M. J. Bailey, Samuel Auker, John W. King, Charles R. Hawley & Co., Chas. Reid and Margaret Reid and their unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and assigns, Defendants.

Order of Publication

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Iosco, in Chancery, at Tawas City, on the 26th day of January, A. D. 1933.

In this cause it appearing that the above named defendants are proper and necessary parties in the above cause, and that it is not known whether they are living or dead, or where they may reside if living, or whether the title, interest, claim, lien or possible right held by them or any of them in the subject matter of this suit has been by them or any of them assigned to any person or persons, or if dead, whether they or any of them have personal representatives or heirs living, or where they or any of them may reside, or whether such title, interest, claim, lien or possible right has been disposed of by will by them or any of them, and that said plaintiff does not know and has been unable after diligent search and inquiry to ascertain the names of the persons who are included as defendants herein without being named, and that therefore, none of said defendants can be served with process and that therefore, under the provisions of the statute it is lawful to make said parties defendants hereto as above stated.

Therefore, on motion of G. F. Friegel, Attorney for Plaintiff, it is ordered that the appearance of said defendants be entered in said cause within three months from date hereof, and that within forty days plaintiff cause a copy of this order to be published in the Tawas Herald, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in Iosco county, and that such publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession.

Dated: Tawas City, January 26, 1933.
Nicholas C. Hartingh,
Circuit Court Commissioner for Iosco County, Michigan.
K. E. Dease, Clerk.
G. F. Friegel, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Business Address: 302 Ward Building, Owosso, Michigan.



Where can you find comforting Cleanliness?

Ask Little Boy Bright-- HE'S RIGHT!

Here you will find cleaning methods that are entirely satisfactory. We will revivify your bed clothes as well as your personal garments. Ours is a super-sanitary shop.

MERSCHER
C. E. Merschel, Prop.
EAST TAWAS
PHONE 120
LEANING DYEING

NOTICE

The above suit involves and is brought to quiet title to the following described premises:
Situating in the Township of Plainfield, County of Iosco and State of Michigan, to-wit: Lot No. One (1) of Section Thirty (30); Southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of Section Thirty (30), also that parcel of Lot Two (2), Section Thirty (30) which is in the Southwest quarter of the Northeast quarter of Section Thirty (30); the above being in Town Twenty-three (23) North of Range Five (5) East.
Dated January 26th, 1933.
G. F. FRIEGEL,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that effective from January 1, 1933, interest on Savings Accounts and Certificates of Deposit will be computed at the rate of three (3) per cent per annum and credited quarterly as heretofore.
Iosco County State Bank,
Tawas City, Mich.

"Oh, Professor," musical comedy, Thursday and Friday, February 23 and 24, Community building, East Tawas, Sponsored by Audie Johnson Post American Legion. adv.

Quick Action
It takes six generations to make a gentleman and only one bad day in Wall Street to make him a bum.—San Francisco Chronicle

REGISTRATION NOTICE

For all elections held April 3, 1933. To the qualified electors of the city of Tawas City, State of Michigan.

Notice is hereby given that in conformity with the "Michigan Election Law," I, the undersigned City Clerk will, upon any day except Sunday and a legal holiday, the day of any regular or special election or primary election, receive for registration the name of any legal voter in said city not already registered who may apply to me personally for such registration. Provided, however, that I can receive no names for registration during the time intervening between the second Saturday before any regular, special, or official primary election and the day of such election.

The last day for General Registration does not apply to persons who vote under the Absent Voters' Law. Notice is hereby given that I will be at my office
TUESDAY, MARCH 14, 1933
The 20th day preceding said election from 8 o'clock a. m. until 8 o'clock p. m. on said day for the purpose of reviewing the registration and registering such of the qualified electors in said city as shall properly apply therefor.

Notice is hereby further given to the qualified electors of this city that I, the undersigned clerk of said city, will register qualified electors who may apply at my office on any business day in the year up to and including Saturday, March 25, 1933—Last Day for general registration by personal application for said election.

The name of no person but an actual resident of the precinct at the time of registration, and entitled under the constitution, if remaining such resident, to vote at the next election shall be entered in the registration book.

Registration by Affidavit
Sec. 10—Registering of Electors—Any absent voter as defined in this act, whose name is not registered and who shall claim the right to vote by absent voter's ballot at any election or primary election, may at the time of making application for absent voter's ballot, present to the city clerk an affidavit for registration which shall be in substantially the following form:

Affidavit for Registration
State of Michigan, County of
I, being duly sworn depose and say that I am a citizen and duly qualified elector of the Ward of the city of in the county of and state of Michigan; that my postoffice address is Street or R. F. D. No. P. O.; that I am not now registered as an elector therein and that I am voting by absent voter's ballot at the election or primary election to be held upon the day of 1933, the application for which ballot accompanies this application; that I make this affidavit for the purpose of procuring my registration as an elector in accordance with the statute; that I make the following statements in compliance with the Michigan election law: Age; race; birth-place; date of naturalization I further swear or affirm that the answers given to the above questions concerning my qualifications as an elector are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Taken, subscribed and sworn to before me this day of 1933. My commission expires 1933.
Notary Public in and for said county, state of Michigan.

Upon receipt of such affidavit in the time specified herein, the clerk shall write in the registration book the name of the applicant together with the other information required by this chapter and such applicant shall thereupon be deemed to be duly and properly registered.

Registration of Absentee by Oath
If any person whose name is not registered shall offer and claim the right to vote at any election, or primary election, and shall under oath, state that he or she is a resident of such precinct and has resided in the city 20 days next preceding such election, designating particularly the place of his or her residence and that he or she possesses the other qualifications of an elector under the constitution; and that, owing to the sickness or bodily infirmity of himself or herself, or some member of his or her family or owing to his or her absence from the city on public business or his or her own business, and without intent to avoid or delay his or her registration, he or she was unable to make application for registration on the last day provided by law for the registering of electors preceding such election, then the name of such person shall be registered, and he or she shall then be permitted to vote at such election. If such applicant shall in said matter wilfully make any false statement, he or she shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and upon conviction, be subject to the pains and penalties thereof.

Provided, that any city may provide by its charter or by resolution approved by a majority of the members of its legislative body for the registration of such sick and absent voters on the last Saturday preceding any election or primary election at the places of voting in the several voting districts of said city, instead of on election or primary election day.

Provision in case of Removal to another Precinct.
Any registered and qualified voter who has removed from one election precinct of the city to another election precinct of the city shall have the right, on any day preceding the election day, on application to the city clerk, to have his or her name transferred from the registration book of the precinct from which he or she has removed to the registration book of the precinct of which he or she then resides. Such elector shall have the right to have such transfer made on election day, or primary election day, by obtaining from the board of inspectors of election of the precinct from which he or she has removed a certificate of transfer, and presenting the said certificate to the board of election inspectors of the precinct in which he or she then resides.
W. C. Davison, City Clerk

Hemlock

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Smith and son and Mr. and Mrs. Claire Smith and son of Flint spent the week end with their mother, Mrs. Reuben Smith.

We are sorry to learn that Mrs. C. A. Curry is on the sick list.

Mrs. Marshall Warren entertained a few at quilting the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Herriman and family had Sunday dinner with Mr. and Mrs. John Burt.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bowen of Whittemore, Russell Binder and Leona Brown were Saturday evening callers of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Youngs.

Lois Chambers visited at Hale over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Hays lost their home by fire Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Smith and son and Mr. and Mrs. Claire Smith and son of Flint had Sunday supper with Mr. and Mrs. Will Herriman.

Mrs. Ata Summerville of Prescott spent a few days with her mother, Mrs. Rose Summerville helping care for Lena who has been very ill, but is better at this writing.

Mrs. L. D. Watts has been on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Fraser entertained company the last week.

Mrs. Alex Herriman and son, Raoul of Osoda had supper on Tuesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brown and visited Miss Muriel who is seriously ill.

Henry McIvor returned home on Sunday after a few weeks in Detroit.

Paul Brown spent Monday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brown.

LONG LAKE

Fred Kruse and family attended the German Lutheran church in Tawas City last Sunday morning.

Mrs. Steve Swanson of Hale is spending the week at the home of Robert Buck.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Singer were called to Cedar Valley last Thursday by the death of Mr. Singer's mother, Mrs. Isabel Singer. The funeral was held on Sunday at 2 p. m.

Mrs. Alfred Boomer of Tawas City visited her sister, Mrs. Robert Buck on Monday.

Mrs. May Westervelt and son, Cecil, of Rose City were callers in Long Lake on Sunday eve.

Religion and Science

The basis of all scientific work is the conviction that the world is an ordered and comprehensive entity, which is a religious sentiment. My religious feeling is a humble amazement at the order revealed in the small patch of reality to which our feeble intelligence is equal.—Albert Einstein.

CLASSIFIED ADVS

EMPLOYMENT

MAN—Wanted to take care of an established business in the sale of McConnon Products in Iosco County. Good living right now with increasing profits as you become acquainted with customers and business. We finance responsible persons. Experience not necessary. Apply by letter to McConnon & Company, Special A-367, Winona, Minnesota.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A-1 mixed alfalfa and timothy hay, also oat straw. Fred Blust, Tawas City.

FOR SALE—About 20 tons fine mixed hay at my farm on Hemlock road. Write Margarette Wilson, Hale, R. 2.

FOR SALE—Barred Rocks; roosters, Halterman's world famous Aristocrats; dark and light mating; barred distinctly; prize winners; good laying strain. Here is your chance to mate your flock with well bred roosters at a very low price. Selling cheap. Now is the time to buy. W. C. Voss, Tawas City.

LOST-FOUND

FOUND—Black and white hound. Owner can have same by paying for keep and this adv. Ernest Ziehl, Tawas City.

A HUNTING DOG came to my place. Owner can have same by paying for advertisement and keep. Charles Grabow, Wilber.

INSURANCE

INSURANCE—For automobile and fire insurance on your home, see Clarence Fowler.

WANTED

WILL PAY 5c an ounce or 80c per pound for mixed used United States stamps. Jos. Barkman.

GENERAL SERVICE

LOCKSMITHS—All makes of locks refitted with keys. Tawas Hardware & Sporting Goods Co., East Tawas.

LIVE STOCK

CHESTER-WHITE BOAR service. Clarence Earl, R. 1.

FOR SALE—Chester White Brood sow, Frank Cogley, Wilber, originally Paul Schaff farm.

Heart Kept Busy
The human heart pumps over 2,000,000 times in the average lifetime. It accomplishes almost 150,000 foot-pounds of work a day, which is equivalent to raising one ton a height of 75 feet.

Colors Blended in Roof
Shingles may be dipped in several shades of red, green, gray or other colors, and may be laid without any suggestion of a fixed design, producing beautiful varicolored effects.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE

WHEREAS, Edward I. Dickey and Maggie Dickey, his wife, as mortgagors, made and executed two certain mortgages, the first dated March 3rd, 1917, to James Mahar of St. Johns, Michigan, and the second dated March 3rd, 1917, to Ealy, Stacy & Company, a co-partnership of Akron, Michigan, which mortgages were recorded in the Register of Deeds Office in the County of Iosco, State of Michigan, in Liber 21 of "Mortgages" on page 203 on March 14th, 1917, and in Liber 21 of "Mortgages" on page 206 on March 26th, 1917, respectively; and

WHEREAS, the first of said mortgages was assigned by said James Mahar, the mortgagee, to the said Ealy, Stacy & Company of Akron, Michigan, by assignment dated 9th day of February, 1920, and recorded in the Register of Deeds Office in the County of Iosco in Liber 20 of "Mortgages" on page 502 on March 11th, 1920; and

WHEREAS, default has been made in the payment of the money secured by each of said mortgages and the following sums being now due thereon, viz.:

On the first of said mortgages, the sum of \$800.00 as principal and \$668.16 as interest, to which sums is added an attorney fee of \$20.00 as provided by the provisions of said mortgage;

On the second of said mortgages, the sum of \$900.00 as principal and \$436.68 as interest, to which sums is added an attorney fee of \$20.00 as provided by the provisions of said mortgage; and

WHEREAS, the said assignee of the mortgage in the first mortgage and the mortgagee in the second mortgage, Ealy, Stacy & Company of Akron, Michigan, were on the 5th day of February, 1927, adjudicated bankrupt by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan and the First National Bank of Bay City was appointed trustee in bankruptcy of said bankrupt; and

WHEREAS, the said First National Bank of Bay City after qualifying and acting as such trustee thereafter on the 11th day of March, 1932, resigned as such trustee and the Bay Trust Company of Bay City, Michigan, by an order duly made and entered on that date by the District Court of the United

States for the Eastern District of Michigan, was duly appointed trustee in the place and stead of said First National Bank of Bay City and has duly qualified and is now acting as such trustee; and

WHEREAS, no suit or proceedings have been instituted at law to recover the debt now claimed to be due on said mortgages, notice is hereby given that said mortgages by virtue of the powers of sale in each contained, will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises in each described, at the front door of the court house in the City of Tawas City, County of Iosco and State of Michigan, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Iosco is held), on the 6th day of May, 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, Eastern Standard

Time, which premises are described as follows:
The lands and property situated in the Township of Burleigh, Iosco County, Michigan, described as follows: The North half of the Northwest quarter of section five, in Township twenty-one North, of Range 5 East, containing eighty acres, more or less.
Dated February 6, 1933.
BAY TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee in Bankruptcy of Ealy, Stacy & Co.
By Paul Thompson, Vice-President.
Assignee of Mortgagee and Mortgagee
Clark and Henry
Attorneys for Assignee
437-444 Shearer Bldg.
Bay City, Michigan.

Tawas Breezes

VOL. VI FEBRUARY 24, 1933 NUMBER 41

"It's queer, the way a horse eats, isn't it?"
"I don't know. How is it?"
"He eats best without a bit in his mouth."

Kiln dried corn \$1.00 per 100 lbs. cracked corn, \$1.15 per 100 lbs. ground oats \$1.00 per 100 lbs. corn and oat chop \$1.10 per 100 lbs. scratch feed at \$1.00 per 100 lbs. small wheat \$1.00 per 100 lbs. bone meal \$3.00 per 100 lbs. meat scraps \$3.00 per 100 lbs. linseed meal \$2.25 per 100 lbs.

"I can't imagine what you bid no trump on when I have three aces and four kings."
"Well, if you want to know, I bid it on one jack with

two queens and three cocktails."
Barrel salt, 25lb. sacks, 50 lb. sacks, 100 lb. sacks,
"That harp player gets \$200 for every concert."
"Hm'm. Easy picking!"
Gar: The folks across the street must be away. They have no lights
Bagef No, their daughter is having a party.

Executive (interviewing applicant for responsible position) Are you absolutely honest, straight forward and trustworthy?
Applicant: Yes, indeed I am, sir.
Executive: If you should enter this office tomorrow morning and find a

wallet containing—\$100,000, what would you do?
Applicant: What would I do? I'd do nothing, and live on my income.

Mother: You acted wrongly in disobeying me. I am punishing you to impress it on your mind.

Sonny: Aren't you proceeding under a slight misapprehension as to the location of my mind?

Aim for a goal you have some chance of realizing.

Wilson Grain Company

HERALD CLASSIFIED ADS PAY

NOW ON DISPLAY AT OUR SHOWROOMS

THE NEW FORD V-8

112 Inch Wheelbase

The New Ford combines eight-cylinder performance with unusual reliability and economy. It has many distinctive features of design and construction, larger, roomier bodies, faster acceleration and increased power, speed and economy are outstanding features of the New Ford V-8 cylinder car. This is the roomiest and most powerful Ford ever built, and it brings a new style of beauty, a new standard of comfort and a new pace in performance at a low price.

Jas. H. Leslie Ford Sales

Tawas City

Phone 238

MICHIGAN BELL TELEPHONE CO.



"Have I a telephone? Say, THAT'S HOW I GOT THIS JOB"

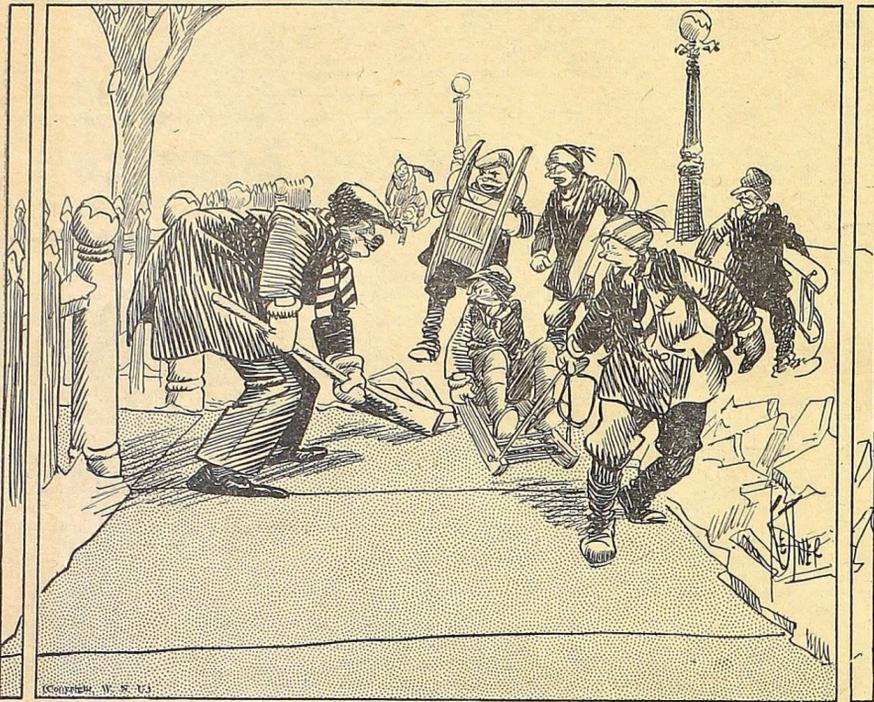
"THE boss on this job doesn't waste time when he needs more men. He just steps to the telephone and hires the ones he can reach easily and quickly that way."

In many instances, the applicant who has a telephone is the one who gets first call. Just one such call may more than justify the cost of telephone service for many months.

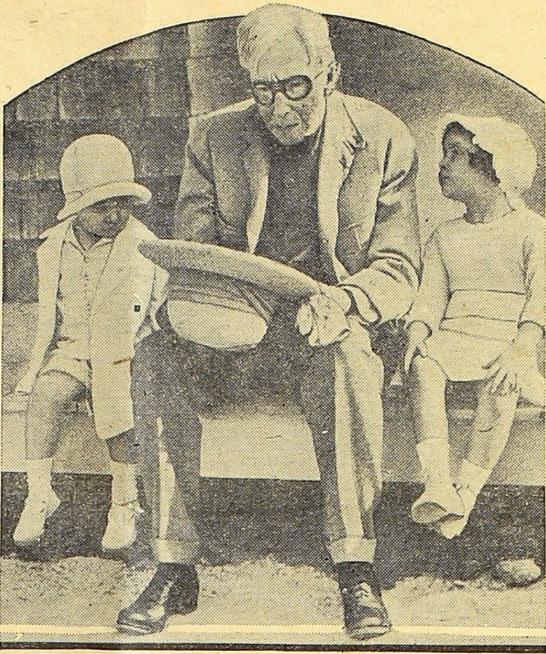


OUR COMIC SECTION

Events in the Lives of Little Men



Link-Side Story Told by John D.



"Once upon a time" goes the story John D. Rockefeller tells to his great grandchildren, John and Bessie De Cuevas, who are ardent listeners. Sitting on the steps of the starter's hut on the Ormond Beach golf links, the elder Rockefeller takes a little time off between holes to favor the children with a tale.

MUSCLE SHOALS CALLED "NIAGARA OF THE SOUTH"

Likened to Great Falls as Potential Water Power.

Washington.—Muscle Shoals and its Wilson dam, in the further development of which the new administration has declared an interest, is the "Niagara of the South" insofar as potential water power is concerned, according to a bulletin from the National Geographic society.

"Muscle Shoals is off the main highways and railroads, and considerably south of the center of population, and is therefore not so well known to traveling Americans as some less important power sites," says the bulletin.

"The Tennessee river, on which these rapids are situated, is the main tributary of the Ohio river and carries a large volume of water, especially in the spring months. The river, flowing far to the south and then far to the north, makes a vast bend, greater than that in any other of the major streams of the United States except the Snake river and the Rio Grande.

Drops About 130 Feet.

"Some of the headwaters of the Tennessee rise in Virginia and the stream then makes two complete crossings of the State of Tennessee, looping between times into northern Alabama. It is the portion of the river that lies in Alabama that contains Muscle Shoals, a section of rapids 37 miles long. In this short distance the river drops about 130 feet, nearly a third of the entire fall between Chattanooga and the Ohio river.

"Plans to improve the Tennessee at Muscle Shoals have been in existence for more than a hundred years. The work was first recommended by the secretary of war in 1824. This improvement was wholly for the purpose of bettering navigation. Work was actually started in 1831 and a canal with several locks was constructed, but was of small value. Further improvements to help navigation were made up until the World war, when it was decided to harness the river by a power dam and to utilize its electric energy for the production of nitrates to be used in the manufacture of ammunition. The Wilson dam was begun in 1916 and was not completed until 1925.

"This dam is one of the largest in the United States. The river spreads out to a great breadth so that the dam locks only about 700 feet of being a mile long. It is approximately 122 feet high to the roadway on top, and contained at the time of its completion a greater volume of concrete than any other dam in the world. Because of the great width of the river at the dam site, construction was very costly. Dam and power house have cost to date \$47,000,000. The power house is situated at the south end of the dam and has foundations which provide for the installation of 13 giant turbines that will produce a maximum of 600,000 horse power. Of these, eight have been installed and are capable of producing a maximum of 250,000 horse power. The maximum at low water will be about 100,000 horse power.

"Since the completion of the Wilson dam and power house in 1925, the plant has been put to very little use. Some electric energy has been sold to existing power companies, but at no time has the power house been called on for its maximum production.

"In connection with the building of the Wilson dam, the federal government constructed two huge factories for the manufacture of nitrates from the nitrogen of the air. The various buildings of one, situated at the town of Sheffield, a few miles down stream from the southern end of the dam, are scattered over more than 1,900 acres of land. It has never been in use. The second, four miles up stream from Sheffield and close to the end of the dam, occupies a tract of approxi-

mately 2,300 acres. It has been operated only on a test basis. The government also constructed a large steam power plant of 80,000 horse power with which to operate the second nitrate plant pending the completion of the dam.

Near City of Florence.

"The north end of the Wilson dam is in the suburbs of Florence, Ala., a thriving little city of 12,000 inhabitants. Florence is a typical inland southern town of shaded streets, many of them lined with fine old mansions. Like other communities near Muscle Shoals, Florence felt the hectic wartime prosperity that poured liberal wages into the hands of 20,000 workers on the dam and nitrate plants.

"When the Wilson dam was built, primarily for power production, the possibilities of improving the navigation of the Tennessee river by the structure were not overlooked. At the north end of the dam is a canal with its flight of locks through which river boats are lifted into the Wilson lake. Back water from the dam makes the river navigable for 14 miles up

Long Drive Ends in Accident Near Home

Washington.—After driving all the way to North Carolina and return in search of her sister whom she had not seen for the last nineteen years, Mrs. Inez Turner, Bethesda, received a cut on the right ankle within a mile of her home.

According to police at Bethesda she was attempting to pass a truck when it swerved to the left. Trying to avoid a collision she turned short, causing her automobile to overturn.

stream, but at this point a shallow stretch occurs. There an auxiliary dam is being built which will make the river navigable to Chattanooga. A small dam, also, has been built several miles down stream from Wilson dam to make possible the passage of river traffic over the lower end of Muscle Shoals.

"When the up-stream dam is completed it will be possible for Tennessee river traffic to operate from Chattanooga to the mouth of the river and on down through the Ohio and Mississippi to the Gulf, carrying its burdens of coal, stone, phosphate rock, coke, iron, lumber, furniture, and farm and food products."

Famed Thieves' Market of Moscow Is Abolished

Moscow.—With the closing of Sukharevsky market the Soviet capital lost an institution of ill fame which was part of Moscow life for generations.

A sort of "thieves' market" before and after the revolution, it became in the last few years the last stamping ground of private traders, legitimate and otherwise. In ordering its abolition the Soviet felt it necessary to explain that the construction of new modern markets made this one unnecessary.

The local press supplemented the official apologies by attacking Sukharevsky market as a hotbed of theft and speculation and disease.

The fame of Sukharevsky went far beyond Moscow. It was known throughout the country. The market presented a scene far more Asiatic than European. Besides rows of booths where government goods were being sold there were others presided over by peasants trying to dispose of farm products under the Kremlin's new permission to trade on a free market basis.

Buyers and sellers milled in a noisy confusion. Men, women, and children stood or promenade all day long to dispose of a bottle of oil, a pair of pants, galoshes, or some other article.

With the increasing shortage of food and clothes in the last year these became the principal items of trade on Sukharevsky. It was chiefly at this market that thieves employees of government shops sold their loot through intermediaries.

Roosevelt's High Kick Broke School Record

As a student at Groton, Franklin D. Roosevelt was more excited over setting a record for the "running high kick" than in scholastic achievements, his mother, Mrs. James Roosevelt, said, in an interview published in Good Housekeeping Magazine.

"Of the thousand applicants from the various preparatory schools who took the (Harvard) tests," Mrs. Roosevelt said, "Franklin headed the grade with sixteen points, the best rating conferred, and we were immensely proud of his achievement.

"He on the other hand, did not feel that either this his winning of the all-school Latin prize was of any special importance. And he was indefinitely more excited over his breaking the school record for what they call the 'running high kick' and establishing one at 7 feet, 3 1/2 inches that was to remain unshattered for years."

Golf was another sport which aroused young Roosevelt's enthusiasm, his mother said, and he introduced the game to Campobello island, off the coast of Maine, where the Roosevelts passed their summers.

COUGH OR COLD?

A DISEASE that starts with a bad cough sometimes runs into something serious. Your health is too important to be neglected. Improve your stomach and the blood with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Mrs. Lillian Midgale of 413 Eleanor St. Kalamazoo, Mich., says: "I had a bad cough. I was getting weaker every day. Not being benefited by the doctor I felt discouraged. The first dose of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery was taken in the morning and that same night was the first rest I had in weeks. I continued to take the 'Discovery' until I had taken three bottles. I improved daily, gained 25 pounds in three months and have been in perfect health since." Sold by druggists.

But That's Advisable
Greenness can't be cured. It can merely hold itself in.

Sinus Trouble

Makes Life Unbearable
Last year a prominent New York judge and his wife committed suicide because sinus trouble made life unbearable. Prevent sinus infection. If nose is stuffed, head hurts to dissection. Sparkling eyes, a fresh, unblemished skin come naturally with a clean, clear, healthy system. Cleanse internally with Garfield Tea. It's pleasant, prompts relief from colds, catarrh, hay fever and sinus infection. Tear this out. Get a large bottle of SINASIPTEC from your druggist and use it in warm water as directed. Say it—Sina-sip-tec.

Your Face Shows It!
Right through your make-up the condition of your stomach shows up in your complexion. Sparkling eyes, a fresh, unblemished skin come naturally with a clean, clear, healthy system. Cleanse internally with Garfield Tea. It's pleasant, prompts relief from colds, catarrh, hay fever and sinus infection. Tear this out. Get a large bottle of SINASIPTEC from your druggist and use it in warm water as directed. Say it—Sina-sip-tec.

GARFIELD TEA
a natural laxative drink....
SAMPLE FREE: Garfield Tea Co., P.O. Brooklyn, N.Y.

DR. J.D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY

No need to spend restless, sleepless nights. Irritation quickly relieved and rest assured by using the remedy that has helped thousands of sufferers. 25 cents and \$1.00 at druggists. If unable to obtain, write direct to: NORTHROP & LYMAN CO., Inc., Buffalo, New York. Send for free sample.

WHY WEAR GLASSES?

Are You a Slave to Custom
If so we can show you and your children how to discard your glasses and avoid a nuisance and unnecessary expense. Did you ever see an Indian wearing glasses? No. Millions of Indians are satisfied with the end of sixty days if not satisfied. NATURAL VISION CO., Box 273, Reno, Nevada

THIS IS THE YEAR YOU NEED MY ASTROLOGICAL FORECAST

Character Analysis and Daily Guide WILL STARTLE YOU! TELLS YOUR GOOD DAYS. Thousands find guidance and solace here. Mail Your Birthdate, Birth Month, Day, Year, Your Name, Address and One Dollar. PIERRE JANETTE, 8 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, Roseland, N.J. SEND BIRTHDATE, GET ASTRAL SIGN FREE

Kidneys bother you?

Heed promptly bladder irregularities, getting up at night and nagging backache. They may warn of some disordered kidney or bladder condition. Users everywhere rely on Doan's Pills. Praised for more than 50 years by grateful users the country over. Sold by all druggists.

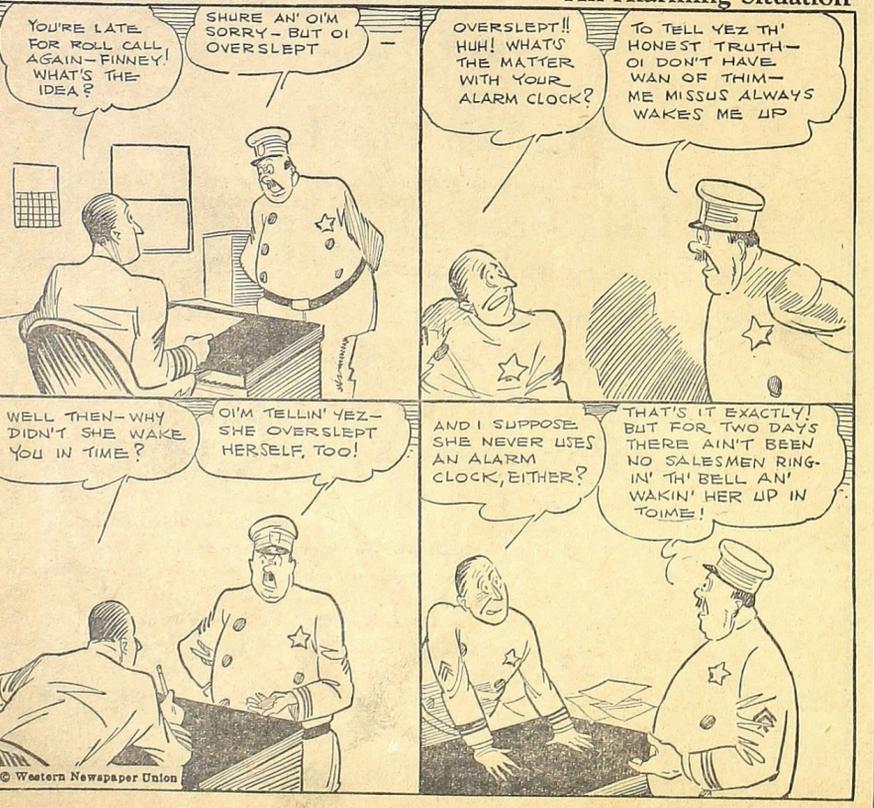
DOAN'S PILLS
A DIURETIC FOR THE KIDNEYS
Doan's Pills

THE FEATHERHEADS



A Sure-Fire Recipe

FINNEY OF THE FORCE



An Alarming Situation

MOTORISTS ARE HARD HIT BY TAXES

Contribute Heavily to Cost of Government.

Washington.—A heavy share of federal, state, and municipal government costs is being borne by automobile owners throughout the United States as the result of new taxes enacted during the past two years.

Revenue of more than \$250,000,000 was expected to accrue to the United States government through the excise tax passed by congress at its last session and which levies on gasoline, oil, tires, and all accessories.

States and municipalities also have tapped new fountains of income by levying upon motor vehicle owners. In the 12 years from 1919 to 1931 state license and gasoline taxes alone have risen from \$8.68 to \$34.10 per capita, an increase of 292 per cent.

The tax bill which Mr. Car Owner in the United States paid during 1932

REORGANIZER



Swagar Sherley, the Kentucky congressman and wartime head of the house appropriations committee, who was commissioned by President-Elect Roosevelt to supervise the formation of plans for a complete reorganization of the entire federal government. Sherley is assisted in the gigantic task by a number of the country's leading economists and government experts.

Bevo, Steer Grid Mascot, Is Sent Back to Ranch

Austin, Texas.—Bevo II, brawny Leghorn steer, cut such a swath at Texas university that the flesh and blood mascot has been expelled from the school and sent back to the Diamond T ranch, on the Mexican border, whence he came.

Bevo joined in celebrations and mass meetings with gusto—so much so, in fact, that he seriously endangered the lives of spectators at one football game.

So Bevo was ruled out by a vote of 5 to 1 by the athletic council, and now he can romp in the 12,000 acres of his homeland, unhampered by the cramped stadium walls.

Faculty Are Students' Parents
Burlington, Vt.—Twenty-four students at the University of Vermont are children of faculty members.

Coolidge in Plea for Man's Humble Friends

On March 30, 1920, there was dedicated in the Massachusetts state house, Boston, the first memorial to animals ever erected in a legislative building. It was a tablet memorializing the horses, dogs and other animals that served in the World war, was given by the Massachusetts S. P. C. A. to the state. After an address by President Rowley, the tablet was accepted by Calvin Coolidge, then Governor of Massachusetts, who said in part:

"Those whom this tablet honors will never know its meaning, its significance, or even of its existence, but we can understand what it means and how much was done for the benefit of mankind by these creatures who suffered for our sake.

"A merciful man is merciful to his beast. A just man is just to all. We can show our worthiness by an appreciation of what these creatures did and how they suffered for our welfare.

"I accept this tablet as characteristic of the teachings of the commonwealth. I accept it with an acknowledgment of the generosity that prompted those who have made it possible. I accept it as an expression of all that is highest and noblest in the history of the commonwealth."

—Our Dumb Animals

Do this for Your Child in TWO WEEKS

How to rid any boy or girl of sluggishness or constipation and build a big appetite. The trouble with children who will not eat is usual *stasis*. The symptoms are a tongue that's always coated, bad breath, poor color, dull eyes that are often a bilious yellow. No appetite, no ambition—even for play. Hard to get to sleep, hard to wake in the morning.

There's an absolute remedy for this condition. It gives listless youngsters the appetite and energies of a young animal! They eat! They gain! They keep well!

It's not the stomach, but the bowel condition that keeps children from eating. But the trouble is in the lower bowel—the colon. California syrup of figs is the only "medicine" that is needed to stimulate the colon muscles. The very next day, your child is eating better and feeling better. Keep on with the syrup of figs a few days and you will see amazing improvement in appetite, color, weight and spirits.

Any drug store has the real California syrup of figs, all bottled, with directions. Nature never made a nicer acting or nicer tasting laxative. (It is purely vegetable.) Remember California syrup of figs when sickness, a cold or any upset has clogged a child's bowels.

WARNING: Even when it's something to give children, some stores will try to substitute. So be sure the bottle says CALIFORNIA Syrup of Figs.

Flatter Them, Girls

A man likes to be called handsome even if he knows he isn't.

Don't Trifle With Coughs

Don't let them get a strangle hold. Fight germs quickly. Creomulsion combines the 7 best helps known to modern science. Powerful but harmless. Pleasant to take. No narcotics. Your druggist will refund your money if any cough or cold no matter how long standing is not relieved by Creomulsion. (adv.)

The Black Box of Silence

By Francis Lynde

Illustrations by O. Irwin Myers

(WNU Service)

(Copyright by William Gerard Chapman.)

CHAPTER XII—Continued

Past this, Landis' recollections were dim and confused. He remembered seeing the pistol upswing for a blow that descended once or a dozen times, he couldn't tell how many; that he had finally got a hand free to clutch at the merciless club that was beating his head to a pulp, and that when he did, there was a crash as if the roof of the tunnel had caved in.

Landis struggled from under an inert and heavy body. In the struggle for the possession of the clubbed pistol the weapon had been discharged and the bullet had plowed a furrow through the hair of the clubber. With a grim determination not to give up until he had made a finished job of it, Landis rubbed the blood out of his eyes, rolled the wounded man over and made shift to tie his hands behind him with his own pistol belt.

That done, he did the same for the other man, who had not yet recovered from the smashing blow given him at the beginning of the mad battle.

There was one thing more to be done, and he did it. Taking the black box down from its shelf, he laid it upon one of the cross-ties, and with a fragment of ore for a hammer, beat and battered at it until it was reduced to a shapeless ruin.

Ten minutes later, dragging the ruin after him by one of its internal wires, he staggered into the mouth of the old working where he had left Betty, and heard dimly her cry of dismay or relief, or both, as she caught him in her arms. After which the waves of a deep sea of unconsciousness rolled over him and he knew no more.

CHAPTER XIII

A Confession and a Temperature

When Landis began to come to a realization of things as they are, he found himself in bed.

At his stirring, somebody tiptoed across the room to the bedside and he saw Wally bending over him and heard him say, "Thank God, Owen, old boy! We were beginning to think you were never going to come back to us! How are you feeling?"

"Like the morning after. What's the matter with my head?"

"Oh, nothing much; just looked as if it had been run through a sausage mill when we brought you out of the mine. You must have had the time of your young life with those two assassins."

"I did," said the Berserker, to whom recollection was slowly returning. Then, "Fill it out for me, Wally. What happened, and why did it happen? And is Betty all right?"

"She is. In the mine we found you and Betty, and, a little farther on, your victims. You must have put up a whole of a scrap with those two fellows—both of them with guns and you with only your bare hands."

"Not bare—quite; I had a shovel to begin with. But never mind the scrap. Tell me what Canby and his gunmen were doing, or trying to do, and why they had my black box."

Beginning at the Hillcrest visit Markham ran rapidly over the events of the kidnaping evening, the holdups on the way to town, his leaving Betty at the Stillings house and his return to the hotel in time to witness the arrival of the real Fleming, Cantrell and Martin from Louisville.

"The clerk had just told me that you'd been called over to Starbuck's office; and knowing, or thinking I knew, that Starbuck wasn't in town, I went over to see for myself," and then he briefed the story of the bogus bookkeeper, and the resultant wild-goose chase into the northern hills.

"But still you haven't told me the why," Landis complained.

"I'm coming to that. As I said, I was thrashing it out with Stillings in the lobby of the hotel, and just as Stillings said, 'Lord, I wish Starbuck were here; Cousin Billy walked in on us. Then I did what we should have done at first; gave him the whole layout, beginning with the theft of the black box. 'Canby's man,' he said; and in less than no time he had the sheriff on the wire and a posse sworn in and we were on the way to the Quavapai."

"As we were about to pass the Little Alice, a man came running out to say that somebody was digging into the Alice vein from the south; that the men in the Alice had just heard the air drills as if they were only a few feet away. That settled it, and within the next half hour everybody connected with the Quavapai was under arrest, and one of Canby's accomplices had weakened and told us that you and Betty were shut up in the old workings. At this, the posse split; half of it going into the old mine to look for you two, and the other half taking possession of the new workings."

"You found out the 'why' then?"

"Yes, we found out what Canby had done. There was no mineral in the Quavapai; there hadn't been from the beginning. But Canby was stuck, himself, and he framed it to stick somebody else. What he did was to drive a tunnel all the way through the mountain to tap the real stuff in the Alice. When the robber tunnel got so near there was danger of the drilling and blasting being heard in the Alice, he

was stumped until he happened to hear of your invention through one of his gang members who had spied upon you in your lab.

"We have found out that he is the secret head—and brains—of a criminal organization that is almost nation wide. He got the three Louisville magnates on the string and they agreed to buy the Quavapai if it proved to be as he represented it. The tunneling through the mountain had cost a lot of money, and Canby had put everything he had into it. If he could make the turn and sell the mine, he stood to clean up with a couple of millions, or more. But more money was needed, so he turned the black box over to his three yeggmans and told them to pick what they could in the way of ready cash on their way out here. And it was one of his little refinements of audacity to have them pose as the three Louisville magnates on the western trip."

"It worked," said Landis.

"Yes, until we butted in. When the three found out we were on their trail, they yelled for help, and Canby jumped in to try and balk us until the black box had enabled the miners to get well into the Alice vein and the sale to the Louisville people had been made. After that, Canby could snap his fingers at all of us."

Landis made no comment for a minute or so. But after a little pause he said, "I'm mighty sorry for Betty. It's a horrible ending to her little romance." Then, "It was Canby who stole my box, of course. But who was the woman who helped him? Has she been traced?"

"I don't think the woman will ever be found. But we can afford to let her go. I'll quit you now and send the nurse in. You've had enough excitement for one day."

Landis heard her when she came in and crossed the room, and was inclined to be rebellious when he felt her sit down on the edge of the bed. That was an odd thing for a nurse to do, he thought. When she continued to sit there, he opened his eye a sixteenth of an inch to see what she looked like. Before he could determine, a low voice said, "Don't be so bashful, Owen, dear; it's nobody but me."

"Betty!" he gasped, coming wide-eyed. "Did—did Wally mean you when he said 'nurse'?"

She nodded. "I've been waiting. The doctor said you might be yourself again some time today. Is your poor head hurting awfully?"

"It feels as if I'd lost it and got a cracked dinner pot in its place. What day is it? I forgot to ask Wally."

"It's Wednesday—the day after, you know. It was yesterday you had that dreadful fight in the mine."

He looked away from her when he asked the question:

"What became of Canby?"

"He is in jail."

"Poor girl!"

"Why am I poor?"

"I shouldn't think you'd need to ask. Weren't you going to marry him?"

"No; not if he were the last man on earth."

"But, Betty—"

"I know. Wally has told you his story, and now I've got to tell you mine. I'm going to tell you just what happened, and then you'll hate me. You know now why Bert Canby wanted to get all three of us out of the way, don't you?"

"I know why he wanted to obliterate Wally and me. But you—"

"He was just as much afraid of me as he was of you and Wally."

"But you came out here with him in his car."

"Yes; with daddy along. And we hadn't come very far before I was glad daddy had accepted his invitation. In just a little while I knew there was something terribly wrong going on, and that you and Wally were mixed up in it some way. After that, I tried and tried to find out what it was; why you and Wally seemed to be trying to catch up with three men ahead of us, with Bert trying to get to them first."

"Well, you know now, don't you? It was that black box of mine. Wally has told you about the box—my noise-killer—hasn't he?"

When she nodded assent, he went on. "There were three banks and a mine commissary blown up, wrecked and looted, on the way out here, and not in any of the places did anybody hear a sound."

"You think those three men stole your invention? Where did you keep it?"

"In the safe in my workshop."

"When was it stolen?"

"On the night when you acted so wise as leading lady. Do you remember in the first interlude, how the orchestra made a queer break, right in the middle of a passage?"

"We all noticed it."

"I had the box with me, and I had it switched on for a few seconds to show Wally what it would do. After the play, Wally went with me to my lab, and we talked about it. Just before he left, I put the box in the safe and locked it up. In the morning the safe was open and the box gone. I phoned for Wally and he came right over. We found the tracks of an auto in the alley, and footprints between the line fence and my shop."

"What kind of footprints?"

"There was only one that was plain; it was the print of a woman's shoe in the soft earth under the lab. window. Wally made a plaster cast of it, but I don't know what he did with it."

"I know."

"You do? Did he tell you?"

"No; but just the same, I know. He went straight to our house and went up to my bedroom and compared the cast with one of my shoes."

"What? Good heavens—you must have dreamed that!"

"No, I didn't dream it. There was nobody but Olga, the maid, in the house when Wally got there. Olga told Wally I'd be home in a few minutes and showed him into the living room. When she got back to the kitchen she thought she heard somebody upstairs. She slipped up the back way and saw Wally. He was in my room and had one of my shoes in one hand, and in the other a white thing that looked like part of a shoe. She told me after he'd gone, and then I knew."

"You'll have to make it plainer. My old head isn't functioning very well, just now. What did you know?"

"It all came to me like a dim recollection of a bad dream. I seemed to see myself kneeling before your safe and opening it and taking something from it. Don't you remember how you once showed me how to work the combination?"

"But, Betty! That's simply impossible. You couldn't have remembered the combination."

"No; I'd forgotten it almost as soon as you showed me, and I don't remember it now. But don't the psychologists tell us that the subconscious mind never forgets anything?"

"You're getting in too deep for me now. But it's all perfectly ridiculous, anyway. You wouldn't do such a thing as that!"

"Of course I wouldn't—not willingly. But can't you imagine me doing it unwillingly?"

"No."

"Then I'll have to tell you something I thought I'd never tell anyone. You know Bert Canby drove me to the theater that night, don't you?"

"Yes."

"After the play, he took me to Pozzoni's for supper. I was awfully tired, and before the supper was over I began to get so sleepy that I could hardly hold my eyes open. When we left the restaurant I can just remember Bert's helping me into his car; and after that I can't remember anything until I seemed to come awake as he was helping me out at our front door."

"D—n him!" gritted Landis out of a full heart. "If they ever let him out of jail I'm going to kill him! Did—did he hypnotize you?"

"I haven't wanted to believe it; it's too horrible. But I'm afraid it's true, Owen. At first, I thought I'd just dropped off for a few minutes while he was driving me home. Then what Olga told me about Wally and my shoes scared me, though I didn't know then that your safe had been burglarized, or that anything had gone wrong. But when I went to my room that night and looked at the clock, I knew we hadn't come straight home from Pozzoni's. It made me furious to think that anybody had the power to turn me into a puppet—a plaything! That is why I didn't object when Bert invited us to drive out here with him. I meant to make him tell me what he'd done to me—or what he'd made me do."

"But he didn't tell you, did he?"

"You'd know he wouldn't. Every time I asked him about that drive home, he'd laugh and say that I went to sleep, and that he just drove around town for a while to let me have my nap out. Since we've been in Brewster I've felt that he was trying it again—trying to get the control, I mean. I could feel his will pushing hard against mine, and now I know why. He was afraid I might remember."

Landis was silent for a little time after she stopped. Then he said, "I'm pretty badly up in the air, Betty. You see, I've been thinking, all along—with everybody else—that you were in love with Canby. I was sure of it. Now you've left me sort of gaping. But I—Wally's awfully glad, you know—for Wally's sake."

"For Wally's sake?" she said, with the quaint little grimace that had always made him want to kiss her. Then she laughed. "I wonder if there ever was another man so maddeningly, so exasperatingly—oh, I can't find words for it! Have I got to tell you right out plain that there has never been anybody but you, just you, always, you dear, dense, absent-minded, self-forgetting dreamer? Haven't you known that?"

"My G—d!" he breathed. "Have I been that stupid and blind, Betty? But you know, don't you, that I've always loved you, and that I haven't told you so only because I wanted to be able—I mean, I was waiting until I could offer you something more than my love and a bare living. And I haven't any more than these to offer you now, for there'll be no more experiments with things like the black box. And when Canby butted in I thought I'd lost you."

"Foolish boy," she said softly. "Don't you know you couldn't lose me if you should try ever so hard?" Then, "Listen—here comes the doctor making his round! If he finds me here instead of the nurse that I bribed to let me in, he'll murder me. Kiss me quick, dear, and let me run. And don't you dare have a temperature when he comes in!"

But after she had fled, and the house physician, bearded, fierce-eyed and savagely professional, had come and had applied his thermometer—to read it with a frown and a growl—Landis grinned and said, "Never mind a bit of temperature, Doctor. If you'd been through what I have, you'd have a hundred and five and still be calling it normal. I'm all right. You couldn't kill me now with a baseball bat. I've got too much to live for!"

(THE END)

POULTRY

FINDS ANCESTRY OF POULTRY IMPORTANT

Inherited Weaknesses Cut Egg Production.

Prepared by Poultry Department, Ohio State University.—WNU Service.

The ancestry of chicks may make them profitable additions to the farm flock or total losses, according to G. S. Vickers of the Ohio Poultry Improvement association, who says that among the factors inherited by chicks are early maturity, tendency to winter rest, broodiness, intensity and persistence of production, and egg size.

It has been shown clearly that the birds laying first or earliest, other things equal, are the best birds and lay the most eggs. The factor of early maturity in chickens is inherited and a chick is hatched with certain potentialities along this line, which no amount of care or feeding can change.

Certain hens rest during the winter when eggs are high. They transmit this tendency to their offspring. If it is present there is a cut in egg production. Another factor inherited by the birds is the tendency to broodiness. Now with the help of scientific investigations, broodiness is being bred out of certain birds.

By intensity is meant the number of eggs a bird lays each month. This ability of the hens to lay fast or slow is of the greatest importance in determining profits. It is inherited. Chicks have it or they don't have it, and nothing can change their fundamental qualities.

Mate One Goose and One Gander for Best Results

The best success in mating geese is likely to follow the practice of mating one goose with one gander. If two geese run with one gander one of them is likely to be neglected and her eggs will be infertile. If you have several geese and an equal number of ganders allow them to pair off by their own choice and you will likely have no trouble. One breed of geese may be considered as good as another. The main thing is to get birds of good type of any breed. The Toulouse is the most common breed in many localities and should be easy to get and satisfactory to raise. The male bird has a louder voice than the female; he leads the way when they go on parade or foraging. He is the guardian and is always on the lookout for danger and sounds the alarm. He is not likely to be as large as the female but he carries himself in dignified and commanding style.—Montreal Herald.

Wyandotte Bantam Makes Bow as Newest Variety

The newest thing in chickens is the Wyandotte bantam, a small chicken large enough to lay good sized eggs and for the table, yet small enough to fit into any town or city dweller's back yard. What will interest a lot of folks is that it requires only about a third of the food an ordinary sized hen eats. As the name implies the Wyandotte bantam is a cross between the Wyandotte and bantam. It was originated in England. These new chicks, shown at the twenty-fourth annual exhibition of the Chicago Coliseum Poultry Exposition association, weigh from two to five and a half pounds and lay eggs weighing 14 ounces to the dozen. Regular sized hen eggs weigh about 24 ounces per dozen.

Clean Feed Is Important

Clean feed is an important part of the whole scheme of poultry raising. It is not sufficient to mix or to buy clean feed. The entire ration must be kept clean until eaten by the chickens. It is well to have an absolute rule that no feed of any kind is to be thrown in the litter, on the floor, or on the ground where it can be eaten by the chicks. Of course, if a small number of chicks is being raised and ample range is available so that the grain can be thrown on a new spot each time the chickens are fed, there can be no serious objection to this practice. Rarely are conditions so favorable; so, the best practice is to feed all grain as well as mash in hoppers.

Poultry Facts

One-day chicks sent by air from the United States to Panama arrived in perfect condition.

Long Island duck farms have sandy yards which are cleaned by the rise and fall of the tide.

Male turkeys two to four years of age mated to second-year hens will usually breed strong, virile young stock.

At the present prices of feed grains, poultry products offer the best market for the farmer's labor.

Hens may be culled on the basis of past production; that basis is much more accurate than pullet culling.

The up-to-date farmer's poultry house is one with plenty of room, light and sunshine, fresh air without draughts, movable fixtures, convenient, built for comfort according to modern plans to suit his purse.

Too Many People "Afraid of Snow"

Foolishness Not Confined to the Ignorant.

From Madrid, in Spain, comes news of great excitement. For the first time in the lives of many of the population, it snowed.

Among the ignorant there was fear and trepidation. In the city housewives refused to go out to buy food. Farmers thought their countryside was cursed. And in El Retiro, Madrid's chief park, the lions roared with indignation as a heavy snowfall drifted in their open cages. For blocks around their mournful notes could be heard, adding an eerie background to the fears of the ignorant.

The last need not have been added—for are fears not always on the part of the ignorant, in some way or other? That is such blind, unreasoning fear of something that is suspected simply because it is new and unknown?

Of all those so affected by the snow in Madrid, the only sensible and logical ones were the lions. They had something tangible and positive to object to—the physical discomfort of the cold wet snow on their beautiful coats which had been brought up to expect only summer sunshine! They were rational beings compared to the humans who were afraid of the snow simply because they had never seen it before.

And if it seems fantastic or incomprehensible that any human beings should be so stupid, just look around you and see fearful people for whom there is less excuse than for the ignorant peasant housemaid who was afraid of the snow. Think of the woman who has all sorts of fears about the girl her son wants to mar-

ry—simply because she does not know her. And the girl who assumes bogies about the family she has not met? Think of the mothers who work up fears about any experience or adventure which their children crave—simply because they are not familiar with exactly what is involved. Think of the people who are afraid to start anything, to risk or venture anything, because of nameless fears, undefined suspicions of all the things that "might happen." Ah, no, those ignorant humans who feared the snow are not as incomprehensible as at first thought they may seem!

© 1923, Bell Syndicate.—WNU Service.

Find Them Everywhere
There are lots of big boys and small men in the world.

Found ANSWER TO UGLY PIMPLES

ONCE SHE HATED HERSELF! EVEN when she knew that unsightly, blemished skin was hurting her popularity she could find nothing that helped—until a friend hinted "constipation" and advised NR Tablets (Nature's Remedy). They toned and strengthened the entire circulatory tract—rid her system of poisonous wastes thoroughly, naturally. Soon skin blotches vanished, pale cheeks glowed again. Try this safe, dependable, all-vegetable laxative and corrective tonight. Non-habit-forming. At all druggists.

TUMS Quick relief for acid indigestion, heartburn. Only 10c.

80 ACRES, 1 mile east of Corvina, on E. McNeil St., Jim Nee Farm, modern 8 room house, bath room, furnace, fine barn, bldgs. As good land as in Mich. Good orchard, finest schools, in a few years this farm can be allotted; Owosso 4 miles west, Flint 18 miles East. Price \$6,500; \$500 down, balance same as rent. Owner Geo. H. Tilling, 18740 Shaker Blvd., Cleveland, Ohio.

HERE'S QUICKEST, SIMPLEST WAY TO STOP A COLD

FOLLOW DIRECTIONS PICTURED BELOW

Almost Instant Relief In This Way

If you have a cold—don't take chances with "cold killers" and nostrums. A cold is too dangerous to take chances on.

The simple method pictured above is the way doctors throughout the world now treat colds.

It is recognized as the QUICK-EST, safest, surest way. For it will check an ordinary cold almost as fast as you caught it.

That is because the real BAYER Aspirin embodies certain medical qualities that strike at the base of a cold almost INSTANTLY.

You can combat nearly any cold you get simply by taking BAYER Aspirin and drinking plenty of water every 2 to 4 hours the first day and 3 or 4 times daily thereafter. If throat is sore, gargle with 3 BAYER Aspirin Tablets crushed



Ask your druggist about the recent price reduction on the 100 tablet size Bayer Aspirin.

NO TABLETS ARE GENUINE BAYER ASPIRIN WITHOUT THIS CROSS

OUR BIG Department Store

The stores of our town, as a whole, are but the big department store of the metropolitan center. Collectively they offer every trading advantage enjoyed by the people of the large cities. The only difference is that all departments are not under one roof nor one ownership. The variety is here, the convenience is here, the reliability is here and you can always have plenty of time to investigate your purchases. Take advantage of the service of our local merchants.

QUICK RELIEF FROM COLDS

Mistol

FOR NOSE AND THROAT

Essence of Mistol

ON HANDKERCHIEF AND PILLOW

ACIDITY

NEW FACTS ABOUT HEADACHES, SLEEPLESSNESS, DEBILITY, ETC.

Acidity is a danger signal. Don't be satisfied merely to correct the condition in your stomach. Your entire system is concerned. Take GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

They stimulate your kidneys so that they free your WHOLE BODY of more acids. See if they don't relieve ALL your acidity troubles. Insist on GOLD MEDAL 35¢.

SORES AND LUMPS—My Specialty

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W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 8-1933

No. 2 Continued from the First Page

white and blue as ceiling decorations. The invitations, made of red, white and blue paper, were decorated with busts of Washington, and tied with blue and white cord. On the inside of the first page was composed a list of famous men, the dates of their births and deaths and what position they occupied in the annals of fame. On the opposite page was the invitation. The printing was done in cooperation with the commercial department under Miss Brothwell.

The paper plates, tallies, prizes and ice cream decorations, besides the above mentioned, were all made by the pupils during their art periods and the duet and quartet were trained by the music teacher.

Thirty-three teachers have accepted the invitations and an outstanding program has been worked out by Miss Brown and the pupils, which consists of 15 one minute dramas depicting incidents of the lives of these men, five biographical character sketches of the five statesmen whose birthdays we are observing, a piano solo by Robert Fitzhugh and other features. Refreshments also will be served.

Fifth and Sixth Grades
The boys and girls are entertaining their mothers and friends at a February Birthday party Friday afternoon. We are honoring five great men whose birthday comes in February: George Washington, Abraham Lincoln, Thomas A. Edison, Henry

Wadsworth Longfellow and Charles Lindbergh.

We will present the following program:

Lincoln's Birthday—Myrtle Bowen.
Washington's birthday—Margaret Davis.
A boy of long ago, duet—Norma Musolf and Betty Davis.
Longfellow, a sketch—Ruth Clark.
The children's hour—Dorothy Blust.
Piano solo—Robert Fitzhugh.
Lindbergh flies alone—Vernon Blust.
Stories about Edison—Mary Cunniff.

Primary Room
Mrs. Giddings visited in our room a short time Thursday afternoon. The children were weighed and measured this week. Billy Mallon and Robert Bradley did the weighing and measuring in our room.

Grade I had 100 per cent attendance Thursday and Friday of last week.

Richard Clark was absent Monday and Tuesday and Evelyn Colby, Betty Nelson, and Betty Jane Ferguson were also absent during the week.

Ruth Giddings is leading in the spelling contest in Grade 2. Donald Pfeiffer won in the spell down Wednesday.

Water for Batteries
Rain water may be used in storage batteries in place of distilled water. The water should be caught under an open sky in a glass or china container. It should be allowed to settle and then be strained.

No. 3 Continued from the First Page

but incurred for luxury and speculation, they are a curse to borrowers, a detriment to industry. Too many of our people follow the foolish plan of contracting debts in prosperities, paying them off in depressions, and then starting all over again. This is a hard road.

Every debt is a promise to pay; and hundreds of millions of dollars of all the debts contracted during the last prosperity were represented by bonds which won't become due for 75 and even 100 years—long after the goods for which the money was used have been worn out and destroyed. What right had we to spend our great grand-children's money like that?

Furthermore, in times of depression a man's assets shrink, but his debts remain the same. And the discouraging part of it all is that with business back to 1915 levels, our debt right now is nearly twice as large as they were then. We hear much of Russia's "five year construction program," but a ten year debt paying program for America would not be a bad idea for us. The first lesson to be learned from this depression is that debt was the cause of it all. And I may add that the main cause of our public debt was the war.

Secondly, this depression teaches us to attend to our own business. One of the most successful men I ever knew once told me that nine-tenths of all the money he ever lost in his life was lost in some other man's business; and nine-tenths of all the money he ever made was made in his own business. If this depression has taught us nothing else than to stick to our own business, it has not been a total loss.

The man who thinks for himself, and then follows his own judgment, rarely goes far wrong. He may make a mistake now and then, but he does not make the same mistake twice. The hardest job on earth for the average man is to sit and think. He will sit all right but he won't think. Probably not over 5 per cent of the people do all the constructive thinking that is done, and the other ninety-five follow the crowd. In prosperities the masses want properties and prices go soaring. Nobody wanted money 3 years ago; they all wanted property. In depressions the masses want cash and prices tumble. When in 1929 the crowds were borrowing money and blindly buying stocks at unheard of prices, the thinkers were selling their stocks and getting out of debt. And later when the crowd became panicky with fear, the thinkers bought back their stocks again at bargain prices.

Isn't it strange that we do not learn anything?

And how the so-called experts have tumbled since 1929! Most of the big banks that got into trouble on account of defaulted bonds bought these worthless securities from big city experts. Most of our stocks that have sunk without trace were sold by big city experts. Most of the foreign bonds which have filched the meagre savings of our widows were distributed by big city experts. Most of the bean pools right here in our own state that have misled the farmers and induced the erection of new elevators where we already had too many, were organized and promoted by agricultural experts—plain economic insanity that can bring nothing but hardship and distress to the whole bean industry. Our securities have shrunk, no doubt about that, but not as much as our opinions of experts. Just who are these experts anyway? How much better off we would all be now had we stuck to our own business, done our own thinking, and acted on our own judgment! At last we have learned that all the good things of life are not listed on the New York Stock Exchange and that we can often get safer and sounder advice in our own home towns than from high-priced high-powered, "hifalutin" big city experts.

And this goes for economic forecasters too. They preached the fool philosophy that depressions were gone forever; that we were living in a new era where we could manufacture perpetual prosperity by the merry-go-round method of producing goods in mass to make them cheap, and then increasing wages to make a perfect market for them; that high wages meant high prices, high purchasing power, high standards of living, and prosperity without end. But we had to learn for ourselves that this fancy scheme would work all right only up to the point where the people had bought all the goods they could pay for in cash and installment credit; that from that point on the demand would be only for replacements and increased population, and that all goods purchased beyond these requirements would be a drug on the market which would ultimately break the bubble and again restore the old time honored law of supply and demand. And this is exactly what has happened.

The one big reason why agriculture is now in even worse condition than industry is that industry wisely reduced its production during the last three years as the demand fell off; whereas, the farmers are still producing about the same quantity of farm products as they did in 1929. Isn't it about time for us to learn that every mass producing industry must slow down when the public's stomach is filled? This happened to bicycles 20 years ago, to coal 8 years ago, to oil 5 years ago and it is happening to every mass-producing industry today. If you study these economic forecasts for years back and then check them against what actually happens, you will find that they proved to be about 98 per cent wrong. In fact, the only times they are right are when they predict "the future is uncertain."

The second lesson of this depression is, think for yourself, use your own judgment, and attend to your own business.

Third, another lesson of this depression is "Do not put all your eggs in one basket." Ever since we were small children we have heard this

warning, but we didn't learn what it meant until 1929.

Most of the fortunes or our richest families were made in special industries like steel or timber or railroads, and these fortunes passed from generation to generation without material change of the character of the investments. Then suddenly it was discovered that scientific research (the silent, plotting laboratory studies of chemists, engineers, inventors and even college professors) had quietly developed new commercial products which undermined these old time-honored industries, smeared their balance sheets with red ink and left us all dumb and bewildered in an economic fog. The greatest need of the American business man today is a compass.

One new product after another flooded the market in a never-ending deluge. Then followed a ballyhoo of national advertising which weaned the fickle public away from the products of our fathers and left us "bused and disgusted" and holding a basket of broken eggs.

(Continued Next Week)

Has Real Gold Value
The value of the gold in the \$20 gold piece is \$20 at the time it leaves the mint. Some of the weight is lost by abrasion in circulation. Copper is the alloy used in gold coins. The value is a negligible amount, as only 51.60 grains of alloy are contained in the coin.

No. 1 Continued from the First Page

Mr. Campbell then gave an excellent talk concerning the effect of the fifteen Mill Tax Limitation Amendment upon the public school system of Michigan. Mrs. Bigelow, the local president, and Mrs. Baguley, member of the board of education, gave interesting reports concerning the Citizens' conference on the crisis in Education which they attended recently in Lansing. Mr. Bigelow, secretary of the board of education gave a very enlightening talk concerning the approximate income and expenditure of the local public school for the ensuing year. He presented facts and figures which showed that because of the tax limitation amendment that the Tawas City Public Schools would evidently not have one-half of a normal income next year unless the legislature provides some other means of securing revenue. Mr. Bing also gave a short and interesting talk on public expenditure.

The social committee, consisting of Mesdames Mallon and Brugger, served luncheon in the basement. The fifth and sixth grade room, with 17 friends present, won the custody of the flag and staff for the ensuing month. The next meeting of the association will be held Thursday evening March 9.

Engineer's Good Work
Only a few years ago the devastating floods of centuries were stopped by the work of American engineers on the Yellow river in China.

Quinine Long Used
Quinine was first isolated from cinchona bark in 1820, but the bark was used in medicine hundreds of years before that.

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Warner **BAXTER**

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From original story "Aul Wiedersehen" by Gordon Morris and Morton Bartaux
Directed by WILLIAM DIETERLE
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Such was the creed of the man who live a lifetime in a minute in the air—and on the ground!

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THE EPIC THRILLER!

With RALPH BELLAMY, Gloria Stuart, Pat O'Brien, Slim Summerville, Lillian Bond, Russell Hopton. Produced by Carl Laemmle, Jr. from a story by Dale Van Every and Frank Wead. Directed by John Ford. Presented by Carl Laemmle. A UNIVERSAL PICTURE.

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The moral problem of millions of girls revealed for the first time in a stupendous six star picture.

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"EMPLOYEES' ENTRANCE"

With ALICE WHITE, WALLACE FORD, RUTH DONNELLY
Shown with News—Fables and two-reel comedy—"Hey Pop."
Featuring Roscoe (Fatty) Arbuckle

COMING ATTRACTIONS

MARCH 4-5-6
Richard Dix and Ann Harding in—"THE CONQUERORS"

MARCH 7-8-9
Wm. Powell and Joan Blondell in—"SAWYER MAN"

MARCH 10-11-12
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