

# THE TAWAS HERALD

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NUMBER 9

## TAWAS CITY

## DEMOCRATS AND G. O. P. NAME CANDIDATES

### Both Parties Hold Conventions at Grand Rapids

Both the Democratic and Republican parties staged their scene of action at Grand Rapids for spring convention. The Democratic convention was held Friday of last week and the Republican convention this week Tuesday.

Candidates named by the Democratic convention were:

State highway commissioner, Murray D. Van Wagoner, Pontiac engineer.

Superintendent of Public Instruction, Dr. Paul F. Voelker, president of Battle Creek college.

Justices of the Supreme Court, George E. Bushnell, Highland Park and Edward M. Sharp, Bay City.

Regents of the University of Michigan, Charles T. Hemans, Detroit and Frank Cook, Hillsdale, defeating William B. Cochrane, Iron Mountain and William Walsh Ann Arbor.

State Board of Agriculture, Benjamin F. Halstead, Petoskey and Charles Downing, Ypsilanti.

State Board of Education, Mrs. Earl Wilson, Saginaw.

Mrs. Oscar Olson, St. Joseph, was elected vice-chairman of the central committee, defeating Mrs. Minnie Kaltenbrun, also of St. Joseph.

The following were selected for the Republican ticket at Tuesday's convention:

State Highway Commissioner, Grover C. Dillman.

Justices of the Supreme Court, John S. McDonald and George M. Clark.

Superintendent of Public Instruction, Webster I. Pearce.

Regents of the University of Michigan, William L. Clements and Donald E. Johnson.

Member of State Board of Agriculture, A. J. Rogers.

Johnson and Rogers are the only two new men nominated. Johnson is from Flint. Rogers is from Beulah and is a son of Frank F. Rogers, former state highway commissioner.

## School Notes

### High School

The local speech contest will be held in the high school auditorium at 8:15 Friday, March 3rd.

The contestants are the winners of the preliminary contests. Nelda Mueller, Evelyn Bigelow, Nyda Moore and Marvin Mallon will give declamations; Leota Daley, Rose DePotty and Arlene Leslie will give orations.

The declaimer and orator who receive first place will represent Tawas City High School in the sub-district contest.

The following pupils are on the honor roll for the preceding month: Patricia Braddock, Vernon Davis, Robert Hamilton, Sylvia Koskie, Vera Herman, Leonard Hoshack, Alene Leslie, Nathan Lincoln, Dora Mark, Arnold McLean, Nelda Mueller, Ernest Wegner.

The advanced Civics class which is composed only of seniors, took the test Monday which is furnished by the author of the text. The median obtained by the author by giving it to many students is 48. The median obtained by the present seniors is 53. The median is somewhat higher than that obtained in the same text by the class of 1932, which in turn was somewhat higher than the median obtained by the class of 1931.

The following is a paragraph taken from a recent circular letter sent out by the Michigan Tuberculosis Association at Lansing. This paragraph is self explanatory: "Tawas City, whose school system for five years has been conducting excellent X-ray seal sales, finally, in the 1932 sale, achieved first ranking in class B. It therefore becomes the winner of the Tuberculosis X-ray survey offered to the community making the best sale in this division."

We are sorry that Richard and Goldie Ziehl are absent this week.

The seventh grade is reading the Legend of Sleepy Hollow.

Miss Cowgill called on us last Friday and checked our health charts. We were weighed and measured in October and again in February. In comparing the records of these two months, we find that we have all gained in weight and height. We test our vision according to the method used in the county.

Report cards appeared, as usual, Wednesday noon.

Mrs. Bagulev gave us a short visit one day last week.

The eighth grade portrayed in crayon their idea of Evangelina's home. Longfellow pointed the picture with words and the pupils took their picture from his description.

Isabelle Dease from the eighth grade and Myrton Leslie, Thelma Herman and Richard Ziehl of the seventh grade had perfect spelling papers for the month of February.

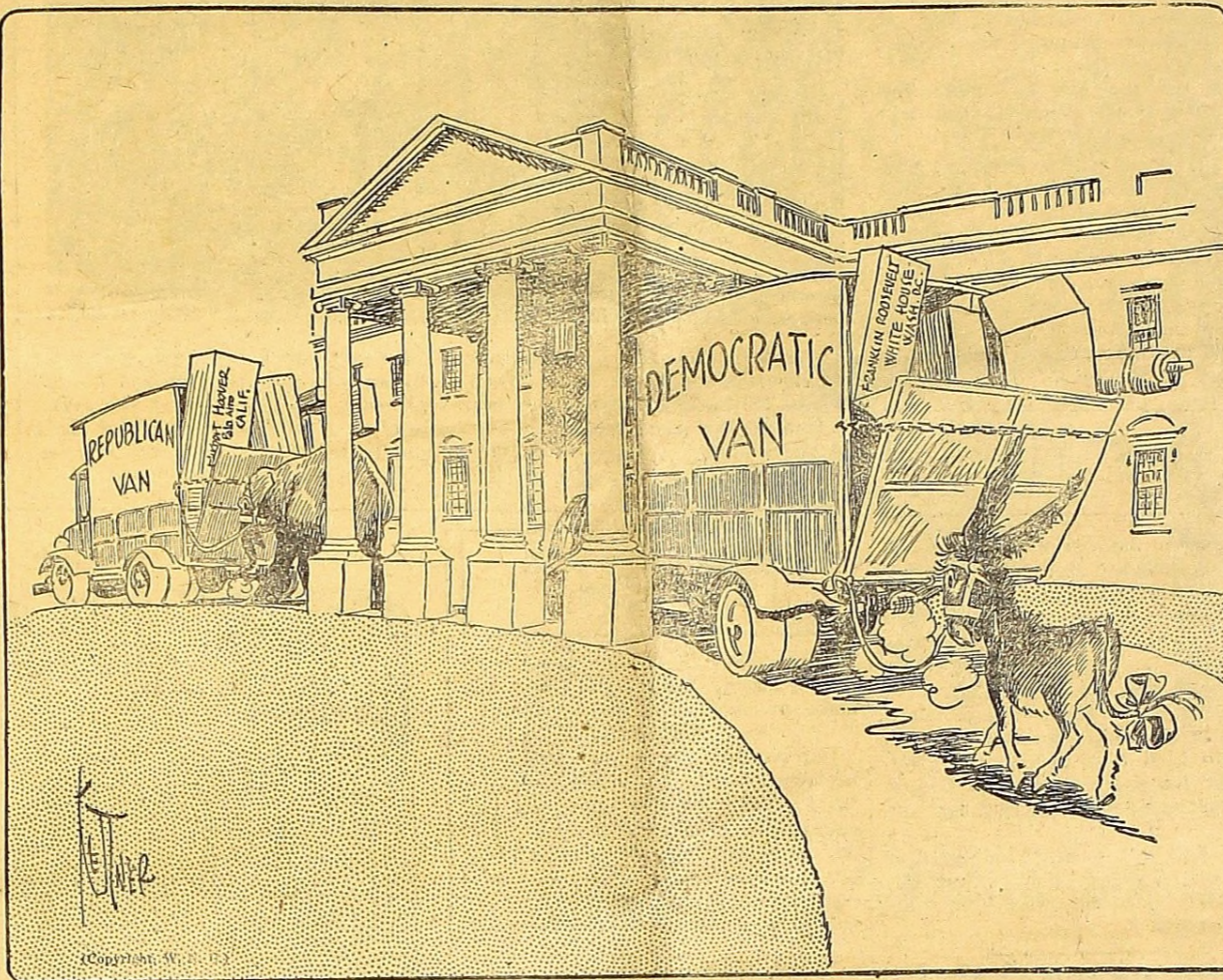
The past week's "Man" (Turn to No. 1, back page)

ANNOUNCEMENT  
Dr. John D. LeClair wishes to announce the opening of his modern dental office in the annex of the Lakeside tavern. Hours 9 to 12; 1:30 to 5:00 (except Thursdays). Evening by appointment. Phone 159 F2.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SERVICES  
Literary Club Rooms, East Tawas Sunday, 10:30 a. m.—Subject "Man."

FOUND—Class ring. Owner can have same by calling for same. Mrs. H. M. Rollin, Tawas City.

## Moving Day in Washington



### AUTO LICENSES MAY BE PURCHASED ON INSTALLMENT PLAN

Installment payments for automobile licenses was made possible by a bill passed by the state legislature this week. The bill was signed by Gov. Comstock and goes into immediate effect. Owners can now operate their cars by paying for their licenses in half yearly payments.

The legislature passed a resolution authorizing extension of the time for purchasing the plates to March 15. Frank D. Fitzgerald, secretary of state, said the added time will be granted for both stickers and fully paid plates.

### WHITTEMORE H. S. STUDENTS WIN HONORS IN CONTEST

The Declamation and Oration contest was held Wednesday evening. Those receiving first places were as follows: Declamation, first place was won by Lois Charters; second, Thomas Thompson; third, Holly Bellan; Oration, first place was won by Beatrice Barr; second, Ulene Cataline; third, Ruth Latta.

This is the second year for Lois Charters to win first place. She gave the declamation entitled: "A Vision of War and a Vision of the Future."

Beatrice Barr gave the oration entitled: "The Problem of Crime." The judges for the contest were Superintendent Campbell and Miss Stevenson of the Prescott high school and the Rev. Dr. Musser of Whittemore.

### EPIC SWEEP IN THEME OF "THE CONQUERORS"

On the screen of the Family theatre there lives today a mighty spectacle of hope and romance, adventure and history.

It is the ambitious RKO-Radio production "The Conquerors," co-starring Richard Dix and Ann Harding, showing three days, Saturday, Sunday and Monday, March 4-5-6.

A sweeping story of the United States, from 1873 to 1932, "The Conquerors" bring an inspiring and encouraging message to every man and woman and child in Tawas.

So tremendous and overwhelming are the themes of this timely motion picture, that one emerges from the theatre with a courage to face any task; an ambition to surmount any barrier and a faith to conquer any problem.

It is truly an epic—an epic that within an hour and a half portrays the great love of a boy and a girl who are privileged to live through many generations to see come true the dreams they held for their country.

No more thrilling story has ever reached the screen than "The Conquerors."

A cast of excellent players, supported by Dix and Miss Harding in their first appearance together on the screen. They are Edna May Oliver, Guy Kibbee, Julia Hayden, Jed Proudy, Robert Grieg and others.

### MONUMENTS

Now is the time to order monuments to have it set for Memorial day. Old reliable company. Phone 122, Bert Fowler, Tawas City.

### TRADE OR SELL—8 room modern house in Flint. Will trade for farm or gas station. L. H. Flintoff, 1213, Avenue B, Flint, Mich. 2tp.

## Tournament Standings

Partnership		Won	Lost	Pct.
Mrs. Milo Bolen and Mrs. Roy Hickey	.....	17	3	.850
Forrest Butler and Herman Butler	.....	22	6	.786
C. E. Knutson and James Ruckman	.....	19	9	.679
Wade Lomas and George Siglin	.....	19	9	.679
C. T. Prescott Jr. and G. A. Prescott	.....	16	8	.667
Regina Barkman and Regina Utecht	.....	16	8	.667
L. G. McKay and Mrs. L. G. McKay	.....	18	10	.643
Dr. E. A. Kirchoff and James Mielock	.....	15	9	.625
Joe Leedy and Mrs. Joe Leedy	.....	19	13	.594

Individual		Won	Lost	Pct.
Mrs. Milo Bolen	.....	17	3	.850
Mrs. Roy Hickey	.....	17	3	.850
Forrest Butler	.....	22	6	.786
Herman Butler	.....	22	6	.786
Regina Barkman	.....	23	9	.719
Dr. C. F. Smith	.....	14	6	.706
C. E. Knutson	.....	19	9	.679
James Ruckman	.....	19	9	.679
Wade Lomas	.....	19	9	.679
George Siglin	.....	19	9	.679

## Whittemore

Twenty-two ladies of the Ladies' Literary club enjoyed an afternoon with the East Tawas Literary club at East Tawas Wednesday afternoon.

Elgin O'Farrell spent Sunday in Flint and Pontiac.

Willis Webster, who has been very low with pneumonia, is a little better again. Dr. Hasty and Dr. Powell of West Branch held a consultation on Tuesday.

Those entertaining the Measles this week are Kenneth Schuster, Richard Common, Ruth Fuerst, Kenneth Jacques, Hope Dahne and 3 of the Dorsey children.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Charters and Mrs. Wm. Leslie of Tawas City attended the all-day meeting of the ladies aid at the home of Mrs. Joseph Harsch Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Webster of Canaway are visiting relatives here this week.

Mrs. P. Spurling of Flint was called here the past week owing to the illness of her brother, Willis Webster.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Howard Switzer at West Branch hospital on Thursday, an 8-pound boy.

### EMANUEL LUTHERAN CHURCH

Friday, March 3—Announcement for Holy Communion at Sunday's German service.

Sunday, March 5—There will be only one service at 10:00 a. m. in connection therewith celebration of Holy Communion.

Monday, March 6—Choir rehearsal at 7:30 p. m.

Tuesday, March 7—The finance committee will meet at the school at 7:30 p. m.

Wednesday, March 8—Special Lenten service in the German language at 8:00 p. m.

### PLEASE NOTE

During the Lenten season there will be special Lenten services on Sunday mornings at 10:00 o'clock, alternating in the German and English language. Likewise on Wednesday evenings, special Lenten services at 8:00 p. m., alternating in the German and English language.

W. C. Voss, Pastor.

## MUST FILE TAX REPORT BEFORE MARCH 15TH

### Lower Incomes Must Pay Federal Taxes This Year

According to treasury officials, every single man or woman who last year earned \$20 per week or more will have to pay Uncle Sam an income tax this year. Married men or women who are heads of families and who earned more than \$50 a week last year are also liable for income tax unless there are more minor children to be supported.

More than three and one-half million persons who have never paid income tax before are obliged to pay under the new law.

It's an impossibility to dodge it. A few may get away for a while, but when they are caught, the penalty is severe and the accrued tax is a lie that comes ahead of everything else—mortgages, state and local taxes, grocery bills and all. Uncle Sam's collectors have the right to garnish wages and the law gives the federal courts the right to send to prison all persons who fail to report their 1932 income by the 15th of March, 1933.

The tax is low on small incomes. If one is single and earned \$1,200 last year, the highest tax possible would be only \$8. And there are exemptions from that. The taxpayer can deduct from net income figures such items as money given to charity, church taxes of any kind, interest on business debts and certain kinds of business losses.

A married man without children is allowed \$2,500 exemption; an unmarried person only \$1,000. Every employer is required to report to the government how much was paid in salary and commissions to each employe during the year. So the treasury has a complete record which is sure to be followed up.

"The only safe plan for anyone who wants to avoid trouble," said a treasury official the other day, "is to send to the income tax unit at the Treasury Department for a proper form to be filled out and filed."

The proper form must be filed by March 15 and at least one-fourth the tax paid at that time.

### PARENT-TEACHERS ASS'N TO MEET NEXT WEEK

Thursday, March 9th, the Parent-Teachers Association will meet in the high school auditorium.

A very interesting speaker will give an address which is sure to prove interesting to everyone.

## Saginaw Banker Tells of Former Depressions and Their Lessons

(From an address recently given by R. Perry Shorts, president of the Second National Bank and Trust company of Saginaw.)

Continued from last week

It used to take "three generations from shirt-sleeves to shirt-sleeves," but the hazards of modern business have greatly shortened the span. Today there is no such thing as a permanent sound investment. The gutted farm mortgages of our fathers are "frozen assets" now. The "triple A" securities of yesterday are now in default. The "blue-chip" stocks of a few years ago are now selling at a discount. Municipal bonds used to head the list of safe investments, but our cities that the obligations of any good corporation are now selling 10 to 20 points higher than the bonds of New York, Chicago or Detroit. We have heard too much about banks, but we bankers will never forget the cash deposited in sound banks is the only investment in the world that has not been depreciated by this depression and is still worth 100 cents on the dollar.

It took this depression to teach us that financial security doesn't lie in size alone, but rather in ability, old-fashioned honesty and sound judgment; that investments should be diversified and not concentrated, and then frequently checked and double-checked; and that at no time and under no circumstances should we put all our eggs in one basket.

Fourth, this depression has taught us to watch the politicians. We now know that the welfare of our country rests upon economic grounds. On this basis the highest aim of our government should be to keep the country prosperous and the only way to do this is to encourage American industry which furnishes labor to our forty millions of laboring men.

Did you know that our government is now losing over \$50,000,000 a week and that since 1913 our government's debts have increased 1500 per cent, and its expenses 500 per cent, and in the meantime our national net income (after taxes) has actually decreased about five per cent.

Why look any further for the big obstacle to business recovery? The total taxes are now running \$500 per year per family and we can't stand

it. If our national taxes had come down in proportion to our national income, or if the government had reduced its expenses like industry has done, our people would not have five and three-fourths billions of dollars more to spend for agricultural and industrial products, which would be a great help in these times.

In the face of these facts we find the majority of our politicians avoiding every economy, trading concessions for votes, choking industry to death by drying up every source of profitable income and then by step and bonus by bonus depreciating the ability of every citizen to pay taxes and keep the country solvent. We have reached a point where our government is no longer in control of the people who pay the taxes, but of those who spend them, and it is time to call a halt. The taxpayer is the one and only Simon Pure "forgotten man."

How are we going to keep America prosperous if we tax industry to death?

Right now when the country is full of closed factories, idle men, defaulted bonds and sea stocks, we find taxes the only fixed expense we cannot reduce and about one person in every nine on the public pay roll, including congressmen's families.

To meet this emergency, the popular cry of many of the politicians is to "soak the rich" but they cowardly conceal the truth that when they soak the rich they soak the poor too. Our laboring men do not know that their best friends are not the politicians, but their own employers and they want to keep them solvent.

The railroad men recently got together and voluntarily reduced their own wages 10 per cent. What for? To keep the railroads solvent. There is a closer union today between employer and the employe than ever before. Only the other day a prominent employer had one of his head foremen come to him and ask him to reduce his salary 50 per cent and the employer said, "What is it all about, John?" The foreman said, "I have saved some money over the last 30 years that you are up against me. I want to help. I know that when times get good again you will fix it alright with me."

That is the spirit of cooperation that is going on very gradually between (Turn to No. 2, Back Page)

## EAST TAWAS

William Schill spent Friday in Bay City with his brother Charles and family.

The annual statement of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company of which V. F. Marzinski is agent, appears on another page of this issue of the Herald.

Mr. and Mrs. John Mielock are rejoicing over the arrival of a son born February 23.

The play, "Oh, Professor," given under the auspices of the American Legion Audie Johnson Post on Thursday and Friday evenings, was a big success.

Mrs. A. J. Berube and Miss Manie Geller, who spent a week in Detroit, returned home Friday.

Mrs. Lydia Smith, who spent a week in Standish with relatives, returned Friday.

Rev. C. E. Edinger's mother of Manton is making her home in the city with Rev. and Mrs. C. E. Edinger.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Alford and children, who have been residing in California for a couple of years, returned to East Tawas for residence.

Malcolm McLeod, who spent the winter in Munising with his daughter, returned home.

Grant Byce of Flint spent the week end in Wilber with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Erickson of Alabaster, who spent the week in Ann Arbor, returned to Alabaster.

Clarence E. Knutson and James Ruckman left Tuesday to attend a three day meeting of national forest rangers, the first meeting in the north central region of the United States, which will open at Ashland, Wis., Thursday. Other forest officers from the Huron national forest invited to attend the meeting are Gustaf A. Linstrom, Mio, and nursery superintendent, Harry C. Turner, East Tawas.

James Ruckman spent Monday in Bay City.

Mrs. George Sass spent Monday in Bay City.

Sixty women attended the Ladies' Literary regular meeting held at their club rooms on Wednesday afternoon. Twenty-five were guests from the Whittemore Literary club. Mrs. K. Osgerby gave a very interesting talk on Immigration. Vocal selections were rendered by Mrs. T. Osgerby and Miss Elsie Ahonen. A delicious lunch was served.

Depression prices on shoe repairing for one week only at Tawas Electric Shoe Repair. Try our new plastic rubber composition—You'll be amazed at its fine qualities.

Sheriff and Mrs. C. G. King and daughter, Dorothy, and Donald Keith of Mio spent Sunday with relatives here.

Several friends met at the home of Edwin Benson Saturday evening to help celebrate his birthday. The evening was spent in playing cards and dancing. A delicious lunch was served.

Miss Grace Anderson of Saginaw spent the week end here.

Friday evening, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Simmons were pleasantly surprised when several friends came to spend the evening. Cards were played. A fine lunch was served.

Mrs. J. L. Brown and grandson, Clyde Anderson are spending a few days with Sheriff and Mrs. C. C. King at Mio.

Mrs. Herman Roiter was pleasantly surprised Wednesday afternoon when several friends came to celebrate her birthday. Pedro was played. Prizes were won by Mrs. Oscar Erickson and Mrs. Minnie Benson. A delicious lunch was served.

Tuesday night at Omer the Alabaster girls basketball team defeated the Omer girls team. Alabaster boys second team lost to the Omer boys.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Nelson of Tawas City spent Saturday with relatives here.

Charles Nash of East Tawas spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Roiter.

### IMAGE HER EMBARRASSMENT!

"Oh dear my . . . oh, is he going to address her right here?"

Well, what would you think if you were the hostess at a sedate party and the shadow on the glass door leading to a balcony plainly showed a man in the act of removing a woman's stockings?

That is exactly what ZaSu Pitts wonders, and that is why she asks the startled question of Roland Young, with whom she is conversing in the drawing room. But if she had only realized at the time that the man whose shadow she saw was her husband, Slim Summerville! And if Young had known that the woman was Verree Teasdale, the blonde married charmer with whom he himself was then carrying on an affair! But they found it out later and then the fireworks began.

This is one of the amusing situations in "They Just Had To Get Married," the hilarious Universal comedy which comes to the State Theatre on March 4-5-6, with Slim Summerville and Miss Pitts in the starring roles.

# WILL OPEN GULF WATERWAY IN JUNE

## Timed as Part of Opening Festivities of Fair.

Washington.—Just before he retired as secretary of war, Patrick J. Hurley announced that the Illinois waterway would be formally opened next June in connection with the opening of the Century of Progress exposition. Plans for an earlier official opening were abandoned, it was stated, when it was found that delay in the alteration of railroad bridges spanning the channel would prevent the larger barges from being brought into Chicago from the lower Illinois river.

"One of the major waterway developments of the country, providing a link between the Great Lakes and the Mississippi valley, is near realization," said Mr. Hurley in his announcement. "The celebration of its completion, scheduled for June, will mark another great advance in our national program to provide an interconnected waterway transportation system."

## Details of Big Project.

"In the river and harbor act of July 8, 1930, congress authorized completion by the government of the Illinois waterway, which had been partially constructed by the state of Illinois, and authorized the appropriation of not to exceed \$7,500,000 for completing the necessary locks and dams, dredging and appurtenant works. The army engineers undertook this job and lost no time in arranging for transfer of the state works to the United States and getting the work under way.

"This improvement, now in the final stage of construction, in conjunction with the Chicago sanitary canal, the Chicago river, and the improvement of the lower reaches of the Illinois river, will afford a through waterway with a navigable depth of 9 feet connecting Lake Michigan at Chicago with the Mississippi river system and the Gulf of Mexico, 1,623 miles distant. The waterway will insure direct navigable connection for water borne commerce between the great industrial and agricultural centers as well as with the protected intracoastal waterways along the gulf coast.

"From the mouth of the Illinois river at Grafton to Utica the river

has been dredged. The locks and dams at Kumpsville and La Grange, 31.5 and 77.5 miles above the mouth, have been reconitioned. Both projects were authorized in the act of 1927 with an appropriation of not to exceed \$3,500,000 for this lower section of the Illinois river. Between Utica and Lockport, five locks and dams, at Starved Rock, Marseilles, Dresden Island, Brandon road, and Lockport, have been practically completed. The necessary connecting channel ways and river walls where the pools have been raised above street levels, such as at Joliet, also have been finished.

"To provide the maximum relief to tide men and to hasten the waterways, the government work has been pushed with all possible speed. The federal expenditures up to January 1, 1933, amounted to \$2,630,000 for the section below Utica, and \$5,125,000 for the section above Utica, a total of \$7,755,000.

**Delayed by Bridges.**  
"Seventy-nine railroad or highway bridges, of which 27 are between Grafton and Lockport, and 52 between Lockport and Lake Michigan and al-

terations to them by the owners thereof to permit suitable navigation, are progressing. While there have been many complicated problems, it is anticipated that upon the opening of navigation, or soon thereafter, the difficulties attending this feature of the waterway will be adjusted.

Upon completion of alterations, the bridge clearances will be substantially as follows:

Mississippi river to Starved Rock: Vertical, 44 feet above extreme high water; horizontal, 118 feet.

Starved Rock to Lockport: Vertical, 47 feet above standard pool levels; horizontal, 110 feet.

Lockport to Lake Michigan: Vertical, 16 1/2 feet above present lake datum; horizontal 72 feet.

"The bridges will be equipped with lift or draw facilities where necessary.

"The creation of the waterway will climax the dream of the early explorers, the French Jesuit Father Marquette and his companion, Louis Joliet. The opening will prove a fitting celebration in connection with the opening of the Chicago World's fair, 'A Century of Progress.'"

# Watch Smugglers Are Trailed

## Fake Dial Racket Also Under Investigation.

New York.—Evidence against dealers and purchasers of smuggled Swiss watches is fast being uncovered and action against the purchasers, as well as the traffickers in the contraband, will soon be taken in the attempt to recover millions of dollars of unpaid duties, Assistant United States Attorney Alvin M. Sylvester said in New York city. The ringleader of the watch smugglers was sentenced to a long term in prison, and federal agents are now following the underworld trail of the timepieces leading to many cities and towns in the United States.

Individual citizens who innocently purchase smuggled Swiss watches may be called upon to pay the duties and penalties on their watches or forfeit them.

Watch smuggling has grown to such proportions that it has had almost disastrous effect upon the American industry and its workmen. At one time there were 28 watch factories in the United States; now there are only four. Smuggled watches, made by cheap labor and brought into this country without paying duty, have depressed prices to an unprofitable level. Hundreds of American watch artisans have been thrown out of employment, for a watch represents twenty hours of labor; 50,000 smuggled watches mean a loss of 1,000,000 hours of labor to American workmen.

Another watch racket that is perplexing both federal agents and the American watch industry is the growing practice of unscrupulous firms in pasting fake dials simulating standard

watches on the works of cheap and inferior watches. Many of these timepieces with fake dials are sold in small stores, but most of them find their way to the many auction sales which are found in every large city. The auctioneer holds up the watch bearing a fake dial of a standard watch worth thirty or forty dollars, and knocks it down to the highest bidder for ten dollars, who for a short time thinks he has secured a big bargain.

The best way to avoid smuggled or fake dial watches, pointed out Mr. Sylvester, is to buy from reputable retail stores.

## RUNS INAUGURAL BALL



Mrs. John Allan Dougherty, chairwoman of the committee for the official ball for the Roosevelt inauguration which will be the social climax of the inauguration ceremonies. The proceeds of the ball will be given to charity.

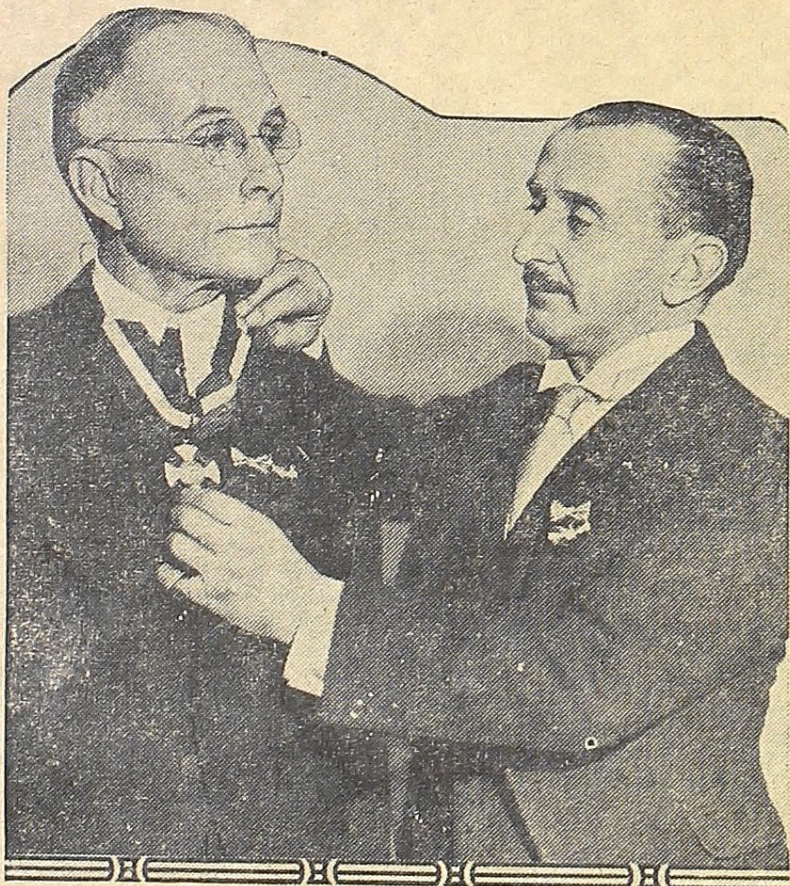
## Bituminous Output at New Low Record

Harrisburg, Pa.—Pennsylvania's bituminous mines produced but 75,000,000 net tons of coal during 1932, the lowest record for any years since 1900, the State Department of Mines announced.

Soft coal production during December, 1932, was estimated at 6,418,000 tons, a loss of 1.6 per cent over production for November.

Production of anthracite coal increased 19 per cent during December, 1932, as compared with November. Seventy-seven per cent of the 217 anthracite collieries, or 166 collieries, worked either full or part time last month.

## Italy Decorates American Doctor



Dr. Chevalier Jackson, professor of bronchoscopy at Temple university, Philadelphia, was decorated with the highest honor medal given by the Italian government in recognition of his services to humanity through the bronchoscope which he invented. The photograph shows Pio Margotti, Italian consul general at Philadelphia, presenting Doctor Jackson with the medal in the name of the King of Italy, at the Mitten Memorial hall, Temple university.

## Build Giant Airplane for Prince of Wales

London.—A twin engined all metal monoplane, the fastest of its size in the world, is being built for the prince of Wales.

The machine is being constructed on lines similar to those of the air mail planes on the service between Perth and Adelaide, Australia. These craft hold the record for the fastest trip ever made over the 1,450 miles of the route, maintaining an average speed of 155 miles an hour with full load of twelve passengers and mail.

The entire machine will be of metal. It will be powered with two supercharged Bristol "Pegasus" motors and is expected to attain 100 miles an hour with a full load range of 530 miles. The cabin, 20 feet long and over 6 feet high, is separated from the pilots' cockpit, which has accommodations for two pilots and is fitted with dual control. The wings of the machine will measure 70 feet from tip to tip and the total weight, fully loaded, will be about five and a half tons.

## Maltese Cat's Bob-Tail Passed On to Kittens

Luray, Va.—Nine years ago when nature conferred a bobtail—about an inch long—on a Washington Maltese cat it perhaps did not think of its similarly affected offspring that would later be scattered over Page county.

The cat was given to Mrs. Ethel M. Cave, of this county, a number of years ago by Washington relatives. Since the feline has been a resident of this county, her home being in the Hollow Run neighborhood, she has become the mother of four litters of kittens, aggregating one dozen.

Of the dozen six were owners of bobtails like their mother. The other half dozen kittens had tails of regulation length.

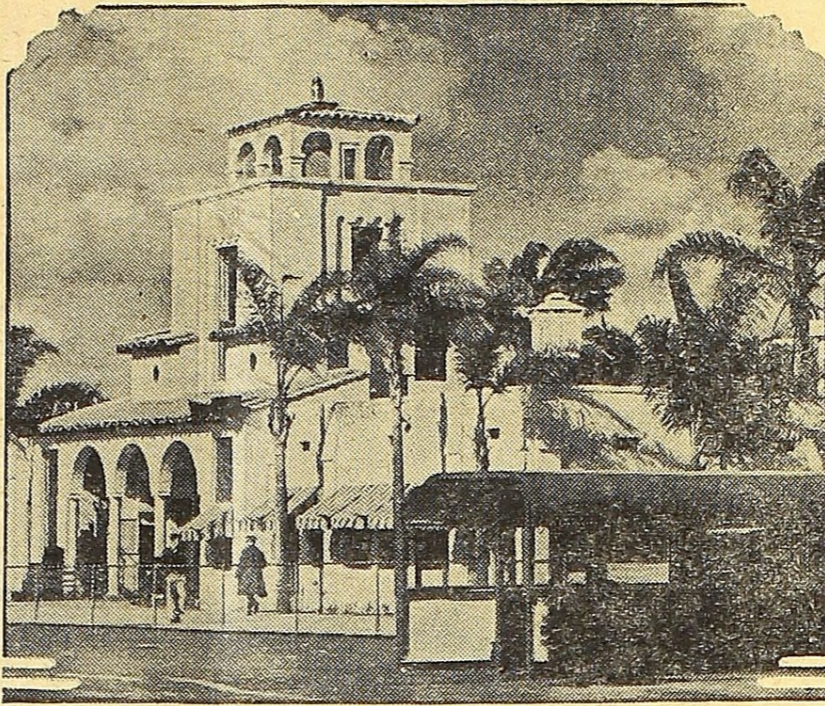
## One Pupil, One Teacher Keeping School Open

Burwell, Neb.—One pupil and one teacher have been having school this winter in a tiny schoolhouse 32 miles northeast of Burwell, in District 34 of Garfield county.

The pupil is Clair Abbott, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Abbott, and the teacher, Miss Iva Dell Wood, nineteen, graduate of Sargent high school in 1930.

Neither pupil nor teacher has been absent since beginning of the fall term.

# Lindy's Old Home Airport Replaced



THE little old buildings that marked the San Diego airport, where Charles Augustus Lindbergh first learned to fly an airplane and prepared for his famous transatlantic flight, have been replaced by buildings of Spanish architecture of the most modern style. The airport now ranks among the most beautiful and best equipped in the United States. Pictured is the field entrance of the administration building.

## DISHES THAT ARE DIFFERENT

THE following chicken salad with hot biscuit, dessert and coffee will make a complete luncheon menu:

### Chicken Fruit Salad.

Cut cooked chicken into strips, using two cupfuls of chicken, one cupful of celery cut the same way and one cupful of orange sections. Pile on lettuce, top with mayonnaise which has been enriched with cream and top with the orange sections as they will crush when mixed with the salad.

### Spanish Sauce.

Prepare a white sauce, using two tablespoonfuls of butter and the same of flour, one teaspoonful of salt and one-eighth teaspoonful of pepper. Melt the butter, add the flour and stir until well blended. Remove from the heat and add the milk gradually, using one and one-half cupfuls of top milk. Cook, stirring until the sauce boils, add seasonings and one small can of pimientos finely chopped. This recipe makes one and one-half cupfuls of sauce and lends a piquant flavor which is quite foreign.

### Maple Bavarian Cream.

Take two-thirds of a cupful of maple sirup, the yolks of two eggs, two tablespoonfuls of gelatin, four tablespoonfuls of cold water, one-half pint of whipped cream and one teaspoonful of vanilla. Soak the gelatin in the cold water. Heat the maple sirup to boiling, add the softened gelatin, add to the beaten egg a little at a time, let stand until beginning to thicken, then beat for a few minutes, fold in the whipped cream and flavoring. Pour into a mold and cool.

### Sardine Salad.

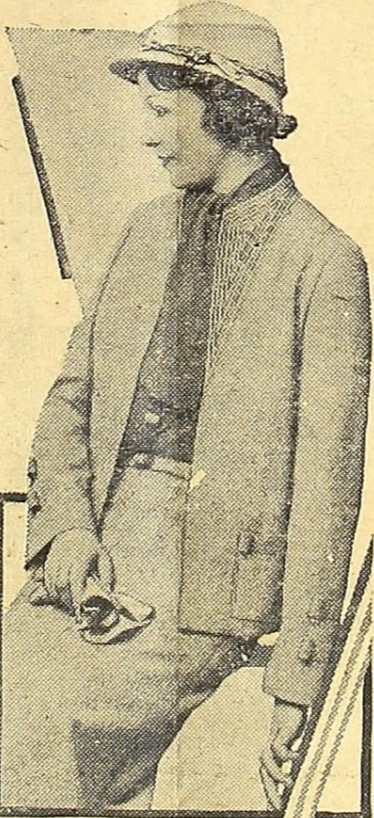
Take one-half cupful of sardines, skinned, boned and shredded, mix with the juice of half a lemon, add one-half cupful of stuffed celery hearts, one-half cupful of stuffed olives cut fine, mix all and add mayonnaise and serve on lettuce. Garnish with nuts.

### Sardine Mayonnaise.

Skin and bone three sardines, mash and mix well. Sift the cooked yolks of three eggs and add to the sardines; work until smooth, then add to one cupful of mayonnaise dressing.

© 1933, Western Newspaper Union.

## Spring Costume

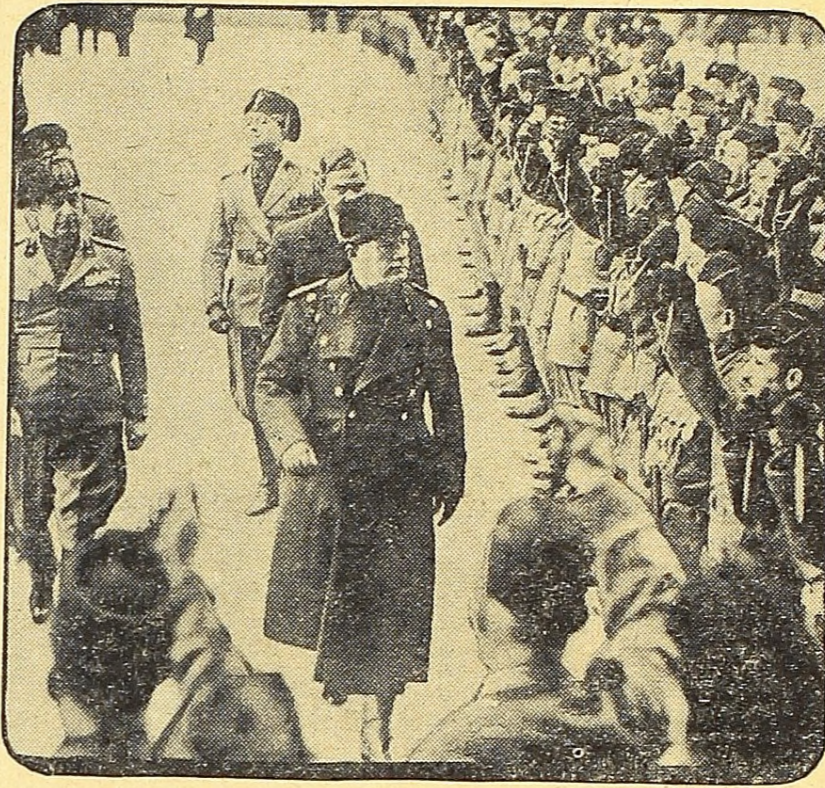


In this charming spring costume the "bonnet" reveals the forehead and the new crown is deeper at the back. The hat is made of Rodier's linen crash with trimming cords in red and linen tone. The suit is of men's wear gray flannel with yellow blouse and scarf.

### Old Indian Gold Mine

An old gold mine found in southern California is believed to be of Indian origin and known to the early Spaniards.

# Salute the Duce With Daggers



THE traditional Fascist salute of the upraised arm is replaced by the upraised fist clutching a dagger as Premier Mussolini reviews former Italian servicemen now serving in the Fascist militia during a recent inspection in Rome.

# BONERS



Challapine used to be a vulgar boatman, but someone heard his voice and said it would go a long way, so he came to America.

BONERS are actual humorous tidbits found in examination papers, essays, etc., by teachers.

Ptolemy—a Greek scientist who discovered the cause of ptomaine poisoning.

Gargoyle is when you use salt water to rinse out your throat.

What is a congressman at large? When congress is not in session the congressmen are at large.

When Browning's wife died he was very much put out.

Balboa discovered the Pacific ocean while cruising up the Mississippi river.

The Diet of Worms was one of the horrors of the Inquisition.

© Bell Syndicate.—WNU Service.



"Many a bill is paid in due time," says charging Caroline, "but few are paid when due."

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# BEDTIME STORY FOR CHILDREN

By THORNTON W. BURGESS

## REDDY FOX DOES SOME PLANNING

IF THERE is anybody in the wide world who wants to know all that is going on about him, it is Reddy Fox. Some folks like to find out all they can just through idle curiosity. One of the first things old Granny Fox taught Reddy when he was little was that the more you know about the affairs of other people, the greater is the chance that sooner or later you will be able to profit by your knowledge. So Reddy Fox never willingly or knowingly allows to slip by a chance to learn something of his neighbors and their affairs.

You remember how Johnny Chuck had thought himself very clever in making his new home in the corner of the old stone wall because it would give him protection on both sides. At least that is the way it seemed to him. And you remember how Reddy Fox had discovered that new house. And how he said that it couldn't suit him better possibly. The reason it suited Reddy so well was that he saw at a glance that the wall was too high for Johnny to see over even when he sat up, and so it would be an easy

matter to creep up behind that wall and watch for a chance to surprise Johnny.

Of course, at first Reddy had not known that it was Johnny Chuck who had built that house. He had hoped that it was a young, foolish and tender chick. So the first thing Reddy did was to find out just who the owner of that house was. He did it by peeping over the wall from some distance away, watching until he had a good look at Johnny. You can imagine how surprised he was.

At first Reddy was disappointed. Johnny was no longer young and tender. Johnny was wise in the ways



And There He Watched Until He Saw Polly Chuck Come Out.

of foxes. Reddy thought of how often he had tried to catch Johnny Chuck and failed. Then he thought of Polly Chuck and at once began to wonder if she was with Johnny. If she wasn't—well, he might be able to catch both. It would be worth trying, anyway.

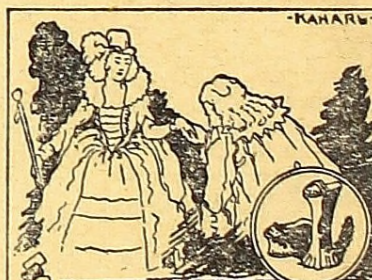
So Reddy promptly stole down to a certain favorite hiding place where he could see the old apple tree in the far corner of the Old Orchard, and here he watched until he saw Polly Chuck come out to sit on her doorstep. Reddy grinned. "They've quarreled about something," thought he. "That is just what they have done, and Johnny has gone to live by himself. What a silly fellow! What a silly fellow to give up such a splendid safe home as he had for such a place as he has now! Here I couldn't surprise him, but up there, well, we will see what we will see."

So for several days Reddy Fox watched Johnny Chuck, usually very early in the morning. Always he took care that Sammy Jay shouldn't see him. The minute Sammy arrived in that part of the Old Orchard, Reddy had business elsewhere. You see he knew that if Sammy once saw him watching he would at once tell Johnny Chuck, for there is nothing Sammy takes greater delight in than in upsetting the plans of others.

It didn't take Reddy long to learn that Johnny had to go some distance from his house to get his meals. He learned at just what hour Johnny breakfasted. He learned that whenever a wagon or an auto passed along the road, Johnny ducked down out of sight, but didn't stay down long. In fact, he learned all about Johnny's ways, and then Reddy began to do some planning, and all this planning had to do with the catching of Johnny Chuck. Reddy indulged in many silly grins as he planned. If Johnny could have known what was going on, he would have been nervous. He certainly would.

© 1933, by T. W. Burgess.—WNU Service.

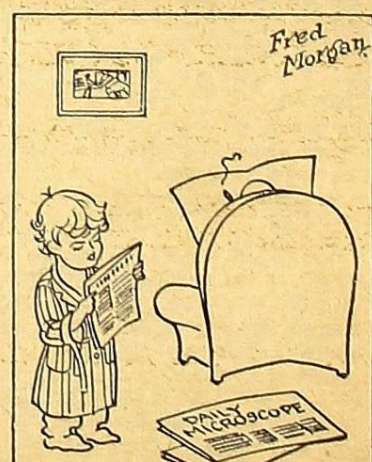
# Do YOU Know—



That during the reign of Queen Elizabeth, the ladies of fashion wore gayly colored shoes or glogs, called (chopines). Some of them were of great height, as much as 18 inches, the greater the height, the higher the rank of the wearer.

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# DADA KNOWS—



"Pop, what is levity?" "Featherweight humor."

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# American Heroines

By LOUISE M. COMSTOCK

## Betty Zane

IN 1770 Capt. Ebenezer Zane, following the westward trail established fifty years before by Governor Spotswood and his Knights of the Golden Horseshoe, settled at the mouth of Wheeling Creek, in Ohio County, Virginia. Here he prepared a home and later brought to it his family and his sister Elizabeth, a pretty girl in her early teens, who had had a year in school at Philadelphia and learned her way about in the society back East. Within a few years other settlers followed him, and but sixty feet from his cabin door rose the stout wooden stockade of Fort Henry.

In 1770, during the border warfare that followed the slaying of the Indian chief Cornstalk, a menacing band of over four hundred Wyandots, headed by that strange white man turned red, Simon Girty, rose out of the surrounding forests and descended upon the little garrison. The settlement took refuge in the stockade and prepared to meet the attack. There were available exactly 42 fighting men. Thirteen of them were dispatched under Capt. Samuel Mason to do battle with the Indians outside the stockade. They were massacred. Girty demanded surrender. But Captain Zane determined to fight to the finish rather than yield to "that man."

For long days and weary nights the siege continued, each passing hour taking its costly toll of provisions, ammunition, life. There came a time when there were but twelve men left to defend the fort. And then, to destroy what little hope was left, came word that the supply of ammunition was exhausted. The only available supply was a keg of powder stored in the Zane cabin outside the stockade.

It was Betty Zane, sixteen at the time and fair to look upon, who volunteered to get it. Anxious faces pressed to the portholes to watch her, as she slipped out of the gate, into the clearing. The red men, peering out of the protecting forest, stared in astonishment and forgot to fire. In safety Betty reached the cabin and secured the precious keg of powder. But her journey was only half completed. As she started back the enemy, as if suddenly realizing the significance of her errand, opened fire. Stumbling under her burden, saved only by a miracle from the rain of bullets and arrows, Betty again crossed the open space and reached the gate and safety. With its new supply of powder Fort Henry held its own until the next morning, when Colonel McCulloch brought aid from Short Creek.

## Rebecca and Abigail Bates

IN AFTER years, when admiring tourists and school children asked the Misses Rebecca and Abigail Bates to write in their albums, they always signed themselves, with due pride, "The American army of two, in the War of 1812."

One bright August morning, only two months after the formal declaration of war, a British battleship appeared off the coast of Massachusetts, making straight for the little village of Scituate, whose harbor was filled with small, defenseless fishing craft. The only ones to see the ship were Rebecca and Abigail, girls in their teens, who happened to be up in the lighthouse of which their father was keeper, trimming and polishing the big lanterns. Their father was away, bartering for meal in a neighboring village. So the two girls, with wide eyes and flying hair, ran down the spiral stairs, out of the lighthouse and across the short stretch of sandy beach between it and Scituate, where they gave the warning and precipitated a furious bustle of terrified preparation.

Back at the lighthouse Rebecca and Abigail again looked out over the sea, and saw that five small boats, bristling with armed soldiers, had left the ship and were bound for the harbor. Something must be done, and quickly.

Now Rebecca had beguiled many a long hour in their lonesome home learning to beat out a rhythm on an old drum, while Abigail was capable of producing a squeaky but quite distinguishable tune on her father's fife. Armed with drum and fife the two sisters again ran out of the lighthouse, took their stand behind a low dune near the shore, and set up a dismal little tune. At first their music seemed rather a joke. Rebecca and Abigail sat down on the sand, breathless, and gazed at each other, rather frightened at what they were doing. But the British boats steadily approached nearer and nearer the shore. The girls jumped to their feet again. After all, the idea was a good one. Again they started in. Louder and shriller squeaked the fife, deeper and faster rolled the drum. Back and forth they marched, behind the protecting dune, accompanied by a very torrent of martial music.

Out on the attacking ship the lookout spoke to the commander. "Sounds as if quite an army was gathering out there," he said. "Looks bad for our boats." The men in the small boats heard the music, too, and when the command was received to turn back, they did so in double quick time. And the next morning the British battleship lifted anchor and sailed away, pausing only to run out a cannon and fire a harmless parting shot at the Scituate lighthouse.

# POULTRY FACTS

## CHICKENS POINT TO VITAMIN DISCOVERY

### Beri-Beri Cure Believed to Have Led to Idea.

Some chickens in Java contracted beri-beri in 1897 and their cure possibly led to the idea expressed in the now common word, vitamin, which is heard and read on every hand, says H. H. Williams of the New York State College of Agriculture. Beri-beri, he says, is a disease of the nerves which leads to paralysis and heart failure. A Dutch physician, named Eijkman, was medical officer to prisoners in Java. He discovered that the hens that were fed only the left-over polished rice from the prisoners' table had contracted the disease.

Doctor Eijkman then added the rice polishings, which is similar to the bran of wheat, to the chickens' diet and they recovered. Then the prisoners were fed the unpolished rice instead of the well-milled sort, and from that time the disease beri-beri ceased to worry medical officers in the Orient.

From that time chemists began to experiment and to theorize on the substances known today as vitamins. The word was first coined twenty years ago by a Polish chemist as a symbol for an unknown substance vital to health and life. Later, the chemists turned to the alphabet as a temporary means to designate each vitamin, since they are of unknown composition. Six different vitamins are now definitely known, although a recent book lists a possible seventeen. No one knows what vitamins are except that they occur in small quantities, that they are easily destroyed by heat and oxidation.

### Fight on Tuberculosis in Illinois Successful

The state department of agriculture in Illinois, through its extensive program of testing poultry for tuberculosis, has succeeded in suppressing to a large extent the disease in the counties where this work has been done.

But of much greater importance is the fact that the information secured can be used by any flock owner in other North Central states where tuberculosis in poultry is equally prevalent, to rid his flock of this menace without applying the tuberculin test.

Out of a total of 2,302 poultry flocks in LaSalle, Livingston, Bureau and McLean counties, Illinois, tuberculin tested during the period September 1, 1931, to December 1, 1932, 1,323 or 57 per cent disclosed one or more reacting tuberculous birds. This is a lower percentage of flock infection than was found in several other counties in the North Central states.

Out of a total of 96,088 old birds tested (over eighteen months of age), 12,571 or 13.08 per cent reacted. Out of a total of 250,802 young birds tested (under eighteen months of age), 3,080 or 1.23 per cent reacted. This strongly confirms previous data secured which shows that old birds are much more seriously affected with tuberculosis than pullets. The lower percentage of the pullets reacted in the counties where the testing was done at an earlier age.

### Use Large Bin to Mix Homemade Laying Mash

Use a large bin in which to dump the ingredients for the home-made laying mash. A small bin means that some of the ingredients will lodge in the corners and not receive a thorough mixing. Shovel over the mixture until all the streaks of material disappear. Hens should not receive too much meat scraps one day and too much bran the next day when they are expected to keep up a continuous production of eggs.

Some feed companies sell a supplement which can be purchased to mix with home-grown ground grain. This mixture may contain meat scraps, fish meal, dried buttermilk, bone meal, etc. It contains everything needed in a poultry laying mash which cannot be supplied from the grains produced at home.—Indiana Farmers' Guide.

### Clean Out the Rats

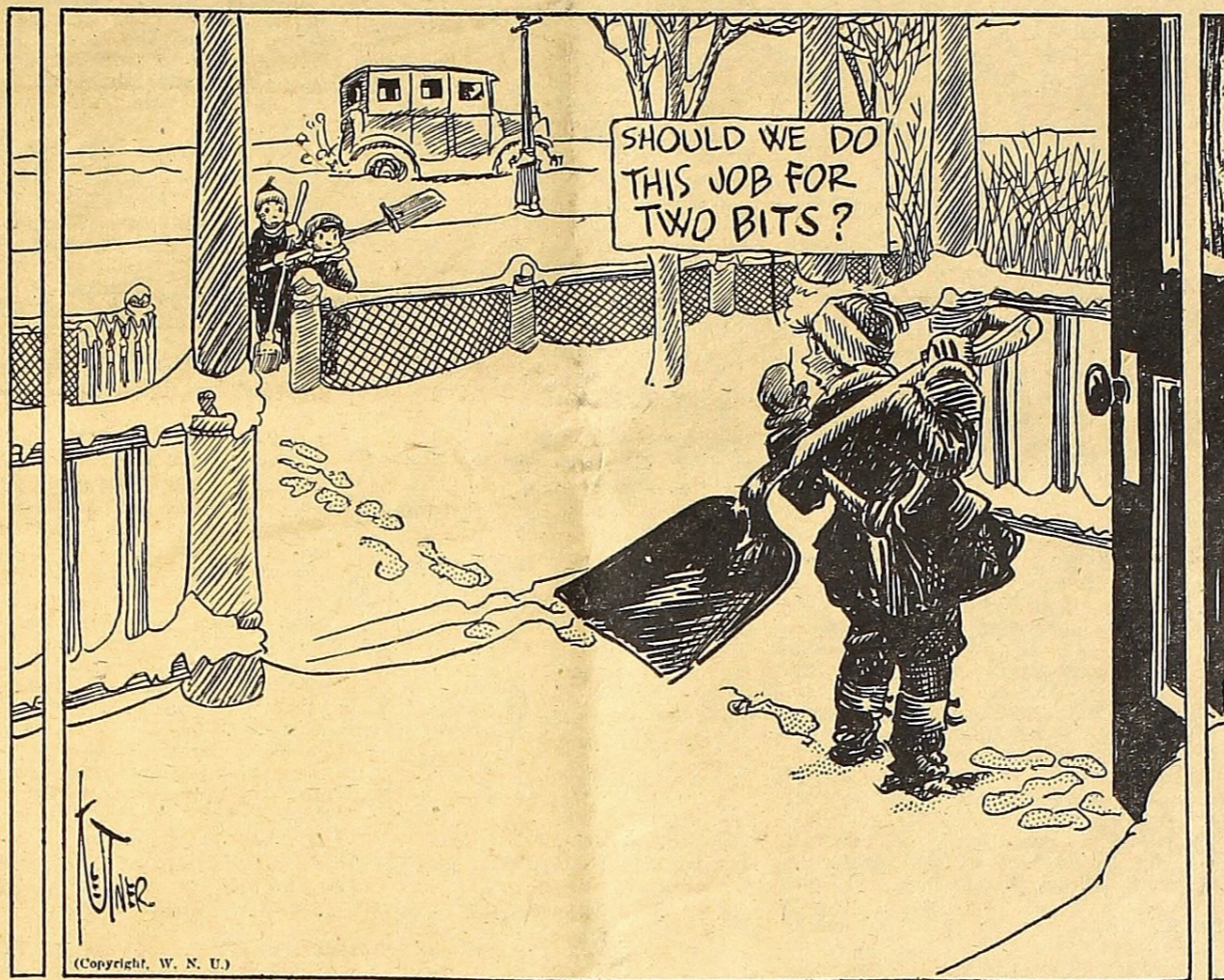
Catching rats now may reduce the loss of chicks next spring. We have had good luck in trapping rats by placing a small square of cloth over a steel trap and leaving the trap close to a rat hole. Even if no bait is used the rats will often run over the trigger. We have also used red squill mixed with hamburger steak and have seen no rats in the vicinity for many weeks afterward, indicating the plan is a good one.—Indiana Farmer's Guide.

### Time to Do Culling

With the laying flock in winter quarters it is a good time to go over the birds carefully to detect any that are out of condition and likely to be diseased. These, if found, should be removed immediately to avoid any general outbreak. Strict attention at feeding time, noting birds that are slow to come off the roosts, and careful handling will usually bring out the birds that should be removed, making room for pullets to be added later in the season.

# OUR COMIC SECTION

## Events in the Lives of Little Men



### FINNEY OF THE FORCE



### Fish(y) Scales

# Our Government — How It Operates

By William Bruckart

## DEPARTMENT OF STATE

I LEARNED when I was attending a country school and studied "The Principles of Civil Government," that the secretary of state was the ranking official of the President's cabinet, and that he would succeed to the Presidency in event of the death or disqualification of the President and the Vice President. The worthy textbook also gave some meager ideas of how the secretary of state handled all of the foreign relations of our government, and that he was the keeper of the great seal of the Union.

The fact that the secretary of state is the intermediary between the United States and other governments somehow was clear enough, but it was not until years later that I became aware of the important functions he performs in matters appertaining to purely domestic affairs.

Nearly all of the governments of the world maintain an office, usually designated as the ministry of foreign affairs, which considers and acts on nothing excepting questions between governments. Our Department of State does that, but its other work is equally important. It is because of the form of our government and the fact that our nation is made up of sovereign states that it is better to correlate the functions in one agency.

No better illustration can be found perhaps of how the Department of State serves in domestic affairs than the fact that the secretary of state formally publishes all laws and resolutions enacted by congress. It may be just a formality after all, but nevertheless every act of congress passes across the desk of the secretary, or some one acting for him, before becoming the law of the land.

In order to make this phase of his work clear, consider the course followed by a resolution of congress amending the Constitution. It never goes to the President at all; the secretary of state receives it direct from congress, and in turn transmits it to the secretaries of state of each of the states. After the respective state legislatures have acted, their secretary of state advises the secretary of state of the federal government and when 36 of the 48 states have approved of it, the secretary of state announces it as a part of the Constitution.

In correspondence which the President has with the governors of the several states, the communications pass through the hands of the secretary of state so that he stands actually as the medium by which the states and the federal government are in contact.

Mention was made earlier of the great seal of the Union. It is carefully protected by the secretary of state and its preservation is just as important as are the copies of treaties with foreign governments, executive proclamations and commissions to which that seal is affixed after they have been signed by the secretary of state. Whenever a fugitive from justice—a criminal or one charged with a crime who has escaped to a foreign land—is sought to be returned to the United States, the warrant for extradition from the land of his refuge must bear the signature of the secretary of state and have the great seal affixed.

Now as to the other phase of the dual job handled by the Department of State; that agency is the fountainhead of the nation's foreign policy. In other words, it is the place in which the views of the United States, as a nation, on all questions affecting another government, are formulated, because foreign policy after all is nothing but settled opinion pursuant to those views. They have their origin among the men who are conversant with all details of the problem and while they require the sanction of the President always, and of the senate when there is an agreement, or a contract, arranged between the nations, the fundamentals always are worked out under the supervision of the secretary of state.

From this it is easy to understand why there is a necessity for the far-flung service of diplomats who officially represent the United States in every nation of the world. The highest rank of these, of course, is the ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary. After that rank is the envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary. Then come the consul general, the vice consul and consuls, so that throughout the world a citizen of the United States need travel only short distances anywhere until he is in touch with an official of his own nationality.

It is equally easy to comprehend how the relations between the United States and any other government are maintained, for any one of the officials mentioned above overlooks nothing that will engender good will for his government.

There are treaties of amity and commerce and there are special treaties on specific questions such as that recently negotiated with Canada and relating to development of the St. Lawrence deep waterway to the Atlantic. Every one of these had their beginnings in the Department of State which includes the foreign service under its jurisdiction.

Negotiation of a treaty, however, is a subject to be dealt with in another discussion.

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To improve Any child's

# APPETITE

A sluggish appetite means a sluggish colon. Correct this condition called *stasis*, and see how quickly a listless, drooping boy or girl begins to eat—and gain! The only "medicine" such children need is pure, unadulterated fig syrup.

California syrup of figs is doing wonderful things for ailing, sickly children all over the United States.

If your baby, boy or girl, is bilious—pale-faced and dull-eyed from constipation—breath bad mornings, tongue coated all the time—don't give cathartics that weaken twenty feet of bowels! Instead, a little syrup of figs that doesn't disturb either stomach or bowels, but does act on the lower colon—where the trouble lies.

Nature never has made a finer laxative for children; they all love the wholesome, fruity flavor of the real California syrup of figs. It's purely vegetable, but every druggist has it all bottled, with directions. Begin with it at once. Your child will soon be eating better and feeling better. Keep on with the syrup of figs a few days and see amazing improvement in appetite, color, weight, and spirits.

Children who get syrup of figs, now and then, keep well and avoid colds.

NOTICE: The bottlers of California Syrup of Figs respectfully warn mothers that the promises made here apply only to the genuine product in bottles plainly marked CALIFORNIA.

### Not Blinded by Success

A lot of men give up just when success is in sight, because they don't care very much for success.

## One Sure Way to End Coughs and Colds

Persistent coughs and colds lead to serious trouble. You can stop them now with Creomulsion, an emulsified creosote that is pleasant to take. Creomulsion is a new medical discovery with two-fold action: it soothes and heals the inflamed membranes and inhibits germ growth.

Of all known drugs, creosote is recognized by high medical authorities as one of the greatest healing agencies for persistent coughs and colds and other forms of throat troubles. Creomulsion contains, in addition to creosote, other healing elements which soothe and heal the infected membranes and stop the irritation and inflammation, while the creosote goes on to the stomach, is absorbed into the blood, attacks the seat of the trouble and checks the growth of the germs.

Creomulsion is guaranteed satisfactory in the treatment of persistent coughs and colds, bronchial asthma, bronchitis and other forms of respiratory diseases, and is excellent for building up the system after colds or flu. Money refunded if any cough or cold, no matter how long standing, is not relieved after taking according to directions. Ask your druggist. (Adv.)

### Poor Humanity

One act of courage makes crowds flock around a man. It is so rare.

## After the "Flu"

Grand Rapids— "I had the flu, congestion of the lungs and tonsillitis at the same time—it's a great wonder I ever lived through it. I certainly was a sick woman," said Mrs. James Fisher of 739 Ionia Ave., S. W. "But Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery was recommended by my mother as a tonic and it soon had me back to normal health, feeling perfectly well again."

Don't be that worst pest of all, the chronic sufferer from colds who passes germs on to family and friends. Build resistance with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Sold by druggists everywhere. Write to Dr. Pierce's Clinic, Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice.

## Take it from GRANDMA

Fads in laxatives may come and go, but Grandma knows the quickest, gentlest way to cleanse the system is with a natural laxative like Garfield Tea. Try it and see why. You'll thank us! You'll thank Grandma. (At All Druggists.)

## GARFIELD TEA

A Natural Laxative Drink

## BLADDER TROUBLE

If your bladder is irritated, either because your urine is too acid or because of inflammation, just try GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES. This fine, old preparation has been used for this purpose for 237 years. That its popularity continues is the best proof that it works. But be sure you get GOLD MEDAL. Accept no substitute. 35¢.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 9-1933

Published every Friday and entered at the Tawas City Postoffice as second class matter

**Hale News**

Men's half soles repaired with a new plastic rubber composition. Out-wearers leather. As low as 50c pair. Special this week at Tawas Electric Shoe repair. Mail orders solicited.

A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Carson Love on Monday, February 28.

Little Byron Love who has been ill during the past week is improving.

Ernest Lucas and George Brown spent the week end at the R. B. Stevens' home in Bay City. Miss Lucy Stevens, who has been the guest of Hale friend during the past six weeks, also returned home.

Otto Hildner and Miss Lottie Rehel were married this week Tuesday in the evening. A dancing party was held for the young people at the town hall, Hale. They will make their home on the M & B ranch where Mr. Hildner is employed as foreman.

Mr. and Mrs. Duell Pearson were Bay City visitors on Tuesday of this week.

Harry Lake returned Tuesday from a few days' visit with Bay City friends.

An enjoyable evening was spent last Saturday when Mr. and Mrs. Dell Kessler entertained a large party of friends at a card party. Lunch was served and dancing followed.

**TOWNLINER**

Mr. and Mrs. Don Franks and family of Bay City visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bellenger over the week end.

Mr. George Blust and son, Ronald, of National City spent Monday with her aunt, Mrs. Judson Freel.

Elder McGuire is staying at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Ulman while holding meetings at the L. D. S. church all this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Overhalt of Bay City and Miss Eva Ulman of Tawas called on friends here Saturday.

Carl Fisher of Detroit, Mrs. Maude Washburn and Mrs. Zara Swanson

**Circle Saws Gummed**

On New

**Roger's Gummer**  
any hook desired

**August Luedtke**  
Phone 300

**Cash Specials**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| Flour, Siegle's Best or Gleaner's, 24 1/2 lbs. <b>49c</b> | Chipso large package, 2 for <b>29c</b>                   |
| Egg Mash, North Star, 100 lbs. <b>\$1.49</b>              | Broom, 4 sewed quality, each <b>29c</b>                  |
| Scratch Feed Siegles, 100 lbs. <b>\$1.15</b>              | Sunset Gelatin Dessert assorted flavors, pkg. <b>5c</b>  |
| Chocolate Drops assorted flavors, lb. <b>12c</b>          | Milk, Oatmans or Pet small 3 for 10c, tall can <b>6c</b> |
| Coffee, My Lady Blend, lb. 19c, 3 lbs. <b>55c</b>         | Macaroni or Spaghetti Sun Brand, 2 lb. pkg. <b>15c</b>   |
| Coffee, Breakfast Blend, lb. 25c, 2 lbs. <b>47c</b>       | Pink Salmon, tall can 10c, med. red can 15c              |
| Coffee, McLaughlin's 99's, lb. 27c, 2 lbs. <b>50c</b>     | Red Sockeye, can <b>19c</b>                              |
| P & G Soap, Jumbo Bar, 6 for <b>25c</b>                   | Cocoamalt, lb. can & Jig Saw Puzzle, for <b>42c</b>      |
|   | Fresh Oysters extra standard, pint <b>25c</b>            |

**QUALITY MEATS**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| Round Steak lb. <b>16c</b>                             | Pork Chops 2 lbs. <b>25c</b>                                     |
| Side Pork, Shoulder or Beef Rib Stew 3 lbs. <b>25c</b> | Frankfurts, Bologna or Liver Sausage Hennings, 3 lbs. <b>25c</b> |

**FRUITS and VEGETABLES**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| Oranges, Navels med size, dozen <b>19c</b>  | Apples, Grape Fruit, Tomatoes, Tangerines, Green Peppers, Bagas, Cabbage, Green Onions, Carrots, New Cabbage, Celery, Spanish Onions. |
| Head Lettuce 3 heads <b>25c</b>             |   |
| Bananas large ripe fruit, 4 lbs. <b>25c</b> |   |

Many More Values Not Listed

**Moeller Bros.**

Delivery Phone 19F2

**LONG LAKE**

A new plastic rubber composition, repairs rubbers, galoshes, or anything made of leather, cloth or rubber goods as low as 10c a patch. Special this week at Tawas Electric Shoe Repair.

Mr. Joseph McNickle, who has been sick for the past week, is now able to be out again.

Mrs. May Westervelt of Reno is spending a few weeks with her niece, Mrs. Robert Buck.

James Steadman of Seattle, Washington is visiting his mother.

Mrs. E. F. Abbott and Mrs. Alfred Simmons of Wilber were overnight guests of their daughter and sister, Mrs. Robert Buck, on Thursday last. Little Leon accompanied his grandmother home for a visit.

Mrs. Wm. Byler of South Branch was a Long Lake caller last Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Glenwood Streeter and daughter, Dorothy of Hale, called at the Streeter home on Sunday afternoon.

Sunday school is held at the old depot at 2:30 each Sunday afternoon. All are welcome.

**Some Boss**

Occasionally you find a male who is boss of the house but he isn't five years old yet.

**NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE**

WHEREAS, Orville J. Partlo and Hazel M. Partlo, his wife, as mortgagors, made and executed three certain mortgages, the first dated March 3rd, 1917, to James Mahar, the second dated March 3rd, 1917, to Henry Parker and third dated April 18th, 1919, to Ealy, Stacy & Company, a co-partnership of Akron, Michigan, which mortgages were recorded in the Register of Deeds Office in the County of Isosco, State of Michigan, in Liber 21 of "Mortgages" on page 202 on March 14th, 1917, in Liber 21 of "Mortgages" on page 205 on March 26th, 1917, and in Liber 21 of "Mortgages" on page 288 on April 24th, 1919, respectively; and

WHEREAS, the first of said mortgages was assigned by said James Mahar, the mortgagee, to the said Ealy, Stacy & Company of Akron, Michigan, by assignment dated February 9th, 1920, and recorded in the Register of Deeds Office in the County of Isosco in Liber 20 of "Mortgages" on page 502 on March 11th, 1920, and the second of said mortgages was assigned by the said Henry Parker, the mortgagee, to the said Ealy, Stacy & Company of Akron, Michigan, by assignment dated May 25th, 1918, and recorded in the Register of Deeds Office for Isosco County in Liber 26 of "Mortgages" on page 315 on February 1st, 1933; and

WHEREAS, default has been made in the payment of the money secured by each of said mortgages and the following sums being now due thereon, viz.:

On the first of said mortgages, the sum of \$800.00 as principal and \$367.82 as interest, to which sums is added an attorney fee of \$20.00 as provided by the provisions of said mortgage;

On the second of said mortgages, the sum of \$750.00, as principal and \$626.40 as interest, to which sums is added an attorney fee of \$20.00 as provided by the provisions of said mortgage;

On the third of said mortgages, the sum of \$400.00 as principal and \$190.55 as interest, to which sums is added an attorney fee of \$15.00 as provided by the provisions of said mortgage; and

WHEREAS, the said assignee of the mortgagee in the first and second mortgages and the mortgagee in the third mortgage, Ealy, Stacy & Company of Akron, Michigan, were, on the 5th day of February, 1927, adjudicated bankrupts by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan and the First National Bank of Bay City was appointed Trustee in bankruptcy of said bankrupt; and

WHEREAS, the said First National Bank of Bay City after qualifying and acting as such trustee thereafter on the 11th day of March, 1933, resigned as such trustee and the Bay Trust Company of Bay City, Michigan, by an order duly made and entered on that date by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan, was duly appointed trustee in the place and stead of said First National Bank of Bay City and has duly qualified and is now acting as such trustee; and

WHEREAS, no suit or proceedings have been instituted at law to recover the debt now claimed to be due on said mortgages, notice is hereby given that said mortgages by virtue of the powers of sale in each contained, will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises in each described, at the front door of the court house in the City of Tawas, Michigan, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Isosco is held), on the 6th day of May, 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, Eastern Standard Time, which premises are described as follows:

Premises covered by first and second mortgages being, land and property situate in Township of Burleigh, Isosco County, Michigan, described as: S 1/2 of NW 1/4 of Section 5, Township 21 North of Range 5 East, containing 80 acres of land, more or less.

Premises covered by third mortgage being, land and property situate in Township of Burleigh, Isosco County, Michigan, described as: NW 1/4 of Section 5, Township 21 North of Range 5 East. Dated February 4th, 1933.

BAY TRUST COMPANY, Trustee in Bankruptcy of Ealy, Stacy & Co. By Paul Thompson, Vice-President.

Clark and Henry Attorneys for Assignee 437-444 Shearer Bldg. Bay City, Michigan.

**SHERMAN**

R a down heels repaired with a new plastic rubber compound as low as 15c. Special this week at Tawas Electric Shoe Repair.

Dr. Hasty was in town on professional business the first of the week.

Miss Naomi Dedrick returned to her home from Flint Friday where she spent a week visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor St. James and children of Whittemore visited relatives here Sunday.

John Balanger was at Twining on business Tuesday.

Miss Francis Klish of Tawas visited at the home of her sister, Mrs. Frank Smith last Sunday.

Han Fern of Reno was a caller in town Monday evening.

About forty friends and neighbors gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schroeder Saturday evening and gave him a pleasant surprise. On account of the disagreeable night no many turned out but those present had a very enjoyable evening.

Mrs. Joe Jayline and son returned from Flint Monday.

Mrs. Elmer Winchel is on the sick list this week.

Several cases of Measles are reported around town.

Frank Schneider was in Oscoda on business Wednesday.

Town Treasurer, Matt Jordan, was at Tawas City this week making a settlement with the County Treasurer. Matt reports a fairly good collection of taxes but on account of the bank holidays, was unable to collect any taxes the last couple weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Dedrick and daughter accompanied by Lawrence Jordan and Mr. and Mrs. Bob Stoner spent the week end at Harrisville.

Mr. and Mrs. Peck Ross of Twining visited his mother here Sunday.

A crowd from here and National City went over to the home of Mrs. Matt last Thursday evening to Chas. J. J. her daughter Margaret, who was married at Midland. The crowd was treated with several boxes of cigars and plenty of candy. From there they went to Earl Jordan's who was recently married and gave them a dance at the town hall Monday evening. He kept his promise to the boys and the dance was largely attended and all reported a good time.

**In the Canadian Rockies**

The largest glacial lake in the Canadian Rockies is Maligne, nearly 20 miles long. It is hemmed in by high mountains, few of them climbed, some not even named; great masses that geologists say are older than the Alps; tremendous peaks bearing a burden of snow and ice that never leaves them.

**Title of Honor**

Alphonse Daudet has been called by English admirers the Dickens of France.

**MORTGAGE SALE**

By reason of default in payment and conditions of a mortgage made by Edward H. and William H. and Oscar and George and David Sawyer and wives and Belle Bronson, nee Sawyer, being the sole and all the heirs of Peter Sawyer, deceased, and wives, of the first part to Edgar Louks and Charles Fenton, of Isosco County, Michigan, of the second part, dated October 30th, 1930, and recorded November 7th, 1930 in

Libor 28 of Mortgages at page 7, in the Register of Deeds' office for Isosco County, upon which there is now claimed to be due, by reason of such default, the sum of One Hundred and Five Dollars for unpaid interest, and no legal proceedings having been taken to recover said amount:

Said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises described as the S.E. 1/4 of the S.W. 1/4 and the N. 1/2 of the S.W. 1/4 of Section 30, Township 22 North of Range 5 East, Isosco County, Michigan, at Public Auction on the 8th day of April, 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the front door of the Court House in Tawas City, in said county, to satisfy the amount then due for interest, taxes unpaid, attorney fee and costs.

Dated January 7th, 1933.

Edgar Louks and Charles Fenton, Mortgages Whittemore, Michigan. N. C. Harting, Attorney Business Address: Tawas City, Michigan. 12-2

**ANNUAL TAX SALE**

State of Michigan, county of Isosco, ss.

The Circuit Court for the County of Isosco in Chancery.

In the matter of the petition of John K. Stack, Jr., Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State, respectfully shows that the list of lands hereinafter set forth and marked "Schedule A," contains a description of all lands in said county of Isosco upon which taxes were assessed for the years mentioned therein and which were returned as delinquent for non-payment of taxes and which taxes have not been paid; together with the total amount of such taxes, with interest computed thereon to the time fixed for sale, and collection fee and expenses, as provided by law, extended against each of said parcels of land.

Your petitioner further shows that the Court that said lands were returned to the Auditor General under the provisions of Act 206 of the public Acts of 1893, as delinquent for non-payment of said taxes for said years respectively and that said taxes remain unpaid; except that lands included in said "Schedule A" for taxes of 1890 or prior years were

It is ordered that said petition will be brought on for hearing and decree at the March term of this court to be held at the city of Tawas City in the county of Isosco, State of Michigan, on the 28th day of March A. D. 1933, at the opening of the court on that day and that all persons interested in such lands or any part thereof, desiring to contest the lien claimed thereon by the State of Michigan, for such taxes, interest and charges, or any part thereof, shall appear in said court and file with the clerk thereof their objections thereto on or before the first day of the term of this court above mentioned, and that in default thereof the same will be taken as confessed and a decree will be taken and entered as prayed for in said petition. And it is further ordered that in pursuance of said decree the lands described in said petition for which a decree of sale shall be made, will be sold for the several taxes, interest, and charges thereon as determined by such decree on the first Tuesday in May thereafter, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. on said day or on the day or days subsequent thereto as may be necessary to complete the sale of said lands and of each and every parcel thereof, at the office of the county treasurer, or at such convenient place as shall be selected by him at the county seat of the county of Isosco, State of Michigan; and that the sale then and there made will be a public sale, and each parcel described in the decree shall be separately exposed for sale for the total taxes, interest and charges, and the sale

shall be made to the person paying the full amount charged against such parcel, and accepting a conveyance of the smallest undivided fee simple interest therein; or if no person will pay the taxes and charges and take a conveyance of less than the entire thereof, then the whole parcel shall be offered and sold. If any parcel of land cannot be sold for taxes, interest and charges, such parcel shall be passed over for the time being and shall, on the succeeding day, or before the close of the sale, be reoffered, and if, on such second offer, or during such sale, the same cannot be sold for the amount aforesaid, the County Treasurer shall bid off the same in the name of the state.

Witness the Hon. Herman Dehnke, Circuit Judge, and the seal of the said Circuit Court of Isosco County this 24th day of January, A. D. 1933. Herman Dehnke, Circuit Judge. Countersigned, Frank E. Dease, Clerk State of Michigan To the Circuit Court for the County of Isosco in Chancery:

The petition of John K. Stack, Jr., Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State, respectfully shows that the list of lands hereinafter set forth and marked "Schedule A," contains a description of all lands in said county of Isosco upon which taxes were assessed for the years mentioned therein and which were returned as delinquent for non-payment of taxes and which taxes have not been paid; together with the total amount of such taxes, with interest computed thereon to the time fixed for sale, and collection fee and expenses, as provided by law, extended against each of said parcels of land.

Your petitioner further shows that the Court that said lands were returned to the Auditor General under the provisions of Act 206 of the public Acts of 1893, as delinquent for non-payment of said taxes for said years respectively and that said taxes remain unpaid; except that lands included in said "Schedule A" for taxes of 1890 or prior years were

It is ordered that said petition will be brought on for hearing and decree at the March term of this court to be held at the city of Tawas City in the county of Isosco, State of Michigan, on the 28th day of March A. D. 1933, at the opening of the court on that day and that all persons interested in such lands or any part thereof, desiring to contest the lien claimed thereon by the State of Michigan, for such taxes, interest and charges, or any part thereof, shall appear in said court and file with the clerk thereof their objections thereto on or before the first day of the term of this court above mentioned, and that in default thereof the same will be taken as confessed and a decree will be taken and entered as prayed for in said petition. And it is further ordered that in pursuance of said decree the lands described in said petition for which a decree of sale shall be made, will be sold for the several taxes, interest, and charges thereon as determined by such decree on the first Tuesday in May thereafter, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. on said day or on the day or days subsequent thereto as may be necessary to complete the sale of said lands and of each and every parcel thereof, at the office of the county treasurer, or at such convenient place as shall be selected by him at the county seat of the county of Isosco, State of Michigan; and that the sale then and there made will be a public sale, and each parcel described in the decree shall be separately exposed for sale for the total taxes, interest and charges, and the sale

returned to the Auditor General as delinquent for said taxes under the provisions of the general tax laws in force prior to the passage of Act 200 of the Public Acts of 1891, and which taxes remain unpaid.

Your petitioner further shows that in all cases where lands are included in "Schedule A" as aforesaid for taxes of 1890 or of any prior year, said lands have not been sold for said taxes or have been heretofore sold for said delinquent taxes and the sale or sales so made have been set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction, or have been cancelled as provided by law.

Your petitioner further shows and avers that the taxes, interest, collection fee and expenses as set forth in said "Schedule A" are a valid lien on the several parcels of land described in said schedule.

Your petitioner further shows that the said taxes on the said described lands have remained unpaid for more than one year after they were returned as delinquent; and the said taxes not having been paid, and the same being now due and remaining unpaid as above set forth, your petitioner prays a decree in favor of the state of Michigan against each parcel of said lands, for the payment of the several amounts of taxes, interest, collection fee and expenses, as computed and extended in said schedule against the several parcels of land contained therein, and in default of payment of the said several sums computed and extended against said lands, that each of said parcels of land may be sold for the amounts due thereon, as provided by law, to pay the lien aforesaid.

And your petition will ever pray, etc., etc.

A list of lands referred to as included in "Schedule A" is on file in the office of the County Clerk and subject to Public Inspection.

Dated January 19, 1933.

John K. Stack, Jr., Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State.

By Jas. E. Mogan, deputy.

**GET EVERY BIT of CREAM!**

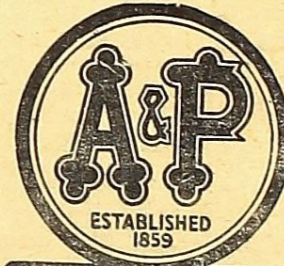
The low price of cream makes it necessary to get ALL from the milk. We sell—

**New DeLaval Separators**  
(The World's Best)

We furnish repairs, and help adjust your present machine. Write or call on us.

**L. H. Braddock Supply Co.**  
PHONE 84 TAWAS CITY

Mild-Cured American Cream  
**CHEESE**  
2 lbs. 25c



"WHERE ECONOMY RULES"

- |  |        |
|--|--------|
| Spaghetti, Encore, 4 tins                  | 25c    |
| Spaghetti, Encore, 3 glasses               | 25c    |
| Macaroni or Spaghetti 8-oz. 6 pkgs.        | 25c    |
| Soda Crackers, fresh bake, 2-lb. pkg.      | 15c    |
| Del Monte Peas, No. 2 size, 2 cans         | 25c    |
| Cigarettes, Paul Jones, 20 Grand, 10 pkgs. | 89c    |
| Cigarettes, Popular brands, pkg.           | 10c    |
| Seminole Toilet Tissue, 4 rolls            | 25c    |
| Mother Ann Codfish, lb.                    | 23c    |
| Ralston's Cereal pkg.                      | 19c    |
| 8 O'Clock Coffee, lb. 19c; 3 lbs.          | 55c    |
| Red Circle Coffee, lb.                     | 21c    |
| Bokar Coffee, lb. tin                      | 25c    |
| Daily Egg Scratch Feed, 100 lb. bag        | \$1.09 |
| "Daily Egg" Egg Mash, 100 lbs.             | \$1.49 |

**We Pay Market Prices for Fresh Clean Eggs**

The Poultry Primer—A booklet on proper care and feeding of poultry flocks is available FREE to those writing to A & P Tea Co., 504 Hodgson, Bldg., Minneapolis

- |                                    |     |
|------------------------------------|-----|
| Leg of Lamb, lb.                   | 18c |
| Pork Steak, lb.                    | 8c  |
| Bacon, sugar cured, lb.            | 12c |
| Pork Roast, lb.                    | 8c  |
| Chicken, fresh dressed, lb.        | 19c |
| Nutley Oleomargarine, 3 lbs.       | 19c |
| Fresh Creamery Butter, tub, 2 lbs. | 35c |
| Brookfield Butter, lb.             | 22c |

THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO.

**NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE**

WHEREAS, Edward I. Dickey and Maggie Dickey, his wife, as mortgagors, made and executed two certain mortgages, the first dated March 3rd, 1917, to James Mahar of St. Johns, Michigan, and the second dated March 3rd, 1917, to Ealy, Stacy & Company, a co-partnership of Akron, Michigan, which mortgages were recorded in the Register of Deeds Office in the County of Iosco, State of Michigan, in Liber 21 of "Mortgages" on page 203 on March 14th, 1917, and in Liber 21 of "Mortgages" on page 206 on March 26th, 1917, respectively; and

WHEREAS, the first of said mortgages was assigned by said James Mahar, the mortgagee, to the said Ealy, Stacy & Company of Akron, Michigan, by assignment dated 9th day of February, 1920, and recorded in the Register of Deeds Office in the County of Iosco in Liber 20 of "Mortgages" on page 502 on March 11th, 1920; and

WHEREAS, default has been made in the payment of the money secured by each of said mortgages and the following sums being now due thereon, viz.:

On the first of said mortgages, the sum of \$800.00 as principal and \$668.16 as interest, to which sum is added an attorney fee of \$20.00 as provided by the provisions of said mortgage;

On the second of said mortgages, the sum of \$900.00 as principal and \$436.68 as interest, to which sum is added an attorney fee of \$20.00 as provided by the provisions of said mortgage; and

WHEREAS, the said assignee of the mortgage in the first mortgage and the mortgagee in the second mortgage, Ealy, Stacy & Company of Akron, Michigan, were on the 5th day of February, 1927, adjudicated bankrupts by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan and the First National Bank of Bay City was appointed Trustee in bankruptcy of said bankrupt; and

WHEREAS, the said First National Bank of Bay City after qualifying and acting as such trustee thereafter on the 11th day of March, 1932, resigned as such trustee and the Bay Trust Company of Bay City, Michigan, by an order duly made and entered on that date by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan, was duly appointed trustee in the place and stead of said First National Bank of Bay City and has duly qualified and is now acting as such trustee; and

WHEREAS, no suit or proceedings have been instituted at law to recover the debt now claimed to be due on said mortgages, notice is hereby given that said mortgages by virtue of the powers of sale in each contained, will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises in each described, at the front door of the court house in the City of Tawas City, County of Iosco and State of Michigan, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Iosco is held), on the 6th day of May, 1933, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, Eastern Standard Time, which premises are described as follows:

The lands and property situated in the Township of Burleigh, Iosco County, Michigan, described as follows: The North half of the Northwest quarter of section five, in Township twenty-one North, of Range 5 East, containing eighty acres, more or less.

Dated February 6, 1933.  
BAY TRUST COMPANY,  
Trustee in Bankruptcy of  
Ealy, Stacy & Co.  
By Paul Thompson, Vice-  
President.  
Assignee of Mortgage  
and Mortgagee

Clark and Henry  
Attorneys for Assignee  
437-444 Shearer Bldg.  
Bay City, Michigan. 12-6

**Russia's Long Waterway**  
The Yenisei river in Siberia is one of the largest rivers in the world. It is 3,250 miles long.

**Hemlock**

Mr. and Mrs. Waldo Curry and daughter, Mrs. Arthur Lietz, were Sunday callers of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Binder.

A party was held at Mrs. Amelia Bamberger's last Saturday evening. A good time was reported.

Mr. and Mrs. Will White and daughter, Vernita of Reno, spent Friday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brown.

Mrs. McIvor and son, Harvey, visited Friday evening with Mrs. Forrester.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Groesbeck and son of Munising were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Fraser on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Warren are spending some time at Omer.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Youngs spent Sunday afternoon and evening with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brown.

The Pomona Grange of Iosco county met at Grant township hall on Wednesday and enjoyed an oyster supper.

Thomas Frockins and Will White of Reno spent Tuesday with Mrs. Charles Brown.

Russel Binder and Leona Brown spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Will White in Reno.

**MC IVOR**

A holiday on shoe repair profits has been declared by the Electric Shoe Shop, Tawas City. All shoes repaired at COST price for one week only. Bring 'em in.

Miss Olive Kelchner of South Lyon is visiting her brother, Walter, and family.

Messes Olyve Streeter and Margaret LaBerge of Long Lake visited with Lillian Schroeder Thursday.

Wm. Kohn of Flint visited with his relatives here last week.

Mrs. R. C. Arn spent Friday in Whittemore.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Pringle and daughter, Georgina, and son, Don, spent Sunday and Monday visiting with their daughter in Lansing.

About 40 friends of Wm. Schroeder gathered at his home Saturday night to help him celebrate his birthday. The evening was spent in playing cards and other games. Out of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. Delbert Schrader and family of Flint, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schroeder of East Tawas and Mr. and Mrs. Russell Gillespie and family of Prescott.

**CLASSIFIED ADVS**

**INSURANCE**

INSURANCE—For automobile and fire insurance on your home, see Clarence Fowler.

**GENERAL SERVICE**

LOCKSMITHS—All makes of locks refitted with keys. Tawas Hardware & Sporting Goods Co., East Tawas.

PLATE GLASS for automobiles, cut to fit any car. W. A. Evans Furniture Co.

**LIVE STOCK**

CHESTER-WHITE BOAR service. Clarence Earl, R. 1.

**LOST-FOUND**

FOUND—Class ring. Owner can have same by calling for same. Mrs. H. M. Rollin, Tawas City.

**Small World in 1400**

In 1400 the then known world extended from the British isles to the little-frequented Far East, north to the Scandinavian peninsula and south to the north coast of Africa.

**Old Custom Kept Up**

The annual custom of throwing dice for Bibles to be awarded parish children is celebrated at St. Ives, England. The custom has been preserved since 1677.

**STATE OF MICHIGAN**

In the Circuit Court for the County of Iosco, In Chancery

John Rosevear, Plaintiff,  
vs.  
Francis P. G. Taylor, F. P. G. Taylor, Alonzo Spooner, Eliza J. Taylor, Ida Taylor, Alonzo W. Spooner, Samuel Edsall, Andrew Wilson, Henry M. Rose, Donald McLennan, Anna Marie Edsall, Florence Ellen Smith, Lucien A. Smith, Andrew Wilson Edsall, Samuel Schuyler Edsall, Frances A. Edsall, Benjamin Godkin, Steven Londo, David Londo, Elizabeth Londo, Margaret Londo, Steven A. Londo, Chas. Hedglen, Marion Hedglen, Charles O. Smith, May Day Smith, Samuel Smith, May Day Smith, Rolland A. Nichols, Iosco Turpentine Company, John P. Cross, Charles B. Bailey, J. J. Lewis, Frank L. Oersch, T. E. Milligan, Youngstown Turpentine Company, H. J. Telworthy, J. McCartney, C. C. Kingsboro, J. H. Nott, G. W. Milligan, Alonzo M. Spooner, Albert J. Reed, Charles Recknagle, Rudolf Pravenstiecer, Cornelius Paillon, Richard Paillon, Stephen Londo, Jr., Charles A. Jahraus, Thomas Galbraith, George W. Milligan, Chas. O. Smith, George O. Farrell, Wm. J. Leslie, James M. Verley, William Coyle, Samuel Smith, John Nitz, John A. Nitz, Anna M. Edsall, Florence E. Smith, Andrew W. Edsall, Samuel S. Edsall, A. J. Reed, C. L. Recknagle, R. Pravenstiecer, Edward Londo, Ed. Londo, Edward Bushey,

Thomas Adams, Martin Winchell, Rachel B. McNair, Hattie M. Talbott, Carrie E. Livingston, Geo. K. Newcombe, Humphrey Shaw, Joseph R. Hitchcock, M. J. Bailey, Samuel Auker, John W. King, Charles R. Hawley & Co., Chas. Reid and Margaret Reid and their unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and assigns, Defendants.

**Order of Publication**  
Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Iosco, in Chancery, at Tawas City, on the 26th day of January, A. D. 1933.

In this cause it appearing that the above named defendants are proper and necessary parties in the above cause, and that it is not known whether they are living or dead, or where they may reside if living, or whether the title, interest, claim, lien or possible right held by them or any of them in the subject matter of this suit has been by them or any of them assigned to any person or persons, or if dead, whether they or any of them have personal representatives or heirs

living, or where they or any of them may reside, or whether such title, interest, claim, lien or possible right has been disposed of by will by them or any of them, and that said plaintiff does not know and has been unable after diligent search and inquiry to ascertain the names of the persons who are included as defendants herein without being named, and that therefore, none of said defendants can be served with process and that therefore, under the provisions of the statute it is lawful to make said parties defendants hereto as above styled.

Therefore, on motion of G. F. Friegel, Attorney for Plaintiff, it is ordered that the appearance of said defendants be entered in said cause within three months from date hereof, and that within forty days plaintiff cause a copy of this order to be published in the Tawas Herald, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in Iosco county, and that such publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession.

Dated: Tawas City, January 26, 1933.

Nicholas C. Hartingh,  
Circuit Court Commissioner for Iosco County, Michigan.  
F. E. Dease, Clerk.  
G. F. Friegel, Attorney for Plaintiff,  
Business Address: 302 Ward Building, Owosso, Michigan.

**NOTICE**  
The above suit involves and is brought to quiet title to the following described premises: Situated in the Township of Plainfield, County of Iosco and State of Michigan, to-wit: Lot No. One (1) of Section Thirty (30); Southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of Section Thirty (30), also that parcel of Lot Two (2), Section Thirty (30) which is in the Southwest quarter of the Northeast quarter of Section Thirty (30); the above being in Town Twenty-three (23) North of Range Five (5) East.  
Dated January 26th, 1933.  
G. F. FRIEGEL,  
Attorney for Plaintiff.

**METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY**

*Annual Report to the Holders of 42,672,418 Life Insurance Policies*

**DURING** the past year this Company has maintained its strong position in the life insurance field.

Metropolitan's life insurance issued, revived and increased in 1932 amounted to more than Three and a Quarter Billion Dollars.

The income for 1932, the largest in the Company's history, showed an increase over the previous year of \$14,859,229.33 and amounted to \$921,953,100.70.

- The Metropolitan in 1932
- paid to policyholders \$562,804,650.79
  - added to policy reserves \$109,755,306.00
  - set aside for dividends to policyholders in 1933, \$101,685,956.00
  - increased its contingency reserve by \$26,550,000.00
  - increased its surplus by \$13,541,501.95.

The assets of the Company at the end of 1932 were \$3,769,372,425.28, an increase of \$179,256,771.56 during 1932. New investments made in 1932 amounted to more than \$300,000,000 and cash on hand was increased to \$64,025,923.35.

After making provision for policy reserves and other liabilities, and after the apportionment of \$101,685,956 for dividends, the Company held, on December 31st, 1932, a contingency reserve of \$43,000,000, and a surplus of \$240,811,739.47—a total of \$283,811,739.47.

The strength of a life insurance company lies in the spread of its obligations over a long period of years and in a sound policy of diversification of investment pursued

through the years under expert guidance and in accordance with conservative investment limitations prescribed by law.

Metropolitan assets consist of

Cash . . . . .	1.70%
Bonds—Federal, State and Municipal . . . . .	7.70%
Bonds—Railroad . . . . .	18.00%
Bonds—Public Utility . . . . .	9.03%
Bonds—Miscellaneous . . . . .	3.28%
Stocks—(Preferred 2.028%; Common 0.002%) . . . . .	2.03%
Mortgages on Real Estate . . . . .	
City 34.42%; Farm 4.38% . . . . .	38.80%
Real Estate (including foreclosed properties) . . . . .	2.78%
Loans to Policyholders . . . . .	12.63%
Premiums, deferred and in course of collection . . . . .	2.01%
Interest due and accrued, Rents, etc. . . . .	2.04%

The favorable mortality experience of the Company in 1932 has followed its careful selection of business and the continuation of its health and welfare activities.

During the year 1932 many leading corporations of the country paid millions of dollars to the Company for contracts covering their employees for Group Life, Health and Accident protection and for future Retirement Incomes under some of which continuing payments on the part of the Metropolitan will extend into the next century.

Life insurance is the most effective way of providing for the future of one's self and one's dependents. Through the Metropolitan approximately one-fifth of the people of the United States and Canada are making such provision.



**Report for the Year Ending December 31, 1932**

(In accordance with the Annual Statement filed with the New York State Insurance Department)

Assets . . . . .	\$3,769,372,425.28	Paid-for Life Insurance Issued, Revived and Increased in 1932, \$3,273,178,268. Ordinary, \$1,571,593,135; Industrial, \$1,555,395,118; Group (Excluding Increased) \$146,190,015.	
<i>(Greater than those of any other financial institution in the world)</i>			
Liabilities . . . . .		Life Insurance Outstanding	
Statutory Reserve . . . . .	\$3,195,064,184.00	Ordinary Insurance . . . . .	\$9,903,141,559.00
Reserve for Dividends payable in 1933 upon . . . . .		Industrial Insurance (premiums payable weekly or monthly) . . . . .	6,535,046,064.00
Industrial Policies . . . . .	\$50,648,419.00	Group Insurance . . . . .	2,542,555,585.00
Ordinary Policies . . . . .	48,756,772.00	Total Insurance Outstanding . . . . .	\$18,980,743,208.00
Accident and Health Policies . . . . .	2,280,765.00	Policies in Force (including 1,349,680 Group Certificates) . . . . .	42,672,418
Total Dividends . . . . .	101,685,956.00	<i>(More than those of any other life insurance company in the world)</i>	
All Other Liabilities . . . . .	188,810,545.81	Accident and Health Insurance Outstanding	
Contingency Reserve . . . . .	43,000,000.00	Principal Sum Benefit . . . . .	\$1,345,345,796.00
Unassigned Funds (Surplus) . . . . .	240,811,739.47	Weekly Indemnity . . . . .	12,341,911.00
	\$3,769,372,425.28	Dividends Paid to Policyholders to date plus those declared for 1933 . . . . .	\$823,137,177.61
Income in 1932 . . . . .	\$921,953,100.70		
Increase in Income during 1932 . . . . .	\$14,859,229.33		
Increase in Assets during 1932 . . . . .	\$179,256,771.56		

Note—The values used for stocks and for bonds not subject to amortization are those furnished by the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners.

*This is a mutual Company. There are no stockholders. All of its assets are held for the benefit of its Policyholders.*

**METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY - NEW YORK**

FREDERICK H. ECKER, President

LEROY A. LINCOLN, Vice-President and General Counsel

**V. F. MARZINSKI, Agent - EAST TAWAS**

**Tawas Breezes**

VOL. VI FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1933 NUMBER 42

"What caused y'u to beat up that fellow?"  
"He insulted my girl."  
"Why, all he said was that she dances like a zephyr."  
"My mistake! I thought he said heifer."

Young Wife: The post office is very careless at times, isn't it?"  
Friend: Yes, dear why?"  
Young Wife: My Hubby is in Albany on business and the card he sent me is postmarked Atlantic City."

preacher. It was addressed to "De Lawd." It said the writer was about to lose his house not pay interest on the mortgage; also that he was without food and was hungry. He asked "De Lawd" to lend him \$50. The pastor, taking pity on the old man, collected \$42 among his friends and gave it to him. A week later the old man handed the preacher another letter addressed to "De Lawd." It read—"Deah Lawd: I ax voh to loan me \$50 an' de preacher done give me \$42. Frum how on will you please do business wit' me direct."

Kiln dried corn \$1.00 per 100 lbs. cracked corn, \$1.15 per 100 lbs. ground oats \$1.00 per 100 lbs. corn and oat chop \$1.10 per 100 lbs. scratch feed at \$1.00 per 100 lbs. small wheat \$1.00 per 100 lbs. bone meal \$3.00 per 100 lbs. meat scraps \$3.00 per 100 lbs. linseed meal \$2.25 per 100 lbs.

Barrel salt, 25lb. sacks, 50 lb. sacks, 100 lb. sacks,  
"Buy a bunch of violets for your sweetheart, sir?"  
"Haven't got one replied the young man."  
"Take a bunch to your wife."  
"Sorry, I'm not married."  
"Ere—Buy the bloomin' lot to celebrate your luck!"

Doll: "Handsome men are always a bit conceited."  
Dick: "Not always, I'm not."

A woman went into a chemist's lab and said, "Have you any Life Buoy. The assistant, a young American, replied, "Set the pace, lady."

Aim for a goal you have some chance of realizing.  
An old negro, down south, handed a letter to his

**Wilson Grain Company**

# BELOW ZERO

A Romance of the North Woods

By HAROLD TITUS

Copyright, 1932.

WNU Service

## CHAPTER I

In his young days Tom Belknap may have squirmed now and then; most men who have undergone the vicissitudes of fortune-building in the lumber industry have. But this much is certain: for a brace of decades, if he had occasionally felt discomfort, he kept it well to himself, concealed behind that brusque, gruff front.

Now, however, he put on a first-rate exhibition of a man in an uncomfortable corner as Harrington, small and gray and amazed, stood in that spacious chamber and stared at him.

The old fellow had made his assertion with a growl, as he always did when at variance with his aids, and ordinarily that tone ended argument abruptly. Not today.

"But," said Harrington, after that long pause occasioned by incredulity, "what's the boy going to say to that?"

"Hell do as he's told!"

"Twice? You'll disappoint him twice, Tom? A boy with . . . with as much spirit as you have yourself?" He scratched his thin hair absently and frowned, and old Tom, slunk in the depths of that great chair, rolled an uneasy eye at him, an eye which had in it defiance and determination and, perhaps, a hint of appeal. "Why, he took it standing a year ago in June when you sent him from college to Witch Hill instead of to Kampfest. That was a body-blow, after all the talk and planning, but you told him to go and show what he could do and he did. . . . Now, he's coming here in a few minutes to claim the reward you held out to him, and instead of sending him to Kampfest, you're shunting him off on Belknap Seven! It beats me!"

The other fidgeted with his watch chain and cleared his throat irritably. "Well," he said, "John ain't going to Kampfest yet. . . . Not yet!" He shook his head. "No, sir! Not to Kampfest!"

Harrington's gray eyes were prying now, suspicion rife in them as he studied the averted face of the man he knew so well.

"Are you in trouble at Kampfest?" he asked quietly, and the old face flashed up at him.

"If I am, it's my own trouble!"

A watcher might not have noticed that Harrington had tensed on his query, but the sudden relaxing of his body was obvious.

"I thought as much," he said grimly, meeting the challenge in those eyes. "I was afraid trouble might follow when you took Gorbel in on this thing. I've suspected matters weren't right there for two years now; last month, when you came back from Kampfest, you had the look of a beaten man, and I was pretty sure. Now, I know."

"You know a lot!"—grumpily as he hitched closer to the massive desk.

The other did not respond. With pursed lips he pondered a moment and then burst out:

"Look here, Tom! Why don't you let us help you up there? Why don't you come down off your high horse and let the office straighten things out while you're away?"

Belknap gave a mirthless laugh. "You're doin' a lot of guessing!" he snorted. "You're guessing at things, Harrington!" He swung in his chair to confront his inquisitor and slapped the mahogany with his palm. "Guess-work! I'll admit nothing; I'll deny most. But I'll go this far: If I'm in bad, whose business is it? If I guessed wrong on a man, whose funeral is it? If I've got dirty clothes to wash, whose job is it? Eh?"

"From the beginning you've all been against me on my opinion of Gorbel, from you on down through this organization to . . . to John himself. You didn't like him; you didn't like the idea of a partnership. John, my boy, warned me after he'd talked to the man twenty minutes. Warned me! A cub!"

"But I bet on Gorbel. He had the lay-out I've wanted all my life, had it tied up. I took him on and listened to all of you yelp and predict trouble, and made up my mind that the Belknap Lumber company offices never would have to bother with a line of Belknap & Gorbel business. I put it under my hat and it's been there since. That's where it's goin' to stay, Harrington, and you can stuff that in your pipe!"

His face was flushed now. The other shrugged. "That ought to be final," he said gloomily. "But what frets me, Tom, is where John comes in . . . or isn't let in."

Old Tom sank back in his chair and stared bleakly through one of the great windows against which a savage December gale hurled itself in across sullen Lake Michigan.

"That's somethin' else," he growled. Harrington persistently eyed him, and the old man squirmed again.

"There's only one thing that really matters, when all's said and done," he said finally. "That's a man's reputation. And a man's reputation narrows down to his reputation with certain folks. I've got a rating as an honest man, which is something everybody with self-respect's got to have; and I'm rated as rich, but I don't give a hoot about how much money the Belknap Lumber company's worth, or the

value of any of the outfits it controls under other names. I'm glad I've got a name for bein' a hard fighter; glad that men must concede I'm a fair fighter. But there's only one thing that matters much, that gets in close to a man's heart." He paused. "That's what John thinks of me."

Silence for a moment, except for the buffeting of the gale about that Chicago skyscraper.

"You've got three kids, Harrington. I had only one . . . and a humdinger! That cub . . . H—I's bells, a man can't say what he feels on some things! Nobody'll ever know how hard I tried to play up to what he's thought of me ever since he was so high; nobody ever can know what a burden it's been to be the kind of a party he thought I was."

The rough voice had become a monotone now, as though he fought for self-control.

"He opposed me just once, Harrington, he warned me just once. Him, a kid, warnin' me about my judgment of a man! I laughed at him and . . . Well, I laughed at him and—"

Harrington added: "And he was right."

"Another guess?"—in another surly growl. "But"—looking up again, face furrowed with intense earnestness—"if that was so—I'm not admittin' it, but if it was so—would you let him find it out first? Would you let him come to you and say I told you so?"

Pause. "Not on your life, you wouldn't!"

"You wouldn't let him even suspect that the thing he'd worked for and waited for wasn't what he'd expected! You wouldn't let him think that the one present he'd wanted was marred before it got into his hands. Not much, you wouldn't! You'd fix it up, somehow, even if the trouble was so mysterious you couldn't locate it, before you handed it over to . . . so the estimate he'd had of you wouldn't lose anything of . . . of what it had! Then you'd tell him he'd been right, but not before!"

He waited a long moment. "Wouldn't you?" he insisted.

"If I had your devotion and the Belknap pride, Tom, I expect I would," Harrington answered gravely. "But the devil of it is that you're leaving today for Europe, and won't be—"

"Yes! The devil of it! And the devil of it is, the d—n doctors are right! I'm no fool, Harrington; I know that they know. I know when they say I need three months in a place where business can't reach me that I'd better hit the grade for that place. Well, nobody but the doctors and you know this trip's forced. I ain't going to worry anybody. A big timber operation can't go to h—l in a heap in ninety days. I'll be back; I'll be fit to go into the Kampfest thing with sleeves rolled up, find out just what and how much is wrong, and I'll set it for John as we'd planned it'd be!"

"But don't you see that while you're away the office could—"

"I wash my own dirty linen!"

"But suppose, Tom, something should happen?"

The old man shook his head, half in negation, half in agreement.

"I'd have to come clean, then, I guess. I've prepared for that." He opened a drawer and took out a sealed envelope. "I wrote this last night. It's for John if . . . if some cathedral should fall on me. If I come back, I want it back from you. . . . And if I don't come back, you might just say, Harrington . . . say to the boy that . . . that he was a humdinger . . . will you?"

The strong voice shook a trifle as Harrington eyed the firm pen strokes, inscribing the name of John Steele Belknap on that envelope.

"Sure, Tom," the secretary said just a bit huskily. "Sure thing. And I hope he'll go to Belknap Seven. But remember he's got his father's pride, he's high-strung. You can't give a colt too much bit even to save him a fall!"

And a half-hour later in that chamber, the brain housing of vast industry, a young man was about to burn up.

A big young man, this John Steele Belknap, tall and broad and thick of chest. Out of place, he looked, in this room, with its deep-napped rugs and heavy hangings. He wore a maroon checkered Mackinaw and slugged pants clinging to stalwart calves; feet in the greased pacs were spread a bit as a man will when he meets an assault.

His face was weather-beaten but a bit pale now, his nostrils dilated though he fought to keep at least a vestige of good humor in the deep blue eyes, and the semblance of a grin on the wide mouth by telling himself to stay by it another minute, to hold the old dander down just another second!

"But don't you see, Tom," he began "that it's what I've worked and waited for all these years? It wasn't any plan of mine in the first plans I'd made for myself."

"I didn't want any help from you, I'd always figured on hitting it off for myself to see how good I am, just as you did, and granddaddy did. I want ed forestry school and got it, and thought when I'd finished that I'd look

up with some other organization and see what I could do and, if I checked out, would then get in here with you and help pull the load.

"Then you stumbled on to a location and the properties that fitted like a glove to a plan. You couldn't wait for me to start, of course. You had to go ahead because if any demonstration is going to be of account it's got to show profit, and big timber hold-ings can't be carried along any more without operating. You and Gorbel got the mill up and running, the best mill ever built! You got the chemical plants operating. You were going to exercise your agreement with Gorbel and buy him out and we'd go to it . . . you and I. . . . Together!"

He extended one hand in a little gesture.

"And when I thought I was ready for that, I went up to Witch Hill. I'll admit now that it was a bitter dose. But I took it, didn't I? I stayed on longer than you'd said I'd have to stay before getting my finger into the Kampfest thing. I've been waiting for months for word that I could drop it, and the word has never come."

"We wound her up. When I knew you and mother were going today I got the last of the equipment loaded, the last chore done, and high-tailed down here without even stopping to buy civilized clothes because I thought . . . Kampfest at last! And instead of that I'm told that I am now super-intendant at Belknap Seven!"

His fist fell on the desk, and he nodded as if wearied.

His father sniffed and rattled the sheet of paper he held.

"That's the trouble with you young zuffers. Don't have the guts to wait. Got to jump in and learn jobs from the top down. Stuffed shirts, for God knows how many years; yes-men. You won't take the time to learn from the bottom up!"

"Doesn't that mean anything?" John asked with a curt gesture towards the paper in the age-mottled hands.

The man's eyes dropped to that scrawl, written on the letter-head of the Witch Hill Lumber company. He read it once more:

"To whom it may concern, dear sir. John Steele has worked as camp foreman here for one year. He is only a kid but as good a logger as ever wore sox. Respy J. McIver supt."

The lowering of his face concealed from the son's burning eyes the pride which swept it, and John could not know the warmth which re-reading the words generated again in the old heart, nor the chagrin and fear at what he was now doing. But the belittling grunt and the dismissing gesture as he tossed the letter back to the desk top made the boy stir on his feet and tighten his lips.

"Sandy!" old Tom growled. "Sandy, writin' a recommendation!" He laughed. "Think he's ever done that for anybody before? Not much! Why, he was so rattled he left out the only part of your name that counts! Done it for you because he liked you. As my old timers always 've done, he probably babied you from the time—"

"Babied!" The interruption was hot with anger. "Babied me, did he? D—n funny babying, I'd call it!" He laughed bitterly. "I know what went ahead of me to Witch Hill. Sandy

He rose.

"That's all then?" John asked, oddly restrained.

"That's all there is. The Century leaves in two hours. If you're going to say good-by to your mother you'd better be about it."

The boy stood irresolute, conflicting impulses surging within him. Then, with a sweeping movement, he snatched up his cap.

"Good-by, sir,"—crisply.

"Good-by, John. I . . . well, good-by!"—gruffly.

Their hands met briefly, formally. "You'll go on to Seven tomorrow. . . . Difficult to tell whether that was statement or query; difficult to tell, too, whether the clearing of the throat had been necessary or not. "I seem to have my orders," the boy said, and none could have told what impulse lay behind the words.

He wheeled and went quickly out, and for a long moment after he had gone his father stood, a gaunt, wearied old figure. He lifted one hand with a helpless movement and sank into the great chair, chin on knuckles. . . . An unhappy man, this, helpless to rectify his mood. . . .

CHAPTER II

Now when a young man, fever hot with rebellion, at odds with his world, set upon, treated unfairly, finding his firmest trust betrayed, mad to his marrow, steps off a train into a strange town and is hit in the mouth by a stranger, certain events are bound to follow. For one thing, the pressure of temper within him finds relief. It was easy enough for young John Belknap to come to a decision as to what to do; easy enough to decide that the Mid-West headquarters, up in the wilderness, was as good a place as any for a young man going out on his own to present himself and ask for a chance. Easy, simple!

team. I went with the loading crew, and every place I was put I set the pace for the rest of 'em. Yeah. College boy. Getting sand-papered because he was son of the push!"

He nodded once more, a bit white now.

"Four things I'd proved I could do better than anybody else there. Four!"—holding up the fingers of a trembling hand. "Saws next. Could I get a partner to stay with me even at the money I made for him? I could not! They brought in a Finn who'd never found a man to stand his pace; he hoisted his turkey the ninth day and went out with his tail dragging, and when Swanson got sick there was nothing else to do but put me in to run the show, was there?"

"You know what happened then. Forty cents a thousand I saved you below anything that'd ever been done at Witch Hill, and when we were winding up the job at that! And the boys liked me. I had 'em working their heads off for you and showed the lowest labor turn-over they'd had in the country since God knows when!"

"Stuffed shirt? Yes-man? H—l, sir!"

"My," said old Tom with forced sardonic mildness. "My, you're proud, ain't you?"

The boy caught his breath as though for a stormy denial; checked himself and flared:

"You're d—d right, I am! It showed what I can do on one job; it gave me something to go on when I ask for the bigger one that's been promised me!" His voice trembled. "You'd admit it to anybody else, too; you'd admit it of any other kid who turned the trick. Then, sir, why the devil won't you admit it to and about me?"

His fist fell to the desk again, but this time with a sharp thud. Tom Belknap's eyes left that accusing gaze, and he stared once more through the window.

"No," he said dryly, as if to end debate with himself, and the suggested alteration of his face which had threatened, perhaps, a melting, a softening, came to nothing. "It goes back to where we started; that I'm runnin' this outfit yet and hiring men and putting 'em where I think they'll do me the most good."

"One thing," he propounded, "you've got to learn is to know men, to get along with men. You don't like Gorbel—"

"No! I never have! Neither does anybody else around this outfit!"—with an inclusive gesture. "You've got a price on his interest, and even if you aren't ready to buy him out I won't lock horns with him. Let him run the office and the mills; let him run the bank. I want to get into the woods, Tom, and at Kampfest. There'd be no conflict!"

"As I was sayin'; You don't like Gorbel and for no reason, I can see. You've got to learn why you like and don't like men. You've only been on one job. You try another, now, and come spring you show me what you're wound on!" Color was deepening in the lined face and the eyes showed pale against it. "We've had a lot of gabble this forenoon! Here's your letter from Sandy. See if you can make a showin' somewhere else, and when I get back . . . we'll see what we can see!"

He rose.

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But not so easy to summon that rage which would wipe out the hurt. He had had his fondest hopes betrayed by the one human being he had trusted above all others. It cut and scoured, made him drive himself into a furious temper.

He had boarded a late train, pack-sack over his shoulder, oblivious to the stares of people in the station, telling himself that he had been double-crossed, abused to a point which was intolerable. Through the remaining hours of the night he had tossed in his berth, letting that rage eat up the disappointment and heartache. Today, on a less comfortable train, his ire mounted and as the cars rocked and bounced on northward over increasingly rough steel, he sat for long intervals without moving a muscle, the fire in his eyes growling, the darkness in his heart deepening.

Snow fell. Now and again some of it sifted down from the ventilators to the greasy rattan seats of the smoker. The brakeman came in and lighted oil

lamps as waning afternoon brought wintry darkness. One more change now, and he would be on the Kampfest line. . . . But he was not going to stop at Kampfest!

He moved with a start, then, and his jaw muscles bulged. This was the route he had planned so long to take, but the destination was no longer what it had been in those years of planning. On through Kampfest, rather, on for the better part of another hundred miles to Mid-West headquarters.

"You're out of luck," the conductor said; "getting into Kampfest tonight. They got three cars off on a culvert and it may take 'em until noon to get their line open. Tell you what; the Junction boarding house's a fright. You could go on to Shoestring where there's a good place to stay and come back in the morning in time to get the east-bound."

"Shoestring? Never heard of it."

"Spry little town." The conductor smiled grimly as he adjusted the wick of his lantern. "If the branch hadn't been blocked this afternoon, you might've seen some big times there tonight. . . ."

John did not heed this. He said, "Much obliged," and settled back in the corner of his seat with his wrath.

Soon the brakeman rose and sung out: "Shoestring!"

Buttoning his Mackinaw, slinging his pack-sack to one shoulder, John stood in the end of the car as they jolted to a stop. He was the only passenger disembarking, and when he pulled the door open snow swirled about him. Moving figures showed against the glow of depot lights.

A voice sung out sharply: "That's him!"

He dropped to shin-deep snow on the platform, and a bulging figure moved to confront him.

"You'd better git back on the train," the man said. "You ain't welcome here!"

"Check him through!" someone called hoarsely.

"What's the big idea?" John snapped. "Who are you to—"

"We ain't here to argue, Jack! You git back aboard that car and keep your feet out of Shoestring and you'll be better off!"

The big man grasped his arm determinedly, and as John twisted to free himself he slipped. He flung out a hand to catch his balance and, on the gesture, a stinging blow caught him full in the mouth.

An instant before, and despite his black mood, he would have argued; but that fist on his lips dropped a red curtain before his eyes, coagulated all the anger which had kept him hot for two days and a night; stripped reason from him. He crouched; he rushed. He was going to let no gang put him back on any train! He bored into them, through them, until he had distance between himself and the car and then straightened, catching one a stiff blow on the neck that spun him about. He whirled and drove his fist hard into a belly.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## READING OF TODAY AND THE LONG AGO

It is curious how long-forgotten things come floating into the mind from nowhere. Once there was a story in a popular magazine written on the installment plan. The same story was given each month, as it might have been told by some well-known writer such as Howells or James, but the name of the author was withheld until after the tenth number when the list of authors was given, and you could compare it with your own guesses. I believe that I was not absolutely sure of many of them except the one by Henry James, whose long, precise and sometimes involved sentences were not to be disguised. As an exercise in the recognition of differing styles among story writers, it was interesting.

Few children of today have ever heard of the "Trudy Parlin" and "Dottie Dimple" series.

But we knew them all by heart and could tell you how they put Prudy in a great hoghead when she was naughty; how she scared them all by climbing to the top of the house on a painter's ladder, in search of heaven; how she followed sister Susie to school, and amused herself by trying to see if her knitting needle would come out the other side if pushed through her seat-mate's ear. There were many stories about these little folk of Portland, Maine, and we read them over and over. I have heard many objections to stories in series, probably because they go beyond the period of childhood and approach courtship and marriage, but the Prudy books committed no such unseemly indiscretion.

One of the enthusiasts of my youth was "The Princess of Thule,"

by William Black, who wrote many other novels, among them "The Strange Adventures of a Phaeton" (some one asked the other day, what was a phaeton). I have lately renewed my acquaintance with his "Judith Shakespeare," which is a good portrayal of the environment of the poet. Akin to the "Princess of Thule" was "Thelma," by Marie Corelli.

"Leg Woffington," by Charles Reade, was the story of an Eighteenth century actress, a friend of David Garrick. I do not recall the story, but might ask a certain relative who makes a point of reading once a year the novels of Charles Reade and Anthony Trollope. I think he regards the Barsetshire people as personal friends, especially those of the little house at Alington.

In my youth detective stories were associated in my unsophisticated mind with small boys behind bars gloating over yellow backed paper books, my own harmless favorites requiring no such secrecy. At school, we were obliged to read the "Gold Bug" and the "Murders of the Rue Morgue," as being the pioneers of the current detective novels. Not being deductively inclined, I did not like them, though it was heresy to say so, and later I could not see why anyone should want to harrow up her soul, and freeze her young blood by poring over the "Moonstone," by Wilkie Collins. We domestic ones wore out the "Last Days of Pompeii," "Lorna Doone," "John Halifax, Gentleman," "Jane Eyre" and many others, including "Molly Bawn," "Red as a Rose Is She," "St. Elmo," and the like. Frivolous they might have been, but harmless compared to some of the stories read by girls of today.—M. O. W., in the Indianapolis News.

## THEY HAVE FOUND A 3-MINUTE WAY TO RELIEVE SORE THROAT

All Pain And Soreness Eased In Few Minutes This Simple Way

FOLLOW DIRECTIONS PICTURED BELOW



### Proves Only Medicine Helps A Sore Throat

Modern medical science now throws an entirely new light on sore throat. A way that eases the pain, rawness and irritation in as little as two or three minutes.

Reduces Infection, Eases Pain Instantly. Gargling with Bayer Aspirin will do three things: Relieve soreness at once. Alleviate inflammation. AND—reduce infection; which is the important thing in fighting a sore throat.

Results are among the most extraordinary in medical science. On doctors' advice, millions are following this way . . . discarding old-time "washes" and "antiseptics." For it has been found that only medicine can help a sore throat.

It requires medicine—like BAYER ASPIRIN—to do these things! That is why throat specialists throughout America are prescribing this BAYER gargle in place of old-time ways. Results are quick and amazing.

Simple To Do. All you do is crush and dissolve three BAYER Aspirin Tablets in half a glass of water. Gargle with it twice—as pictured above. If you have any indication of a cold—before gargling take 2 Bayer Aspirin Tablets with a full glass of water. This is to combat any signs of cold that have gone into your system. Keep on taking if cold has a "hold." For Genuine Bayer Aspirin will not harm you. Your doctor will tell you, it does not depress the heart. Get a box of 12 or a bottle of 24 or 100 at any drug store.

Be careful, however, that you get real BAYER Aspirin Tablets for this purpose. For they dissolve completely enough to gargle without leaving irritating particles. Watch this when you buy.



Ask your druggist about the recent price reduction on the 100 tablet size Bayer Aspirin.

NO TABLETS ARE GENUINE BAYER ASPIRIN WITHOUT THIS CROSS



Rinso Soaks out dirt No scrubbing—saves hands

**German Chemist Cites Benefits of Massage**

The common theory that massage eases pain, promotes sleep, and limbers stiff muscles by stimulating the circulation may be true enough, according to Dr. H. Ruhmann of Berlin, but it does not explain how the circulation is stimulated.

Doctor Ruhmann's theory is that the stretching and pressure of the skin sets free in the blood a chemical known as acetylcholin, which has a tendency to counteract the exciting effects of the gland chemical known as adrenalin.

Acetylcholin enlarges the capillaries so that they hold more blood, which carries away the toxins causing the aches and pains. When the chemical is set free from the skin it quiets the nerves, which accounts for the sleep-promoting qualities of massage.—Pathfinder Magazine.

**About Frogs**



Preparing Frog Legs for Epicures.

(Prepared by National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.—WNU Service.)

**F**ROGS, once famous only for their hind legs, but whose skins now make book covers and fine glue, annually add more than \$130,000 to the industrial census figures of Louisiana. Frog raising and the collection of frogs from streams, ponds, and swamps are therefore becoming important activities.

It requires four to five years for the frog whose legs are edible to reach adult size. When the warm spring sun tempers the water in our ponds, it is mating-time for frogs. A female frog may lay as many as 240 eggs. The eggs are deposited in small masses on water plants or on sticks or leaves lying in shallow water. An egg consists of the yolk—the round black center—and the vitelline envelope—the surrounding transparent membrane—which begins to absorb water as soon as the egg is laid, and thus immediately swells to be several times its original size.

But already danger besets the germ of life growing there. A gray fungus or mold may penetrate the envelope, sprout upon the yolk, and thus cut off the life of the little frog before it has well begun. But if fate is kind and conditions are favorable, the central yolk, at first a single cell, begins at once to grow, dividing into two cells, these into four, these into eight, and so on in the typical way.

Under favorable conditions, the tadpole hatches on the fourth day. At first it is a minute, flattened, yellowish object, with conspicuous branching filaments, its gills, at one end and a coarse, rudderlike appendage, the tail, at the other.

The little creature at this stage can barely wriggle away from its cast-off envelope, to squirm upward to the surface of the water, where it instinctively seeks the shelter of foliage and of the shallow water, for at this age it easily becomes the prey of small fish and other ever-hungry enemies.

**Development of Tadpole.**

In a few days, when its mouth parts have begun to develop, it nibbles the "scum" of green algae which forms a dense mat over every submerged stone or pebble in the stagnant pond.

The mouth of the tadpole is not at all like that of the adult frog. A sharply hooked beak, suggesting that of a parrot, but almost microscopic in size, adorns the front of the tadpole's head and is useful as a means of scraping and tearing at the minute water plants and animals which it takes for food.

At this stage tadpoles are scavengers, and fortunate are they to find the crumbs that fall from the rich man's table in the form of fragments of fish or other food left by larger and more careless banqueters in Nature's storehouse. This rich fare fattens the tadpole's body to ridiculous rotundity. His tiny, lidless eyes stare solemnly upward at the water surface, to which he must now rush every few moments for a lungful of air, as his gills are beginning to be absorbed and he has had since to depend largely on his two nostrils, equipped with valves to keep them closed and water-tight during his submarine excursioning, augmented by a spiraculum, or breathing pore, on the left side of his body.

His tail has developed to a thing of surprising strength and pliability, for on its power alone his safety depends in the increasingly bitter struggle to escape his countless enemies.

Before the tadpole is many weeks old a pair of budlike growths sprouts near the base of the tail, and shortly these elongate into a pair of hind legs equipped with five toes, which closely resemble those of the adult. At this stage a marvelous power of regeneration may take place, for if a toe or even a leg is nipped off, another one will grow in the place, an exact duplicate of the one lost. After metamorphosis is complete, this regenerative power ceases to function and a limb once lost is not regrown.

**Comes Out of the Water.**

Some days after the legs appear, the right arm comes out. Now the little tadpole stays near the top of the water nearly all the time and seems very uncomfortable, and no wonder. His left arm is developing just where the breathing pore is located. As soon as it bursts through, his troubles are lessened, for now he can hop out on the bank in true frog fashion and

breathe the air freely; for, as we have seen, his nostrils have been functioning for some time as air-breathing organs.

With the formation of his legs his head structure has likewise changed. The scraping black beak gave place to the wide mouth characteristic of the adult frog, the staring eyes acquired lids and nictitating membrane, a tympanum appeared, a definite color pattern showed on the skin, and some glandular cells arranged themselves in characteristic roughened areas all over the back.

Only the tail remains to tell of his former aquatic habits. Day by day it, too, is absorbed into the body, just as were the gills in the very early stages, until at last our little frog is completely metamorphosed and can go freely on shore with his brothers to catch flies among the plants bordering his ancestral pool.

It is now the end of July, and for the next two or three months his only occupation is eating and preventing himself from being eaten—enough to keep him busy and on the alert every instant.

At the approach of the sharp autumn weather he is about half an inch in length and half-grown. While he has no voice as yet, the mating call of his elders may occasionally be heard in the pool as late as September, for frogs are active over a long period of the year and the breeding season may be said to last from April to September, reaching a peak at several different times, as warm weather and heavy rainfall favor it.

At the onset of winter everything is silent, but with sleep, not death. Near the borders of the pond, buried under logs and stones in the mud, the little frogs have begun hibernation for the winter. A wise provision of nature slows down their life processes to suit them to this complete inactivity and apparent inanition.

**Many Species Are Known.**

While there are about two thousand species of tailless amphibians, we lack a corresponding number of common names for them. We must perforce call everything by the name of "frog" or "toad," although the several families grouped together as "toads," for instance, may be as different structurally and in habits from the true toad, as the lion is different from the camel, although both are mammals.

While most tailless amphibians deposit their eggs in water, with the tailed aquatic tadpole stage intervening between egg and adult, there is one tropical American genus, *Eleutherodactylus*, in which the young frog completes his metamorphosis entirely inside the egg-capsule, and when it is finally time for him to sally forth he comes out and hops away among the tree tops with no tail to impede him.

Other tropical frogs lay their eggs in the rain-filled axils of giant palm leaves perhaps a hundred feet high in the air. Here it is truly a case of rock-a-bye baby on the tree top to the little frog baby.

In his wind-rocked cradle of rain-water he may have strange bedfellows. Such a bromeliad reservoir from Jamaica yielded a young *Eleutherodactylus* and tadpoles belonging to two species of frogs, some small crabs, grasshoppers, arboreal cockroaches, a tarantula, and some earthworms, which live high in the air in the quart or two of soil and water which collects in the junctions of leaves with stem.

"Showers" of frogs and toads have been mentioned in the literature of very early times, and, while some of the tales are exaggerated, we know that showers of organic matter actually do occur when the entire contents of a pond are sucked up by a whirlwind and dropped perhaps miles away from their point of origin.

Peculiar superstitions exist about toads and frogs in many countries. Since most races of men observe closely only those creatures which are either directly useful to them or potentially injurious, the majority of the amphibians escaped anything resembling close and protracted study until relatively recent years. It was not until about two centuries ago that the facts of hibernation were definitely known to science. Before that time it was believed that frogs were procreated from the mud—an idea proposed by no less an observer than the illustrious Aristotle himself.

**Howe About:**

**Your Servants Handling Lawsuits Meanness**

By ED HOWE

**M**OST people, when they wish to give a man a present, give it to his wife. An incident in a recent divorce case in my neighborhood was that the wife took all the wedding presents, although certainly half of them were intended for the husband. I object to a lot of things, and receive little encouragement; but when I like a man, and have a present for him, I give it to him.

I was once making a journey on an ocean steamship, and an idle fellow estimated there were seven servants to wait on every passenger.

I have often wondered how many servants are necessary to supply the wants of the ordinary citizen.

To attend him when he is born and when he is buried; to teach him his letters, and later details of education; to bring him luxuries and necessities from near and distant place; to preach to him; to doctor him; to regulate his conduct at street crossings and at other dangerous places; to supply his clothing, food, fuel, and entertainment in love, literature, art, and beverages; to pump water for his bath; to build his house and keep it in repair, etc.

Probably the average man has two or three servants in his private employ, if we count the seconds, minutes, or hours thousands devote to him.

A farmer waits on himself a good deal. I saw a statement lately that there are thirty million persons in this country earning their living from the production of food supplies, as against fifty million earning their living from supplying the various wants of the farmers. So even every farmer has two servants to feed and pay, and fust with because they do not earn their money.

These servants we all have are Working Men so much heard about; particularly in connection with twelve million of them being out of jobs at present.

It is charged against writers that there are very few good ones. For nine hundred years, from the time when Augustine wrote his "City of God" until Dante wrote the "Divine Comedy," not a single writer appeared in Europe whom any person reads today or should read.

The fallow period was longer, so far as I am concerned. I have been a reader many years without seeing a copy of Augustine's "City of God," or hearing anyone mention it. So far as Dante's "Divine Comedy" is concerned, I know what it is about, and have tried to read it, and failed.

There is excuse for Shakespeare; he is an undoubted genius so one has neglected to appreciate. I have heard the commonest men quote him all my life, as he wrote about real things real men can understand and may benefit from, but millions of his imitators deserve the fire. The ancients burned worthless books; if the present winter is a hard one we might imitate them, and use our worthless books for heating and cooking instead of more useful corn.

I would not be meanly suspicious so frequently if my suspicions did not so frequently turn out well founded.

I am of the opinion that lawyers, judges and courthouses combined make up one of our greatest ills. Lawyers probably rank highest as the class producing our smartest average men, but they have built up a system that has become very burdensome, and in most cases unnecessarily so. The system is specially mischievous in that it encourages and cultivates our natural habit of quarreling.

Is there any remedy? I once found one. A man said I had damaged his adjoining lot with a building I was erecting. I thought he was unreasonable, and made this proposition to him: We would ask the judge of the district court during the noon hour to walk over the ground. I would present my side of the case in five minutes; my neighbor to do the same. He agreed, and the judge walked over the ground with us as proposed. The judge said that in his judgment there was no cause of action. We thanked him; and a case that might have cost thousands of dollars, much ill feeling and loss of time, was settled in five minutes.

The judge was a good man; he later became chief justice of the Supreme court of Kansas.

Every man is a fool, and very few know what to do about it.

The most prominent characteristic of men, women and children is meanness; I am sorry to admit it, but long experience has forced me to that conclusion. Still, our constant clamor that all should be good, nice, respectable, has had an influence; I know many mischievous persons to be so influenced by the talk against them that try to be mean in a nice way.

A man never has all he wants, but usually he may pick up enough to get along with.

Formerly the great effort of men and women was to attain wealth, distinction, education, gentility, usefulness; now it is to get notoriety in the newspapers.

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**CALL FOR ANALYSIS IN HUMAN EMOTION**

**Changelings, Environment and Heredity Mixed.**

Thirteen years ago, according to the Medical Journal and Record, male babies were born to Frau Donk and Frau Beuth in a German maternity home. When one of the infants was put in Frau Donk's arms the next morning she declared it was not her child. Frau Beuth accepted the child confided to her as her own. The midwife and the managers of the home were confident that they had not made an error in their assignment of youngsters, and eventually both mothers accepted the situation.

Frau Beuth, who had not questioned the original allotment of babies, attended a circus in 1930, and among the performers saw a boy bearing a remarkable resemblance to her husband and to her eldest son. Inquiries disclosed that this boy's name was Donk. The Beuths and the Donks held council, and Herr Beuth eventually appealed to the court for a judgment, declaring Willi Donk his son and the boy he had reared, to be the child of Herr and Frau Donk. The scientists were called; "expert evidence, finger prints, blood tests and the formation of jaws and teeth confirmed the suspicions of the parents that in all probability an actual exchange of the infants had occurred shortly after birth." So the youthful Beuth became a Donk and the youthful Donk a Beuth.

However, this did not end the matter. Each of the boys was happy in the family in which he had been reared. Neither desired to exchange places. Nor did any of the parents wish to give up the child to which he or she had become attached. The court will not order the boys to be exchanged. Notwithstanding the revolution in their legal status, for the time being they will live as they have lived, so far as physical environment is concerned. But there has been a psychological revolution a well as a legal revolution in the families. Can the new Beuth and the new Donk adjust themselves to acceptance of their accustomed relations with those whom they have regarded as their parents but who now turn out to be substitutes? Germany is rich in analysts of human emotion who are painstaking and persevering. Here is a matter to engage their curiosity as long as Donk (ex-Beuth) and Beuth (ex-Donk) survive.—New York Sun.

**City Council's "Huddle" Over Defunct Felines**

How much does it cost to kill a cat? The question created some controversy in Sandwich, Ont., when the Essex County Humane society recently executed eight strays and presented a bill of \$4 for the job to the town council.

The honorable aldermen drew pencils out of their pockets and reached for pads of paper. Heads were scratched and some really wonderful things were done with the multiplication tables with some equally wonderful results.

"It's easy," announced one city father. "Eight cats, \$4; one cat, 50 cents."

"It isn't so," replied another. "One cat has nine lives. That makes the job worth only \$0.5555555 ad infinitum per life. And they only had

to kill each cat once." He beamed at the improbability of his argument.

"Well," said a third member of the council, "suppose some of these cats didn't have nine lives left. Suppose one of them had already died once, another twice, another three times—"

The rest of the council looked at him in disgust, put away their pencils and unanimously voted to pay the \$4.

**Gone for Ever**

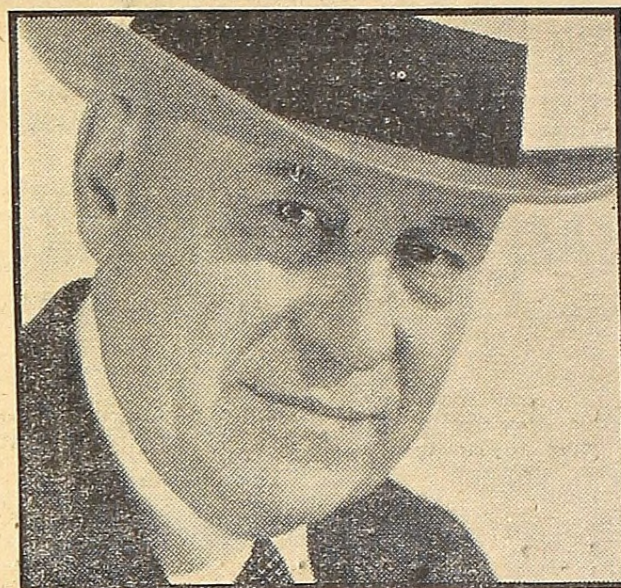
Jupiter himself cannot bring back lost opportunity.—Phaedrus.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 60 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels.—Adv.

**Must Be Encouraged**

One can't feel important, if he isn't treated as if he were.

**Stronger than He Was at Twenty**



**FIFTY-FIVE** years old, and still going strong!

Do you want the secret of such vitality? It isn't what you eat, or any tonic you take. It's something anyone can do—something you can start today and see results in a week! All you do is give your vital organs the right stimulant.

A famous doctor discovered the way to stimulate a sluggish system to new energy. It brings fresh vigor to every organ. Being a physician's prescription, it's quite harmless. Tell your druggist you want a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's syrup pepsin. Get the benefit of its fresh laxative herbs, active senna, and that pure pepsin. Get that lazy liver to work, those stagnant bowels into action. Get rid of waste matter that is slow

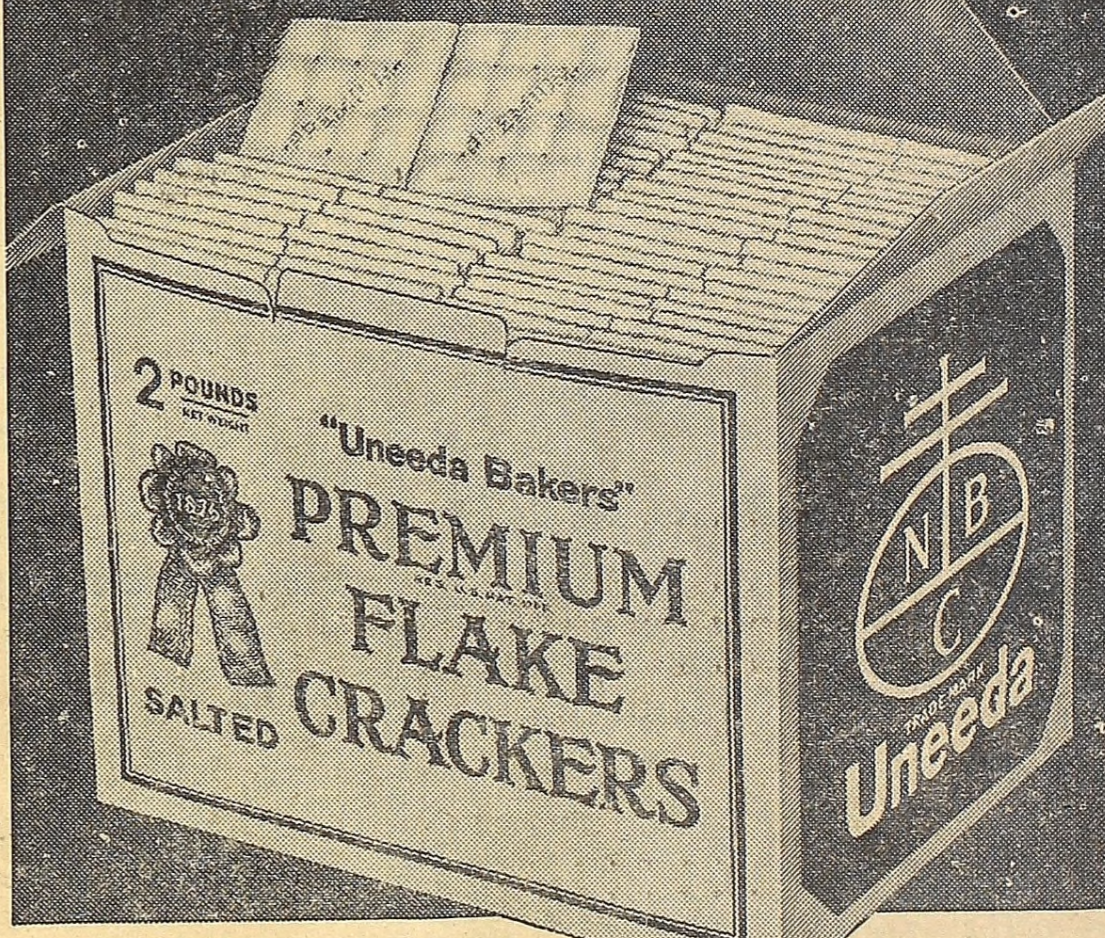
poison so long as it is permitted to remain in the system.

The new energy men and women feel before one bottle of Dr. Caldwell's syrup pepsin has been used up is proof of how much the system needs this help.

Get a bottle of this delicious syrup and let it end that constant worry about the condition of the bowels. Spare the children those bilious days that make them miserable. Save your household from the use of cathartics which lead to chronic constipation. And guard against auto-intoxication as you grow older.

Dr. Caldwell's syrup pepsin is such a well known preparation you can get it wherever drugs are sold and it isn't expensive.

**IT LEADS THEM ALL in quality and popularity!**



**IT IS** the uniform high quality of Premium Flake Crackers that has made them so popular—so famous—for so many years. They are the largest-selling crackers in the world! They're so good that... well, you'll want to buy them in the big 1-pound or 2-pound package to have enough for your family. And for the thrifty new dishes you can cook with them. You'll find some new recipes on the package and more inside. Time-and-money-savers; ideas that save work. Just another reason why Premium Flakes are so popular!

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

**COOK BOOK FREE**

Just out! The latest "Menu Magic" book of cracker cookery. It's brimming over with helpful ideas you won't find in other cook books. Your copy is free. Just send your name and address on a penny postcard to the National Biscuit Company, 449 West 14th St., New York.



**Uneeda Bakers**

**What SHE TOLD WORN-OUT HUSBAND**

**SHE** could have reproached him for his fits of temper—his "all in" complaints. But wisely she saw in his frequent colds, his "fagged out," "on edge" condition the very trouble she herself had whipped. Constipation! The very morning after taking **NR** (Nature's Remedy), as she advised, he felt like himself again—keenly alert, peppy, cheerful. **NR**—the safe, dependable, all-vegetable laxative and corrective—works gently, thoroughly, naturally. It stimulates the eliminative tract to complete, regular functioning. Non-habit forming. Try a box. 25c—at druggists.

**NR TO-NIGHT TOMORROW ALRIGHT**

**"TUMS"** Quick relief for acid indigestion, heartburn. Only 10c.

**Children Need Cuticura**

To keep skin and scalp clean and healthy, and to lay the foundation for skin health in later life. The Soap protects as well as cleanses, the Ointment soothes and heals rashes, itches and irritations.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Proprietors: Potter Drug & Chemical Corporation, Malden, Mass.

**CATARRH**

Can Now Be Washed Away

Get a little nasal douche and an economical bottle of SINASIPTEC from your druggist and in a few minutes you can start to wash away every trace of matter caused by nasal catarrh. Keep using SINASIPTEC in warm water and soon all stiffness disappears, catarrh pressure is gone and your nose, head and throat feel marvelously clear. For this out. SINASIPTEC is pronounced Sina-sip-tek.

**Speaking of Real Opportunity!**

Here is your chance to own one or more lots in the largest city near the Boulder Dam in Arizona. Banks Airport Tracts at Kingman are being closed out for quick sale at \$25.00 per lot, cash; \$30.00 on time. Hurry before they are all gone! Free information without obligation.

Address Edward A. Rees, Box 234, Fontana, Cal.

**AT THE FIRST SNEEZE USE MISTOL**

**Fight COLDS 2 ways** AND PUT **Essence of Mistol ON YOUR HANDKERCHIEF AND PILLOW** IT'S NEW

**PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM**

Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling—Imparts Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair. 6c and \$1.00 at Druggists. **FLORESTON SHAMPOO**—Ideal for use in connection with Parker's Hair Balsam. Makes the hair soft and fluffy. 50 cents by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

**Backache bother you?**

A nagging backache, with bladder irregularities and a tired, nervous, depressed feeling may warn of some disordered kidney or bladder condition. Users everywhere rely on Doan's Pills. Praised for more than 50 years by grateful users the country over. Sold by all druggists.

**DOAN'S PILLS** A DIURETIC FOR THE KIDNEYS

**SORES AND LUMPS—My Specialty** Write for Free 140 Page Book Dr. Boyd Williams, Hudson, Wis.

John is going to graduate from college tomorrow and he will bring to us his diploma. I have decided to give him a test of character." So they walked into the other room and the old man laid on the table an apple, a bible, a quart of whiskey and a \$20 bill. He said, "Mother, when John comes home tomorrow, we will turn him loose in this room alone. If he takes that apple he is going to be a farmer. If he takes the bible he is going to be a minister. If he takes the whiskey he is going to be a drunkard. If he takes the money he is going to be an American business man." Well, the next day John came home and they turned him loose in the room, and he swaggered up to the table in strictly modern fashion; he ate the apple, put the bible in his coat, drank the quart of whiskey and walked off with the \$20 bill. And the old man said, "My God mother, he is going to be a politician."

This depression has taught us many things about politicians. First of all, it has taught the business man that not one politician in a dozen is big enough or broad enough or patriotic enough to place his country's welfare above his own petty job; and that the government right now is taking heavy toll from him in the form of taxes and expending millions of dollars in subsidizing industries in direct competition with his business.

Did you know that the government is now engaged in about 200 differ-

ent manufacturing enterprises in competition with tax payers, including the production of rope, furniture, electricity, harness, shoes, ice, paint, brushes, timber, steel, gas, radio equipment, hospital supplies and amomizers and is also engaged in shipping, baking, banking and hotel business, to say nothing of its dealing in cotton, grain and other agricultural products that you men know more about than I do.

Here we have the government engaged in business against its own people, and making the people pay its losses. We could compete against the government all right alone because they are very inefficient. But you cannot compete against the government plus taxes.

Since its inception, our country has been dedicated to the principle of private initiative, but the modern politician is making it harder every day for the plain citizen to make a living. One of our greatest economic problems was, and is for a long time to come will be to get the government out of business of every kind and back on the job of securing the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity.

Business is ready to go ahead right now, says Mr. Short in conclusion, if the government would only decrease taxes and get out of the way.

**REGISTRATION NOTICE**  
For all elections held April 3, 1933. To the qualified electors of the city of Tawas City, State of Michigan.

Notice is hereby given that in conformity with the "Michigan Election Law," I, the undersigned City Clerk will, upon any day except Sunday and a legal holiday, the day of any regular or special election or primary election, receive for registration the name of any legal voter in said city not already registered who may apply to me personally for such registration. Provided, however, that I can receive no names for registration during the time intervening between the second Saturday before any regular, special, or official primary election and the day of such election.

The last day for General Registration does not apply to persons who vote under the Absent Voters' Law. Notice is hereby given that I will be at my office

**TUESDAY, MARCH 14, 1933**  
The 20th day preceding said election from 8 o'clock a. m. until 8 o'clock p. m. on said day for the purpose of reviewing the registration and registering such of the qualified electors in said city as shall properly apply therefor.

Notice is hereby further given to the qualified electors of this city that I, the undersigned clerk of said city will register qualified electors who may apply at my office on any business day in the year up to and including

**Saturday, March 25, 1933**—Last day for general registration by personal application for said election.

The name of no person but an actual resident of the precinct at the time of registration, and entitled under the constitution, if remaining such resident, to vote at the next election shall be entered in the registration book.

**Registration by Affidavit**  
Sec. 10—Registering of electors—Any absent voter, as defined in this act, whose name is not registered and who shall claim the right to vote by absent voter's ballot at any election or primary election, may at the time of making application for absent voter's ballot, present to the city clerk an affidavit for registration which shall be in substantially the following form:

**Affidavit for Registration**  
State of Michigan, County of \_\_\_\_\_

I, \_\_\_\_\_ being duly sworn depose and say that I am a citizen and duly qualified elector of the \_\_\_\_\_ Ward of the city of \_\_\_\_\_ in the county of \_\_\_\_\_ and state of Michigan; that my postoffice address is, No. \_\_\_\_\_ Street, \_\_\_\_\_ or R. F. D. No. \_\_\_\_\_ P. O. \_\_\_\_\_; that I am not now registered as an elector therein and that I am voting by absent voter's ballot at the election or primary election to be held upon the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 1933, the application for which ballot accompanies this application; that I make this affidavit for the purpose of procuring my registration as an elector in accordance with the statute; that I make the following statements in compliance with the Michigan election law: Age, \_\_\_\_\_; birthplace, \_\_\_\_\_; date of naturalization, \_\_\_\_\_; I further swear or affirm that the answers given to the above questions concerning my qualifications as an elector are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Taken, subscribed and sworn to before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 1933. My commission expires \_\_\_\_\_, 1933. \_\_\_\_\_ Notary Public in and for said county, state of Michigan.

Upon receipt of such affidavit in the time specified herein, the clerk shall write in the registration book the name of the applicant together with the other information required by this chapter and such applicant shall thereupon be deemed to be duly and properly registered.

**Registration of Absentee by Oath**  
If any person whose name is not registered shall offer and claim the right to vote at any election, or primary election, and shall under oath state that he or she is a resident of such precinct and has resided in the city 20 days next preceding such election, designating particularly the place of his or her residence and that he or she possesses the other qualifications of an elector under the constitution; and that, owing to the sickness or bodily infirmity of himself or herself, or some member of his or her family or owing to his or her absence from the city on public business or his or her own business, and without intent to avoid or delay his or her registration, he or she was unable to make application for registration on the last day provided by law for the registering of electors preceding such election, then the name of such person shall be registered, and he or she shall then be permitted to vote at such election. If such applicant shall in said matter wilfully make any false statement, he or she shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and upon conviction, be subject to the pains and penalties thereof.

Provided, that any city may provide by its charter or by resolution approved by a majority of the members of its legislative body for the registration of such sick and absent voters on the last Saturday preceding any election or primary election at the places of voting in the several voting districts of said city, instead of on election or primary election day.

**Provision in Case of Removal to another Precinct.**  
Any registered and qualified voter who has removed from one election precinct of the city to another election precinct of the city shall have the right, on any day previous to election day, on application to the city clerk, to have his or her name transferred from the registration book of the precinct from which he or she has removed to the registration book of the precinct of which he or she then resides. Such elector shall have the right to have such transfer made on election day, or primary election day, by obtaining from the board of inspectors of election of the precinct from which he or she has removed a certificate of transfer, and presenting the said certificate to the board of election inspectors of the precinct in which he or she then resides.

W. C. Davison, City Clerk

SAVASOLE—A plastic rubber composition for soles shoes, harness, galloes and for use on anything made of cloth, rubber or leather. For sale at Tawas Electric Shoe shop.

**WATCH & JEWELRY REPAIRING.**  
D. & M. Watch Inspector  
**BASIL C. QUICK**  
EAST TAWAS

# Don't Hesitate

It may be a small item you need . . . but regardless how small, it will be cheerfully supplied.

Our Phone Never Sleeps

**McDonald Pharmacy**

The Store of Friendly Service

Phone 26 Day or Night We Deliver

the eighth grade and Thelma Herinan, Grace Hill, Myrton Leslie, Marguerite McLean and Richard Ziehl of the seventh grade had perfect spelling papers.

### Fifth and Sixth Grades

We entertained thirty-two guests at our February birthday party last Friday afternoon. We presented a series of minute dramas depicting incidents in the lives of the five mer whose birthdays we were celebrating and prizes for guessing the incidents correctly went to Mrs. Cox and Mrs. Baguley.

Those who earned an A in spelling for the month of February are as follows: Margaret Davis, Allan Miller, Vernon Blust, June Brown, Ruth Clark, Charles Cecil, Betty Davis, Robert Fitzhugh, Norma Musolf, David Sims, Eugene Wegner and Ardith Westcott.

### Third and Fourth Grades

Lee Gregg, Roy DePotty, Marion Musolf, Marjorie Musolf, Richard Prescott and Robert Gibbons are on the sick list.

The third grade spelling contest closed last week. Billy Brown, Marie Ulman, Janette Koepke, Jack Bradley, Lee Gregg and Alton Hill, who were on Washington's side, won the contest.

Jack Bradley, Roy DePotty, Alton Hill, Warren Hughes and Leona Ziehl are the third grade people who were on the honor roll last month.

Irene Cunniff, Janet McLean, Marion Musolf, Marjorie Musolf, Mary Sims, Mable Ulman, and Harold Wegner are the fourth grade pupils on the honor roll.

Rhea Ulman, Peter Cunniff and Eva Ulman visited our room last Friday.

### Primary Room

Those on the honor roll for February are the following pupils: Ellen Bradley, Maxine DePotty, Lou Libka, Neil Libka, Genevieve Putnam, Norma Lou Westcott, Wayne White, Marian Clark, Esty Jane Ferguson, Betty Nelson, Ruth Giddings and Richard Sievert.

Jimmy Prescott returned to school Monday after a couple of weeks absence.

Gilbert Sievert visited in our room Wednesday afternoon.

The second grade are making spelling booklets in art. Vernon Hill has the most stars in the spelling contest.

### Power of Gases

Helium and hydrogen gases have the greatest lifting powers. Hydrogen is more powerful, although helium is the more satisfactory as it is non-inflammable and inert. Helium will lift 0.006 pounds per cubic foot under ordinary conditions, while hydrogen will lift 0.071 pounds per cubic foot.

### Sure Cure

One of the many letters to an Ohio hiecup patient suggested: "Your trouble is bound to end if you hold your breath long enough!"



Can we help you to be better Dressed?

Ask Little Boy Bright—HE'S RIGHT!

There is no question about it. Well kept, well cleaned, well pressed ed clothes not only look better but they wear longer. So you know that we can save money for you.

Suits cleaned and pressed . . . 75c  
Hats Cleaned and Blocked . . . 50c

**MERSCHEL**  
C.E. Merschel, Prop.  
EAST TAWAS  
PHONE 120  
**CLEANING DYEING**

# WE BUY SHINGLE BOLTS

If you need a new roof let us cut you some shingles.

CUSTOM SAWING

## C. E. Tanner

Tawas City

# We Have a Few Pieces of Trade-In Furniture

DRESSERS DAVENPORTS SEWING MACHINES BEDS ROCKING CHAIRS ETC.

## W. A. EVANS FURNITURE COMPANY

# FAMILY THEATRE

EAST TAWAS

Sound Satisfaction Reproduced on R. C. A. Photophone  
Shows at 7:30 and 9:00, Eastern Standard Time, Every Evening  
Sunday Matinee at 3:00  
FREE PARKING NEXT TO THEATRE

Sat.-Sun.-Mon.-  
MARCH 4-5-6  
MARCH ON AMERICA



Blazing days! Impassioned nights!

**RICHARD DIX ANN HARDING**  
Out of the thunderous hours they lived has come a great picture!

With EDNA MAY OLIVER GUY KIBBEE directed by WILLIAM WELLMAN David O. Selznick, executive producer

R K O RADIO Picture  
Shown with news, "Flip the Frog" cartoon and "Eisen Hook-ey" Our Gang comedy.

**COMING ATTRACTIONS**  
MARCH 12-13-14  
"Bring 'Em Back Alive"  
Greatest thrill picture of real animal life actually filmed in the jungle.  
MARCH 15-16-17  
We especially invite the ladies to see "Secret of Madam Blanch with Irene Dunn."  
MARCH 18-19-20  
Ann Harding in ANIMAL KINGDOM

---COMING SOON---  
"WHISTLING IN THE DARK"  
"CHILD OF MANHATTAN"  
"STATE FAIR"  
NOTE—In these times of depression, you need amusement—Our theatre is being kept open every evening—Come and see our good shows!

Tues.-Wed.-Thurs.  
MARCH 7-8-9

A glamorous new star team—making love—making merry—making you say it's Powell's biggest hit! See him as the world's smartest Councillor-at-Law! Women take him there troubles . . . and he gives 'em something to worry about.

**WILLIAM POWELL**  
"Lawyer Man"  
JOAN BLONDELL

Shown with news "Krazy Kat" and "Sport Champion"

Friday-Saturday  
MARCH 10-11

The comic strip sweetheart of millions . . . Big as life in a heart reaching drama for young and old!

Out of the comic strip! Onto the screen!  
**Little Boy Annie**  
MITZI GREEN  
MAY ROBSON  
RKO RADIO Picture

The more grown up you are, the more you'll love it! Annie and Mickey and Sandy, the dog—in a drama of laughter and tears!

Shown with special selected short subjects, news—"Pepper Pot," "Toy Parade" and dancing Dolls in "Technicolor."  
"SPORT THRILLS," Thrilling scenes of Wild West rodeo and Bicycle Racing.  
Don't miss this great show!

**STATE**  
TAWAS CITY  
Saturday-Sunday-Monday, March 4-5-6

Slim SUMMERVILLE and ZASU PITTS in  
**THEY JUST HAD to GET MARRIED**

the feature comedy that brings you the screen's Team of Teams in the picture you'll laugh about for months!

With Roland Young, Fifi D'Orsay, Verree Teasdale, C. Aubrey Smith, Henry Armetta, Cora Sue Collins. Screenplay by Gladys Lehman and H. M. Walker. From a play by Cyril Harcourt. Produced by Carl Laemmle, Jr. Directed by Edward Ludwig. Presented by Carl Laemmle. A UNIVERSAL PICTURE

**MICHIGAN BELL TELEPHONE CO.**

TELEPHONE SAVES HOME From Heavy Damage By Fire

A large Michigan home recently was saved from extensive fire damage because aid could be summoned instantly . . . by telephone. Following is an excerpt from the newspaper account of the fire:

"Will Keep His Telephone"

"Mr. T. \_\_\_\_\_ said that he had expected to take out his telephone as an economy measure, but this experience has settled the policy of his household, on this question, for all time. Without the use of the telephone, his damage would have been much greater. He complimented the telephone service and the work of the firemen."